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CLEARING HOUSE RETURNS.

The following table, made up by telegraph, etc., indicates that the total bank clearings of all the clearing houses of the United States for the week ending to-day, January 31, have been \$1,018,510,893, against \$1,051,598,419 last week and \$1,176,381,247 the corresponding week last year.

CLEARINGS.	Week Ending January 31.					
Returns by Telegraph.	1891.	1890.	Per Cent.			
New York	\$486,139,383	\$604,101,103	-19.5			
Boston	69,049,198	79,320,229	-129			
Philadelphia	49,654,835	56,942,937	-12.8			
Baltimore	11,636,355	12,097,411	-3.8			
Chicago	60,778,000	52,176,309	+16.5			
St. Louis	16,264,464	16,794,704	-3.2			
New Orleans	12,858,993	10,483,275	+22.6			
Seven cities, 5 days	\$706,381,228	\$831,915,968	-15:1			
Other cities, 5 days	130,816,949	115,116,397	+13.6			
Total all cities, 5 days	\$837,198,177	\$947,032,365	-11.6			
All cities, 1 day	181,312,716	229,348,882	-20.9			
Total all cities for week	\$1,018,510,893	\$1,176,381,247	-13.4			

The full details of clearings for the week covered by the above statement will be given next Saturday. We cannot, of course, furnish them to-day, bank clearings being made up by the various clearing houses at noon on Saturday, and hence in the above the last twenty-four hours of the week have to be in all cases estimated, as we go to press Friday night. Below are our usual detailed figures for the previous week, that is covering the returns for the period ending with Saturday noon January 24, with the comparative totals in 1890.

Concurrent with a considerable reduction in the volume of speculative transactions on the New York Stock Exchange there has been a heavy falling off in the bank clearings, the decline during the week under review exceeding one hundred and forty millions of dollars. At Boston also stock dealings

exhibit an important decrease from the previous week, and in

exhibit an important decrease from the previous week, and in consequence exchanges are appreciably less. Altogether the loss from the preceeding week reaches \$182,662,501.

Instituting comparison with the corresponding period of last year, we find that there is a decline of 5.8 per cent in the aggregate, the total outside of New York recording a gain of 0.7 per cent. The decrease at New York, however, is due to the lesser transactions this year at the Stock Exchange, for after making due allowance therefor in each year a slight gain this year is disclosed. Most prominent in percentage of increase this week are Portland, Ore., 65.8 per cent; Sioux City, 51.2; Los Angeles, 50.4; New Bedford, 49.9; Tacoma, 48.3; Peoria, 42.2; Chattanooga, 42.0, and Minneapolis, 40.9 per cent.

4	Week En	ding Januar	y 24.	Week End'9	Jan. 17
	1891.	1890.	P. Cent.	1891.	P. Cent
New York	621,779,419	689,551,612	-9.8	782,482,902	+74
	(894,539)	(1,339,531)	(-83 2)	(1,924,675)	(+61.3
(Cottonbales.)	(506.400)	(1,163,200)	(-56:5)	(479,200)	(-31.0)
(Stocksshares.) (Cottonbales.) (Grainbushels.) (Pstroleumbbls.)	(16,5%8,525) (1,376,000)	(1,839,581) (1,163,200) (27,457,925) (5,536,000)	(-39·9) (-75·1)	(479,200) (20,738,937) (596,000)	(-13·8 (-82·6
Boston	88,317,316	93,419,236	-5.5	103,371,918	10.0
Providence	5,450,600 1,869,082	5,830,600	-6.8 -6.8	6,479,400 2,596,452 1,482,529	+14.7
Hartford New Haven	1,435,000	2,037,670 1,335,228	+7.5	1.482.520	+83
Springfield	1,435,000 1,193,509	1,293,692	-6'8 +7'5 -7'7	1,420,158 1,237,589	-2.6
	1,189,623	1,145,559 1,087,674	+3.6	1,237,589	+10
Portland	877,833	702,709	+4.5	1,224,476 897,301	+28
New Bedford	532,477	702,709 855,726	+49.9	656,410	+37-2
Total New England	102,029,232	107,211,094	-4.8	119,806,231	+4.0
Philadelphia Pittsburg	66,917,973 13,902,312 13,719,175	76,075,556 16,067,900 14,140,110	-12.0 -13.5	73,043,152 12,843,532	-0.0 -151
Baltimore	13,719,175	14,140,110	-3.0	12,843,539 15,463,787 7,673,700	-0.1
Buffalo	7,479,748	6,229,527	+188	7,673,700	+28
Washington Wilmington, Del	7,479,748 1,577,235 923,782 857,068 1,327,208	6,229,527 1,325,318 901,142	+2.5	2,022,484 878,571 836,485	+441
Syracuse	857,088	762,963	+2.5	836,485	+111
Rochester*			•••••	1,349,812	
Total Middle	105,377,288	115,502,514	-8.8	112,781,711	-0.1
Chicago	76,131,693 12,790,650	62,685,792 12,355,900	+21.5 +3.5	79,657,908 14,192,650	+17:
Milwaukee	6 141 485			6,115,264 5,845,584	+111
Detroit	5,060,009 5,452,590 2,919,500	4,740,968	+10.0 +12.3 +13.3	5,384,916	+11
Columbus	2,919,500	2,599,100	+12.3	3.205.300	-61
Indianapolis	1.833,020	2,093,853	-12.4	2.132,675	-14· -53·
Peoria Grand Rapids	1,906,838 705,678	4,740,968 4,956,880 2,599,100 2,093,853 1,840,265 672,318	+42.2	2.132,675 1,966,2 7 8 1,204,799	+66.3
Total Middle Western	112,941,449	97,045,518	+16.4	119,155,374	+15*0
San Francisco	13,679,907	10,392,954	+81.6	17,095,597	+17
Portland	1,938,821 1,051,771	1,169,482 762,551	+37.8	2,003,468 1,024,063	+44
	946,150	638,416 464,393	-48.8	827,599 071,348	+23
Tacoma. Los Angeles Salt Lake City*	946,150 698,552 1,940,788	464,393	+50.4	2,012,987	+51
Total Pacific	18,315,201	13,427,798	+38.8	21,622,410	+20
Kansas City	7,531,854	8,575,878	-12.5	8,689,612	-2.
Minneapolis	5,445,529 8,900,338	3, 85, 819	+1.5	5,733,291 4,192,027	+80
St. Paul Omaha	9 214 998	4,055,714	-5.8	4,107,494	-01
Denver	4,047,874	3,855,735 4,055,714 4,776,289 1,816,735	-15 2 -1'4	4,167,494 3,953,657 1,752,008	-6
Duluth	1,791,087		+17:1	2,012,549	+16
St. Joseph		789,014 688,358 727,547 545,181	+17.1	998,156	+30
Des Moines	645,770 585,110 427,296	088,308	-6.5	851,813	+30
Wichita	427,296	545,181	-21.6	585,491 469,590	-17
Lincoln Topeka	389,984	306,678	+27-1	332,458	-7.8
Total Other Western	31,259,778	31,283,585		33,538,144	+81
St. Louis New Orleans	21,447,992	21,456,626	-0.04	23,764,849	‡7°
Louisville	16,168,076 6,965,557	17,642,038 8,409,993	-8.4 -17.2	18,918,391 8,023,162	
Louisville	9.668.131	3,532,233	+2.5	9,321,326 2,712,926 2,940,015	-10
Richmond	2,038,781 2,942,714	1.911.457	+6.6	2,712,926	+11*
Neghville	2.071.082	1,848,182	+092	2301.301	+14
Nashville Dallas	1,063,744 906,407	2,062,998 1,122,021	-2.5	1,487,626	-28
Dallas	906,407	1,528,667	-40-7	1,086,391 1,196,673	-28
Norfolk	1,024,713 534,000	934,799 376,000	+96 +420	516,000	+35*
ChattanoogaBirmingham	652,677 443,638	951,397	-31.4	654,805	-31.
Lexington Houston*	443,638 2,000,412	478,835	-7.3	654,805 587,798 1,748,564	-61
Total Southern	59,896,052	62,255,271	-3.8	65,459,308	+31
Double of Million					
Total all	1,051,598,419	1,116,277,392	-5.8	1,234,326,080	+61

* Not included in totals.

THE FINANCIAL REVIEW—CITY AND STATE SUPPLEMENT.

The Financial Review for 1891, a book of 270 pages, issued annually from the office of the Commercial & Financial Chronicle, will be ready on or before the 10th of February. This book contains a very complete summary of statistical matter and of articles of permanent value published in the Chronicle, and also has bound up with it a copy of the Investors' Supplement of latest date—that for January 31, 1891. The price of the Review is \$2, or to regular subscribers of the Chronicle \$150.

The Investors' Supplement was entirely re-set in new type prior to the November issue, but owing to the inferior press-work on that number it is quite possible that the great improvement may have escaped the observation of many of its readers. The press-work on the issue of this date is much better, and those who refer often to the pages of the Supplement will scarcely fail to appreciate the great advantage of having clear type.

The new CITY AND STATE SUPPLEMENT, soon to be issued from the Chronicle office, is in course of preparation, and will probably be ready in a few weeks. This publication will be quite distinct from the INVESTORS' SUPPLEMENT, not issued on the same dates, and it will aim to give a much more complete exhibit of city debts and finances than has ever before been presented to the public. It is premature as yet to point out the great need of such a Supplement to the Chronicle or the particular merits of the one in preparation; but we shall have more to say of it in the near future.

THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

There has been no perceptible effect on the money market caused by the sad death of Secretary Windom, nor is there likely to be. Had the same event occurred in December, when credit was so disturbed and loanable capital so scarce, it is more than probable that the consequences would have been very harmful. We have written in a subsequent column with regard to Mr. Windom's administration of the Treasury department, and the change in Treasury policy which may follow a new appointment. The present seems just the moment when a sound money advocate put in control of the finances of the Government would find a wide support throughout the country. A threat of free silver coinage frightened hosts of good people months back, and led them to accept almost any device for defeating such a measure. In the past state of public opinion that course may have been necessary. It is so no longer, for even some of the "Silver Senators" have had new light; free coinage they have found is not what they wanted, for it will not raise the price of bullion, but depress it. Keep that truth circulating; it is incontrovertible.

There seems to be no change in the flow of money towards this centre. It continues to come in large volume. So long as this is the case our money market cannot fail to develop an easier condition week by week unless the Treasury should go on accumulating surplus as it has done the last few days. But notwithstanding the banks have thus been losing currency largely, through Government operations, growing ease has been the daily report since Offerings on call are abundant from all quarters, and time loans are being pressed by large institutions, while the demand for them is not at all urgent and only moderately good. One feature is reported this week which shows the advantage borrowers now have, and also shows that it is not always the more profitable to ask the highest price one can get for money. During the stringency in November and

eign bankers, and a few banks who were in the call loan branch of the market, took advantage of borrowers and advanced the rates to high figures, while others were content to let loans stand from day to day at fair rates, and even made some time contracts. Now the latter are obtaining 6 per cent for their money while the former are soliciting contracts at the ruling low rates for time loans. It was reported on Thursday that all the Clearing House certificates (except \$40,000 which it is understood are held by the North River Bank and cannot be returned at present) had been retired. The maximum of these certificates, as we reported once before, was \$15,205,000, that figure being reached on December 13th.

Money on call, represented by bankers' balances, has this week loaned at 5 and at 1½ per cent, averaging 3, at which renewals have been made. The banks and trust companies have reduced their minimum rate now to 4 per cent. Time loans on good Stock Exchange collateral are freely offered at 4 per cent for sixty days, 41 for three to four months, and 41 @5 for five, six and seven months. The banks are not yet in the time loan branch of the market, as they are awaiting the subsidence of the demand for money with which to pay duties on goods in bond which must be withdrawn on or before February 1. But after that date it is expected that these institutions will compete with other lenders for time-loan contracts. There is a good inquiry for commercial paper of the first class, but an indifferent demand for lower grades of paper. The supply is fair and rates are 5 per cent for sixty to ninety day endorsed bills receivable; 5½@6 for four months commission house names, and 53@7 for good single names having from four to six months to run.

In London, also, money continues on the downward grade. The Bank of England minimum rate of discount was reduced again this week to 3 per cent, from 34 per cent to which it was lowered last week. This action of the Bank seems to have been necessary because money had dropped so low in the open market; some of the joint-stock banks had previously reduced their rates, while sixty to ninety day bank bills in London had also declined materially, being reported yesterday at 13@15per cent. At Paris the open market rate has advanced to 21 per cent, probably because of the return to the interior of the vast sums of money that were sent to Paris for the purpose of paying the first instalments on the new loan, which was so largely subscribed for that the allotments were but little more than 5 per cent. The open market rate at Berlin is 23 per cent and at Frankfort it is 3. The Bank of the Netherlands has recently made two reductions in the rate of discount, from 41 to 4 per cent and then to 31 per cent. The revolution in Chili seems to have had no other effect in London than to make the market still less active, especially for foreign securities. The Bank of England gained £317,000 bullion during the week. This, as we are advised by a special cable to us, was due to the import of £29,000 from Portugal, &c., the receipt from the interior of Great Britain of £661,000 and an export to Holland, Brazil, &c., of £373,000.

large institutions, while the demand for them is not at all urgent and only moderately good. One feature is reported this week which shows the advantage borrowers now have, and also shows that it is not always the more profitable to ask the highest price one can get for money. During the stringency in November and December, some of the trust companies and for-

made no change in the short rate, which has been kept at 488. Kidder, Peabody & Co. maintained 4851 for 60-day and 488 for sight until Thursday, when the former was moved up to 4 86. The Bank of British North America posted 4 85½ for long and 4 88 for short on Monday, and advanced the former to 4 86 on Tuesday, maintaining those rates for the remainder of the week. The Bank of Montreal moved up to 4 86 for long and 4881 for short on Monday, and thereafter made no change till yesterday, when it reduced both long and short half a cent to the old figures. Rates at the close of the week stood at 4 851@4 86 for 60-day and at 488 for sight. In a subsequent article we review the course of our foreign trade during the late calendar year, but give here, as a matter of record, our usual statement showing the imports and exports for each month.

POREIGN TRADE MOVEMENT OF THE UNITED STATES-(000s omitted.)

	ME	RCHANDI	SE.		GOLD.			SILVER	L.
Ten Mos.	Exports.	Imports.	Excess of Exports	Im- ports.	Ex- ports.	Excess of Imports.	Ex-	Im- ports.	Excess of Ex- ports
1890.	-	-	*					*	*
Jan	75,212	63,223	11,989	1,057	461	596	3,147	1,405	1,745
Feb	70,477	63,259	7,218	1,476	1,171	305	2,305	1,079	1,220
March	72,626	67,171	5,455	1,622	1,457	165	3,122	1,191	1,93
April	63,523	71,902	*8,379	478	1,052	+574	2,659	1,578	1,08
May	57,457	70.138	*12,681	281	289	+8	1,398	3,580	*2.18
June	53,111	75,435	*2:2,324	386	3,731	+3,345	976	1,850	*87
July	54,445	77,559	*23.114	1,188	11,860	+10.672	2,903	1,286	1,61
Aug	56,189	61,201	*5,012	1,723	2,136	+411	2,021	1,871	15
Sept	68,693	75,940	*7.247	1,425	282	1,143	2,277	2,398	*121
Oct	98,329	72,568	25,764	2,636	425	2,211	571	2,586	*2,01
Nov	89,122	64,213	24,910	1,926	567	1,359	2,085	1,598	48
Dec	98,440	60,714	37,726	6,033	632	5,401	2,835	1,883	95
Total	857,624	823.319	34,305	20,233	24,063	+3,830	26,299	22,300	3,99
1889.	827,106	770.522	56,584	12,005	50,934	+38,929	40,694	19,219	21,47
1888.	691,761	725,411	*33,650	10,961	34,526	+23,565	29,880	15,908	13.97
1887.	715,301	708,818	6,483	44,889	9,144	35,745	27,615	16,773	10.87
	713.404			41.309	41,283	26	27,056	17,223	9.83
	688,249			23.645	1 1.417	12.228	33.281	17.772	15,50

t Excess of exports. * Excess of imports.

Notwithstanding the fact that 1890 was a poor year for the anthracite coal trade, both the Delaware Lackawanna & Western and the Delaware & Hudson submit very favorable statements of operations for that year. The exhibit of the Lackawanna shows just about 10 per cent earned on the stock, while the Delaware & Hudson reports nearly 101 per cent (10.48) earned. The Lackawanna actually shows an increase in gross receipts of nearly 21 million dollars (after a loss in 1889, however, of 5 million dollars), and an increase in net of nearly \$600,000. In the case of the Delaware & Hudson the changes are very slight, but in the direction of improvement. We have, however, only to examine separately the item of "receipts from coal," to see how unfavorable the year was in that particular, these receipts being stated for 1890 as only \$7,800,206, against \$8,652,318 in 1889, and as much as \$10,622,067 in 1888. The receipts from railroad operations have steadily increased, and this has served to overcome the loss on coal.

It would appear that now even the coal business is beginning to show improvement. At least that is a fair inference from the returns for the month of December of both the Erie and the Philadelphia & Reading. Thus the Erie reports for the month a gain of \$189,-774 in gross earnings and a gain of \$87,329 in net earnings. The favorable result on this line is the more noteworthy in view of the loss in both gross and net earnings for the same month reported by the Pennsylvania, as shown below. The Reading of course is a distinctively coal road. Hence the increase recorded by it and by the Coal & Iron Company has special significance. For the Railroad the changes are only small,

\$34,149. For the Coal & Iron Company, however, gross receipts have been added to in the sum of no less than \$231,780, and even after quite a heavy augmentation in expenses the net for the month indicates an improvement as compared with the corresponding month in 1889 of \$38,352. When Mr. McLeod was elected to the Presidency of the Reading we had occasion to commend him for having among his first acts ordered a return to the practice of furnishing monthly returns of the business of the Coal & Iron Company, which during Mr. Corbin's incumbency of the office had been withheld. Mr. McLeod has now further added to the usefulness of the monthly statements, by incorporating other items tending to make the statements more comprehensive-items which have never previously been included in any form of return. In the new shape the statement gives for the Railroad company not only gross and net receipts from the operation of the road, but also the net receipts: from other sources, the expenditures for permanent improvements, and likewise the month's proportion of thefixed charges. For the Coal & Iron Company we havegross receipts, operating expenses, colliery improvements, expenditures for permanent improvements and fixed charges. In other words, the new statement furnishes very full information for the guidance of investors and the public, and in form is as good as that of any railroad company in the country.

The December return of the Pennsylvania Railroad, as already intimated, makes an unfavorable comparison with last year. On the lines east of Pittsburg and Erie there is a loss of \$189,945 in gross earnings, and of \$68,127 in net earnings, while the Western system shows a loss of \$67,308 in gross and of \$184,192 in net. Taking the Eastern and Western lines together, there is a decrease roughly of about a quarter of a million dollars in both gross and net. But it must not be forgotten that we are comparing with very heavy earnings in the year preceding. We have not the exact figures for 1889 on the Western lines (the method of reporting the results having been changed), though we know that there was very decided improvement. But the Eastern lines then showed no less than \$687,182 improvement in gross and \$468,392 increase in net. After this heavy gain, the decrease of \$189,945 in gross and \$68,127 in net in December, 1890, is evidently not very heavy. The following gives a comparison of gross and net earnings for a series of years, both for the month and the twelve months.

LINES EAST OF PITTSBURG.	1890.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886,	1885,
1 ecember.	*	8	8	*	8	8
Gross earnings	5,305,319	5,495,264	4,908,082	4,892,954	4,428,216	4,046,682
Operat'g expenses.	3,709,208	3,831,026	3,612,236	3,511,059	3,030,034	2,687,481
Net earnings	1,596,111	1,634,238	1,195,846	1,381,895	1,398,182	1,359,201
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31.						
Gross earnings						45,615,027
Operat's expenses.	44,980,554	41,096,805	39,331,153	37,086,585	32,619,588	29,478,758
Net earnings	21,221,706	20,417,640	18,840,925	18,584,728	17,759,482	16,135,269

A glance at the figures for the twelve months suffices to show what an extremely active year 1890 was. Gross: receipts increased, as compared with 1889, \$4,687,-815 and net \$804,066, and this covers merely the lines east of Pittsburg. On the Western lines the additions have been just as decided, reaching \$4,222,100 in gross and \$1,231,754 in net. The two together, therefore, show \$8,909,915 increase in gross and \$2,-035,820 increase in net. It will be observed from the above table that there have been uninterrupted gains in both gross and net, year by year, ever since 1885, the gross earnings having been enlarged \$31,169 and net increase of \$4,687,815 in gross for 1890 following \$3,- 182

342,367 increase in 1889, \$2,500,765 in 1888, \$5,292,-245 in 1887 and \$4,764,041 in 1886, so that the total of \$66,202,260 for 1890 compares with only \$45,615,027 in 1885, the increase in the five years thus having been nearly 50 per cent. One or two other of the Pennsylvania roads have also furnished their December returns this week. Among these the Northern Central shows \$16,766 loss in gross and \$10,407 loss in net for the month, and the Baltimore & Potomac \$4,896 increase in gross and \$22,721 increase in net.

The various other roads which have supplied returns of net this week, nearly all have favorable exhibits, though an exception must be made in the case of the granger roads, the St. Paul reporting \$91,481 increase in gross for December, but \$86,128 loss in net earnings. For the six months ending December 31, the St. Paul though \$405,121 ahead in gross receipts, is \$290,754 behind in the net. The Central of Georgia for December likewise reports a loss in both gross and net, but only slight. The Canadian Pacific, however, for the same month has \$238,401 increase in gross and \$35,617 in net, while the Mexican National reports net of \$99,-498 against \$86,978, and the Iowa Central net of \$43,872 against \$18,899. For November the Mexican Central has net of \$280,151, against \$250,680, and the Cleveland & Marietta \$8,738, against \$6,823.

We have also obtained this week the November statement of the East Tennessee Virginia & Georgia, and this deserves separate treatment. The return reveals the same characteristics as all previous exhibits-that is, with an improvement in the gross, there is a loss in the net. The November result by itself would not perhaps merit special notice, since there are other roads which have been distinguished in much the same way in recent months. But in the East Tennessee case the augmentation in expenses has been going on nearly all through the eleven months, and in the aggregate now reaches really striking proportions, by reason of which fact it attracts particular attention. The fiscal year of the company begins July 1; we have, however, made up the following statement for the calendar year, or period from January 1, in order to show more clearly the nature and extent of the changes which have occurred.

BAST	TENNESSEE	VIRGINIA &	GEORGIA.	
	1890.	1889.	Increase or Dec	rease.
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30. Gross earnings Operating expenses	\$ 6,799,667 {4,845,717 {(71.26 %)	\$ 5,775,531 3,443,518 (59·62 %)	Tma 1 400 100	P.Ct. 17·73 40·72
Wet Not comings	1 052 050	9 222 012	Dec 279.062	16.01

Thus with an increase in gross earnings for the eleven months of \$1,024,136, or 17.73 per cent, the net earnings have actually de-creased \$378,063, or 16.21 per cent, by reason of an increase of \$1,402,199 in expenses, or no less than 40.72 per cent. We have been informed in previous months that the heavy augmentation in expenses was in large part the result of outlays for improvements and betterments, and the above table makes it clear that that can be the only sufficient explanation of the result. For it will be observed that for the eleven months of 1890 the ratio of expenses to earnings stands at 71.26 per cent (and this without including taxes), while in the corresponding eleven months of 1889 the ratio was only 59.62 per cent.

The stock market, after showing considerable depression early in the week as the result of an attack by operators for a decline and the interruption of telegraphic communication by Saturday night's storm, has latterly developed a better tone and increasing strength, the currency plans perfected and carried out since he

with a rise in prices in quite a number of instances. The improvement has been due in great measure to the laying aside of the "Force" bill in the Senate, accompanied by reports that there was no likelihood of any silver legislation at the present session of Congress. Then there were other favoring influences in the declaration of a dividend on the 1st preferred stock of the New York Chicago & St. Louis, or Nickel Plate road, which came quite unexpectedly, and also in the generally favorable returns of earnings for the current weeks of January, the increase for the third week of the month, according to our regular table on another page, reaching 10.15 per cent. Then also the easy rates for money, both here and in Europe, are a help, besides which London has at times been a buyer of our securities. Northern Pacific stocks were a strong feature at the very beginning of the week; afterwards Missouri Pacific developed quite a rising tendency, and during the last two days Lake Shore and the Vanderbilts have been prominent in the same way. The granger stocks have shown considerable vulnerability, and Chicago Burlington & Quincy has been quite freely sold on rumors of a bad statement of earnings for December, accompanied by talk of a possibility of a reduction in the company's dividend rate.

The following statement, made up from returns collected by us, shows the week's receipts and shipments of currency and gold by the New York, banks.

Week Ending January 30, 1891.	Received by N.Y. Banks.	Shipped by N. Y. Ban's.	Net Interior Movement.
Currency	\$4,901,000	\$1,090,000	Gain.\$3,811,000
Gold	700,000	200,000	Gain. 500,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$3,601,000	\$1,290,000	Gain.\$4,311,000

With the Sub-Treasury operations the result is as

Week Ending January 30, 1891.	Into Banks.	Out of Banks.	Net Change in Bank Holdings.
Banks' interior movement, as above	\$5,601,000	\$1,290,000	Gaio.\$4,311,000
Sub-Treasury operations	13,800,000	17,400,000	Loss. 3,600,000
Total gold and legal tenders	\$19,401,000	\$18,690,000	Gain. \$711,000

The following table indicates the amount of bullion in the principal European banks this week, and at the corresponding date last year.

Banks of	Jan	nuary 29, 1	.891.	January 30, 1890.			
24,000 07	Gold.	Silver. Total.		Gold.	Silver.	Total.	
	£	£	£	£	£	£	
England	25,143,722		25,143,722	20,730,036		20,730,036	
France	45,306,000	49,718,000	95,024,000	50,037,000	49,745,000	99,782,000	
Germany	27,242,667	13,621,333	40,864,000	26,176,667	13,088,333	39,265,000	
AustHun'y.	5,420,000	16,569,000	21,989,000		16,226,000		
Netherlands	3,499,000	5,438,000	8,937,000	5,063,000	5,747,000	10,810,000	
Nat.Belgium	2,707,333	1,353,667	4,061,000	2,827,000	1,413,000	4,240,000	
Tot. this week							
Tot. prev. w'k	107,770,194	86,197,666	193,967,860	108,911,014	86,241,333	195,152,347	

THE LATE SECRETARY WINDOM.

The sudden death Thursday evening of Secretary Windom at the annual banquet of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation is without doubt a great public loss. We do not mean that another man as honest in purpose and useful in management as he has proved to be may not be found to fill his place. We do mean that he has administered his office well under circumstances more trying than many understand. Furthermore, business interests are so intimately connected with Treasury management that a change in its head suggests a change of policy and raises a serious uncertainty.

No one has a right to judge Secretary Windom's opinions or work wholly by his official utterances or by

took his office. He had laws given him to administer, with very little influence in changing them or framing new ones. A financial policy adopted by Congress in 1878 came as a legacy with the office. Not only that, but it was a legacy which had been growing more burdensome each succeeding year since that date. Secretary Manning had to struggle with it through a period of commercial depression, but succeeded by a temporary device in postponing a catastrophe which seemed at one time inevitable. What was then postponed, the issue of silver certificates and bank note retirement, which made a place for the certificates, has since held in abeyance. But in 1889 a new danger threatened. Congress had admitted three new States. The prospect of six additional "Silver Senators" in December and more new States and more "Silver Senators" soon after Congress came together, showed that the Senate could no longer be depended upon to obstruct and thwart aggressive silver legislation. So all through the summer of 1889 the activity of the silver agitation increased many-fold; meetings were held every where throughout the West and South, a free silver coinage bill being claimed as assured, and it certainly looked as if the passage of some such measure was inevitable.

It was in the summer of 1889 when these signs of a new silver crusade had become so ominous, that the writer of this received a visit at his office from Mr. Windom, accompanied by one of our leading bank officers. The Secretary came apparently not for suggestions but for criticisms. He at that time described somewhat as we have done the new peril to which the Department was exposed by the almost certain passage of a free silver coinage law at the then approaching session of Congress, and his purpose to avert such legislation if possible. He saw no hope in direct opposition, or in any method of treating the emergency, except through a device which might be accepted as a substitute. Furthermore, he felt that dollar coinage was a constant and daily increasing danger to be free from which would be worth the purchase. Finally, he unfolded the plan which he subsequently submitted to Congress, of stopping coinage and of purchasing silver bullion by the issue of certificates therefor at its market value. The Secretary was very open in saying that if it would avail anything he would advocate no measure except the unconditional repeal of the silver coinage law.

We only recite these facts to show that Mr. Windom was not in any manner free to develop a Treasury policy of his own; that he was shut in by law on one side and by what he conceived to be a necessity for action on the other. We may not agree with his plan, but we cannot help agreeing with his purpose. For his proposal was inspired by no object or motive other than a conscientious endeavor to lift the country out of the dilemma which he saw was impending in case of the passage of a free coinage bill, and which he felt could not be long averted in case the compulsory coinage of standard dollars was to be continued indefinitely. It is a gratifying fact, well in keeping with the Secretary's known views, that in his address last Thursday night he should have spoken on this very subject, presenting so earnestly and so forcibly the danger further silver legislation was to our currency. Had he lived he would have sought to defeat free coinage, not by compromise again but by direct opposition.

Turning to the future, there is one fact which we think has in it a new hope. We have passed the day of

large party in Congress has now waked up to this change in the situation. In view of it, would it not be wise in the selection of a new Secretary to bring forward one in full sympathy with these more advanced views?

THE CONSUMPTION OF SILVER.

We have received frequent requests to make up and publish a detailed statement of the world's consumption of silver. It has been on our mind to do so, and we have promised at times to carry out the purpose. Every attempt, however, has only convinced us of the necessary inaccuracy, and therefore wholly unsatisfactory character of such exhibits, and realizing that, we have been led to abandon the attempt. We do not mean that it is not possible and useful to show in a rough way where the silver supply of a past year has gone. That can be easily done. But when one attempts to assume for the figures the quality of exactness, and to use them for the purpose of making or indicating a true adjustment between the supply and its distribution, they become misleading and often mischievous.

Speaking in a general way and for a series of years. it may be said that consumption equals production, and that price accommodates itself to the demand so as to secure that end. If any confirmation of this statement were needed, we have it in the well-known fact that the left-over stock of silver has always been extremely small, and presumably about the same from year to year. Of course the recent speculation in the United States and the attempt to control price has for the time being disarranged this natural movement, and the result is an accumulation of silver bullion in New York. That situation, however, is only confirmatory of the principle which, as we have stated, always has controlled in the matter of distribution. It is, too, the situation which we indicated, months ago, must follow the passage of last year's silver bill. "Every form of "silver consumption not actually needful would decline "with the advance in the quotation" which speculation and the Government purchases must for a time cause -were the words we used on July 12th (page 35.) The event which this suggestion forecast, obvious enough then, is matter of history now, and we only refer to it to explain the reason for the left-over stock this year, and to show that the accumulations are exceptional, and do not weaken but confirm the statement that the average consumption has heretofore equaled production, and if price is left to regulate itself always will be so.

But why, it may be asked, cannot consumption be stated more exactly than in this general way? Why cannot the production be given on one side of the account, and the exports, imports, coinage and manufacture on the other, and thus a correct balance sheet be presented? We answer, for the simple reason that none of the figures which are used are more than approximately correct, and even that cannot be claimed for many of them. Perhaps the most reliable of the foregoing classes of exhibits are the Government records of international trade, and yet those records have never so far agreed as to command confidence. Take by way of illustration Great Britain's figures of gold and silver imports and exports from and to France, and compare them with the French figures of imports and exports from and to Great Britain, and it will be found that there is no correspondence between them. This fact silver substitutes for free coinage. Such methods may has been brought out very clearly by Dr. Soetbeer, in his have been needful a year ago. But we believe that a "Materials," respecting the movements of the prec-

ious metals-compilations which include the statistics with reference to the precious metals down to 1885. After giving the detailed figures of gold and silver imports and exports for both France and Great Britain from 1871 to 1884, he sums up the results by stating that according to the French records the movement of the precious metals during those years from Great Britain into France is nearly 157,000,000 marks greater than by the English records, while the movement from France to Great Britain appears to be 486,000,000 marks less; in other words, between the French figures and the English figures there is a discrepancy of nearly 20,000,000 marks a year in the movement from Great Britain to France, and of nearly 35,000,000 marks a year in the movement from France to Great Britain, or a total annual disagreement as to the net movement of about 55,000,000 marks.

After such a demonstration as this with regard to the trade figures of so important a country as France, it is scarcely necessary to repeat, that to follow the annual silver production in its distribution throughout the world is obviously impracticable. As to statements of coinage, they are made defective because the records kept of re-coinage and of coinage from old metal are very incomplete. Of even less worth are the hypothetical figures as to the quantities used in manufacture and the arts; they have in truth but little statistical value except the compilations for the United States made by the Director of our Mint, and with that single exception we would call all such figures of consumption very rough estimates indeed, and of no standing whatever in an inquiry that pretends to reach an exact conclusion Perhaps we ought to refer to a recent attempt at a "balance sheet for silver in 1889," which M. Ottomar Haupt, a correspondent of the London Economist, made the early part of this month. A reference to it is perhaps needful, since the writer expresses unqualified confidence in his conclusions, seeming to think the results he reaches are a perfect demonstration of predictions made by him some time previously. If this belief in the accuracy of the conclusion is well founded, of course the work we claim to be impossible has been easily

We are fully justified in saying that there is nothing in the compilation to support such a belief. One large item which is made to do duty-an item which as given is very nearly one-sixth of the whole supply-is that same old indeterminable quantity claimed to be used in manufacture and the arts. This correspondent states that on a former occasion he had "after careful " researches come to the conclusion that this consump-'tion must exceed 500,000 kilos. of fine silver per "year;" now he adds that he does "not hesitate a "moment to set it down for 1889 at as much as 600,000 "kilos." This last total was certainly a convenient estimate, it being the amount needed to balance the account. Dr. Soetbeer, a much more modest statistician, has threshed the same field several times during past years. His last work of that kind, the results of which we have seen, was done in 1885, and it is quite a noteworthy coincident that his figures were just 515,000 kilos., against this correspondent's first, but much more recent, result, which he says "exceeded "500,000 kilos." Dr. Soetbeer's 1885 estimates for silver may be worth reproducing here, as they were the product of an elaborate investigation, using whatever of fact he found it possible to gather, which facts, however, made, after all the ingenuity and labor bestowed in gathering them, but a meagre show.

Silver used in manufactures—	Gross used. kilograms.	Deduct old material. per cent.	Net consump tion. kilograms.
United States	135,000	15	115,000
Great Britain	90,000	20	72,000
France	100,000	25	75,000
Germany	110,000	25	82,000
Switzerland	32,000	25	24,000
Netherlands and Belgium	30,000	20	24,000
Austro-Hungary	40,000	20	32,000
Italy	25,000	25	19,000
Russia	40,000	20	32,000
Other civilized countries	50,000	20	40,000
Total	652,000		515,000

So far as the first estimates go these two authorities agree, only Dr. Soetbeer antedates his competitor in the same field several years. Dr. Soetbeer also presents his figures in a very cautious, modest way, well knowing how inexact such a conclusion must be. Furthermore, in speaking of his statement of gold consumption, the Doctor says that "half and perhaps more of the gold "used in the arts is obtained by melting coins." does not give any opinion on that point with regard to silver for the reason, we presume, that no further use of the silver figures is made in his subsequent compilations; and, perhaps, for the further reason that comparatively little coin would be melted while coin is valued so much higher in the countries where it is legal tender money than the current market price for bullion. But even a cursory review of the data from which Dr. Soetbeer's conscientious estimate is obtained will convince any one that it is of no considerable interest as a statistical fact, and of very little use except it may be as an adjustable item of variable size to square accounts after investigation in all other departments of the subject has been exhausted.

But in M. Ottomar Haupt's "balance sheet" all the details and conclusions partake of the same lack of care that marks the estimate with regard to manufacture, over which the writer did "not hesitate a moment." We notice, for instance, that he gives the United States coinage in 1889 at \$34,300,000, or 723,000 kilos.; accepting the dollars as correct, the kilos. would be 825,-100. The shipments of silver into India are stated at 109 million rupees. The correct gross imports of silver into India in 1889 were 116,134,934 rupees and the net were 101,140,079 rupees. For the world's silver production the writer accepts the Mint statement, which allots to South America, including Mexico, a production valued at \$79,371,957, equaling 1,909,812 kilos.; and yet there is nothing in this "balance sheet" which shows how a good part of this large product reached a market or how it went into consumption. The statements of the international trade for the countries of Europe and America fail to give any record of more than about half of the amount. Under such circumstances, in making a "balance sheet" unquestionably one has no right to assume that this important item is included in the coinage statement of any European State, or that it went to China or Japan, or any other outside country, except so far as there is proof that it did. The presumption, as the evidence stands, is that there is here quite a large quantity of silver which should be added to consumption in some form or else that it can be found somewhere as accumulated stock.

We have referred to this "balance sheet" by way of illustration, because loose statements of the consumption or distribution of silver lead to inaccurate statements of production, and also to erroneous ideas with regard to the effect of legislation on the price of silver, on current supply, and on consumption. What is needed with reference to the white metal is more of fact and less guessing. It would be a wonderful advance if

each country could be induced to keep as full a record as possible of coinage, showing as nearly as the business will permit how much of the coinage is re-coinage, how much his old metal, and from what sources or countries the new supply came. Material of that kind would be a very welcome contribution to the world's stock Hitherto-that is, during of knowledge. last ten years-the Director of the United States Mint has done more, and is to-day doing more, to secure exactness in statistics with regard to the precious metals than all other workers in that field, and we are surprised that the Government should give the Bureau such a trifling sum to carry on its work; and it is still more of a surprise that the Bureau has accomplished so much with so little.

GROWTH OF THE IRON INDUSTRY.

In his paper on "The Future Situs of the Principal Iron Production of the World," originally published in the Manufacturers' Record of Baltimore, and now reprinted in pamphlet form, Mr. Edward Atkinson gives expression to a feeling of some concern lest in view of the steadily-increasing requirements for iron the world may not be able at some period in the near future to supply the prospective demand for that prime requisite of modern civilization. It is not at all necessary to endorse the process of reasoning by which Mr. Atkinson reaches his conclusions, or to accept the conclusions themselves, in order to demonstrate that the iron industry is growing at a wonderful rate. In the United States certainly the marvellous development of this branch of trade has been one of the most interesting and suggestive features of the times, and we have frequently in these columns directed attention to the fact. New and later data, as received, only give further emphasis to the matter.

A few months ago in reviewing the statistics for the first half of 1890 we gave some striking comparisons to show how great the progress which was taking place had been in both consumption and production. This week the Iron & Steel Association of Philadelphia, through Mr. James M. Swank, has furnished statements of the country's production for the full calendar year, and these tend to confirm all that was previously said. Certain special circumstances operated to restrict the output of iron to some extent in the last half of the year. One of these was the great stringency in money, which culminated in the financial panic in November. Another was the strike of the Alabama coal miners in the closing month of the year. Notwithstanding these drawbacks, however, the make of pig iron in the last six months slightly exceeded that of the first six months, which had been nearly 700,000 tons in excess of the preceding six months and over a million tons in excess of the first half of 1889. There has in fact been a steady increase in the production in every half year but one since the beginning of 1885-that is, each six months has recorded an increase over the preceding six months with only one exceptionand this has been going on to such an extent that the production for either half-year in 1890 is materially heavier than the entire production for both half-years in 1885.

PRODUCTION OF PIG IRON IN HALF-YEARLY PERIODS. | Net tons. | 1885—1st Half. | 2,150,816 | 2d Half. | 2,379,053 | 1886—1st Half. | 2,954,209 | 2d Half. | 3,411,119 | 2d Half. | 1887—1st Half. | 3,415,210 | 2d Half. | 2d Half. | 3,771,996 | 2d Half. | 2d Hal

eter of the condition of general trade, and also as iron than Great Britain. As an industrial fact, it is

an index of the course of stock values, will find in the results for 1890 much to confirm their views. With production and consumption on the largest scale ever known, the iron industry reflects the same activity (only stronger in degree) noted in other departments of industry. But, as on the Stock Exchange, the course of prices was downwards. In fact, prices for the various grades of iron and steel declined almost uninterruptedly from the beginning to the end of the year. The average price of No. 1 anthracite foundry pig iron in Philadelphia for January, 1890, was \$19 90 per ton. For December the average was only \$18 00 per We may suppose that the large output of iron tended to reduce prices, and on the other hand it seems fair to assume that the low prices had the effect of stimulating consumption. Quotations of other grades of iron show the same declining tendency. Thus gray forge pig in Philadelphia averaged \$17 90 per ton in January and only \$15 00 in December. In Pittsburg gray forge dropped from \$18 00 to \$14 75, and Bessemer pig from \$23 60 to \$16 60. Steel rails at the mills in Pennsylvania fell from \$35 25 to \$28 50.

With a total production in 1890 of 10,307,028 net tons of 2,000 lbs. Mr. Swank estimates that the United States in that year produced 1,200,000 gross tons (which would be 1,344,000 net tons) more than Great Britain produced in the same year, so that we now take first rank as the largest iron-producing country in the world. The heaviest make of iron for any year in Great Britain's history was in 1882, when the out-turn was 9,617,081 net tons. As compared with that year, therefore, our product for 1890 shows an increase of 689,947 tons, and it is certainly a gratifying feature that we have reached a stage in our industrial development where we produce more iron than the country which has hitherto been the greatest iron-making nation. The circumstance is the more noteworthy since less than a decade ago such an event seemed hardly a possibility of the near future. In 1882, when Great Britain produced 9,617,081 tons, the United States produced only 5,178,122 tons, or about 4½ million tons less than the mother country. In the interval the United States has doubled its production, while the output of Great Britain has fallen off somewhat.

In the home consumption of iron and steel the United States of course has long out-ranked Great Britain. For we consume not only the whole of our domestic production, but import, besides, a great deal of iron and steel in various forms. Great Britain, on the other hand, exports a large proportion of her production in one shape or another. The per capita con; sumption of iron and steel here is also heavier than in the United Kingdom. It will reach for 1890 not far from 340 pounds per head. Away back in 1856 Mr. Abram S. Hewitt prepared a paper on the consumption and production of iron in the world, from which Mr. Atkinson, in the treatise above referred to, makes interesting extracts. In this paper Mr. Hewitt gave estimates of the consumption per head for each of the leading nations, and finding that on this basis England stood first, the United States second, Belgium third, &c., he was led to the conclusion that "the consump-"tion of iron was a social barometer by which to estimate "the relative height of civilization among nations." The conclusion doubtless accorded well with the facts at the time it was made, but applying it to the situation of to-day we should hardly be justified in claiming a Doubtless those who regard the iron trade as a barom- higher civilization simply because we consumed more important to know that our per capita consumption is heavier, but otherwise the matter has little significance.

As stated above, the United States now makes more iron in six months than it did only five years ago in twelve months. But even as compared with the year preceding, the increase in 1890 is large, being 1,790,949 tons, or over 21 per cent, and this follows an increase of 1,247,572 tons, or 17 per cent, in 1889 over 1888. In two years, therefore, there has been an addition of three million tons, or over 40 per cent. This result has been attained, too, at a time when there has been no special activity in the construction of new railroad mileage. In 1886 and 1887 the increase in production followed in large part as the result of the very heavy increase in new mileage built, more miles of road being added in 1887 than ever before in our history -nearly 13,000 miles. When there was a drop from this figure to about 7,000 miles in 1888, the fact was reflected in a nearly stationary production in that year as compared with the year preceding. The increase, however, of 3,038,521 tons in the two years since 1888 has, as said, occurred without any revival in railroad building, the increase of new road for 1890 being not much more than 6,000 miles. The following gives the production for each of the last six years, classified according to the kinds of fuel used. It will be observed that the iron made with anthacite coal alone as fuel is very small, and that the amount is decreasing rather than increasing. The iron made with anthracite and coke mixed, and that made with charcoal, shows moderate gain, but the bulk of the increase in production is in the iron made with bituminous coal. The make of the latter for 1890 is 7,154,725 tons, against only 2,675,635 tons in 1885.

PRODUCTION OF IRON ACCORDING TO FUEL USED.

Tons of 2,000 lrs.	1890.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.	1885.
Bituminous	7,154,725	5,951,425	4,743,980	4,270,635	3,806,174	2,675,635
Anthr'cite & coke mix'd	2,169,597	1,575,996	1,648,214	1,919,640	1,655,851	1,176,477
Anthracite alone	279,184	344,358	277,515	418,749	443,746	277,913
Charcoal	703,522	644,300	598,789	578,182	459,557	399,844
Total	10,307,028	8,516,079	7,268,507	7,187,206	6,365,328	4,529,869

It is important to bear in mind that the additional production in the late year did not entirely go into consumption. For there was an increase in the stocks in makers' hands during the year of over 400,000 tons, and these stocks now are rather larger than we have been accustomed to see them, amounting on December 31, 1890, to 681,992 tons, besides which the American Pig Iron Storage Warrant Company held 59,289 tons net. or 741,281 tons together. Imports of iron and steel in their various forms have also been less. In 1887 these imports aggregated nearly two million tons; in 1889 they were only 831,061 tons, and in 1890 probably not over 740,000 tons. Allowing for the changes in imports and in stocks, the actual amount consumed or used up each year is set out in the following table. The imports, it should be understood, cover not alone pig iron but all kinds of iron and steel, including tin plates, the idea being to embrace the full import movement of iron and steel of all forms.

Tons of 2,000 Pounds.	1890.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.	1885.
St'k of pig begin'g of yr. Production during year						
Total supply Stock end of year	10,624,973 *741,281	8,852,240 *317,945				
Consump'n of home pig Imp'ts of iron and steel		8,534,295 831,061	7,270,488 1,024,524			
Tot. consumpt'n, tons	10,623,692	9,365,356	8,295,012	9,099,015	7,759,529	5,354,252

^{*} Including 40,544 tons net held in the warrant yards of the American Pig Iron Storage Warrant Co. December 31, 1889, and 59,289 tons December 31, 1890.

In this way the increase is not quite as heavy as in the case of the production, and yet it is very striking, nevertheless, the consumption for 1890 being 10,623,692 tons, against 9,365,356 tons in 1889 and only 8,295,012 tons in 1888. The increase in 1889 was largely a recovery of the loss in 1888 resulting from the falling off in new railroad construction, but the 1890 increase represents an increase over the largest total ever made previously, and the consumption for 1890 is just about double that for 1885.

One other point of interest remains, and that is as to the part played by the Southern States in the enlarged output. Mr. Atkinson thinks that the centre of future production is to be in the vicinity of the Great Smoky Mountains in the heart of the Southern Appalachian chain. Below we give the production for each leading State for the last seven years.

PRODUCTION OF PIG IRON BY STATES.

Tons of 2,000 lbs.	1890.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.	1885.	1884.
S'th'n States:	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.	Tous	Tons.	Tons.
Alabama	914,940	791,425	449,492	292,762	283,859	227,438	189,664
Virginia	327,912	251,356	197,396	175,715	156,250	163,782	157,483
Tennessee	299,741	294,655	267,931	250,344	199,166	161,199	134,597
West Virginia	144,970	117,900	95,259	82,311	98,618	69,007	55,231
Kentucky	53,604	42,518	56,790	41,907	54,814	37,553	45,052
Georgia	32,687	27,559	39,397	40,947	46,490	32,924	42,655
Maryland	165,559	33,847	17,606	37,427	30,502	17,299	
Texas		4,544	6,587	4,383	3,250	1,843	
N'rth Carolina		2,898	2,400	3,640	2,200	1,790	
Total	1,953,459	1,586,702	1,132,858	929,436	875,179	712,835	657,599
Pennsylvania.	4,945,169	4,181,242	3,589,186	3,684,618	3,293,289	2,445,496	2.385,402
Ohio	1,389,170		1,103,818				
New York	369,381	207,247	257,180	298,572	233,618	160,157	
New Jersey			101,882	172,554	157,886		
Illinois			579,307	565,453	501,795	327,977	
Michigan							
Wisconsin	246,237	158,634	116,037	133,508	65,933	24,632	
Missouri	100,550		91,783	138,643	74,523	51,408	
All others	81,574						
Grand total.	10,307,028	8,516,079	7,268,507	7,187,206	6,365,328	4,529,869	4,589,613

From this we see that the Southern States are making steady progress towards higher totals, and yet all told they contributed less than two million tons in 1890 out of a total of 10½ million tons. Of the increase of three million tons the last two years, the Southern States have furnished 820,000 tons. Pennsylvania maintains its pre-eminent lead, with 4,945,169 tons, and Ohio stands second, with 1,389,170 tons; but Illinois has now for two years had to yield third place to Alabama, whose output for 1890 was 914,940 tons.

STATE OF OUR FOREIGN COMMERCE.

In the enlarged production and consumption of iron in the United States, as set out in the preceding article, we have one of the many evidences going to show how our internal trade is growing. The statement of merchandise imports and exports for the calendar year, issued this week by the Bureau of Statistics at Washington, furnishes corresponding data as respects our external trade, and makes it apparent that the foreign commerce of the country is revealing much the same characteristics—that is, the trade is assuming steadily-increasing proportions.

In the aggregate of merchandise exports and imports, the foreign commerce of 1890 has never been exceeded in any previous calendar year, the total reaching about 1,681 million dollars, which compares with 1,597 million dollars in 1889 and 1,417 million dollars in 1888. The total on the whole has been a rising one ever since 1885, when the aggregate of exports and imports amounted to only 1,276 million dollars. Prior to 1885 the total had for several years been declining, and if we go back to 1880 we find an aggregate within 95 million dollars of that for the late year. But 1880 was

[†] December imports estimated.

a year of extraordinarily heavy exports, and, besides, prices generally were then on a very high basis so that the conditions were not at all similar. In the actual volume of business done, the trade of 1890 must have been vastly greater than that of 1880.

The 1890 imports are the largest on record. The exports, for the reasons already stated, do not quite equal those of ten years before, in 1880, but the difference is not very great, the values for 1890 being 857 million dollars and for 1880 889 million dollars; with the exception of 1880 the 1890 total is the heaviest ever reached. In 1888 the value of the merchandise exports had got down to 691 millions, from which the recovery during the last two years has thus been very decided. In 1889 the improvement was about 136 million dollars, and this has been followed in 1890 by a further addition of about 30 million dollars.

The conditions during 1890 were quite propitious to a large export movement, and yet did not continue entirely favorable to the end. The excellent cereal crops raised in 1889 left large surpluses for export during 1890, and the export movement was greatly stimulated by the very low prices for grain which prevailed during the early months of the year. Under these circumstances the shipments reached extensive proportions. and in the case of some of the cereals-notably corn and oats-the outward movement at times surpassed all previous records. But in the latter part of the year all this was changed, under the poor yield of the season of 1890. With short crops of wheat, corn and oats, the exports of these various cereals fell off, and the result is that the comparison for the twelve months is not nearly as satisfactory as it was for the first six months. Still, the totals are in almost all cases heavier than those for the preceding calendar year. This applies to both values and quantities, and to the breadstuffs movement as a whole as well as to the several cereals by themselves, wheat, corn, oats, and flour all showing gains over the twelve months pre-Total breadstuffs exports for 1890 may be stated at about \$141,600,000 (counting in this a few minor items not incorporated in the preliminary statements furnished by the Bureau of Statistics), and this compares with \$129,665,167 for 1889 and with \$116,-662,663 for 1888. But while this shows improvement during the last two years, we have only to go back to the 161 millions total for 1887 or the 151 millions total for 1886 to see that the 1890 values are by no means large. The low prices which ruled part of the year will furnish one reason for the difference, and still another reason is found in the much larger wheat exports in the earlier years.

In the provisions shipments the case has been different. Here there was no falling off in the last half of the year, but rather a further increase, the closing month, December, making a strikingly good comparison with the corresponding period of the year preceding. The export values for 1890 aggregate about \$142,700,000, against \$123,307,283 in 1889 and but \$91,249,316 in 1888. The total is decidedly the largest of any recent year, and probably not far from the largest ever reached. In the figures given the shipments of dairy products are included, but not the shipments of live stock (cattle, hogs, &c.) In these latter there was an increase of about 71 million dollars in the twelve months of 1890 as compared with the twelve months of 1889, and this should be added to the 19½ millions increase in provisions and dairy products to get the total increase in meats, provisions, &c.

The cotton exports of 1890, it may be somewhat of a surprise to hear, did not come up to those of 1889 either in quantity or values. This seems rather strange in view of the very heavy crops raised the last two years, but is easily explained. For various reasons the movement of the 1888-9 crop was very small in the last four months of 1888, and this threw heavy exports into the early months of 1889. The result was that in the early months of 1890 there was a falling off from the exceptional totals of the year preceding. The loss might have been recovered during the closing months out of the 1890 crop, only that the monetary stringency intervened and retarded the movement to market. As it is, the exports for 1890 are about 5,030,000 bales, as against 5,411,788 bales in 1889, but as against only 4,627,144 bales in 1888. The value of the exports is about 2544 million dollars, against \$266,-649,345 in 1889 and \$225,122,111 in 1888. The exports of petroleum, crude and refined, were heavier in 1890 than in 1889, the total being 689 million gallons, against 676 millions; but the values are about a million dollars less. In the following we have brought together the figures for the last six years for each of the four leading staples.

	1890.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886.	1885.
	8	- 8	8	8	3	8
Cotton	254,250,000	266,649,345	225,122,111	215,974,267	215,851,961	184,432,187
Breadstuffs.	141,600,000	129,665,167	116,662,663	161,230,782	151,627,656	132,643,751
Prov'ns, &c.	142,700,000	123,307,283	91,249,316	93,760,932	91,471,221	99,879,386
Petr'lm, &c.	52,250,000	53,293,299	48,105,703	46,898,842	48,145,204	49,671,743
Total	590,800,000	572,915,094	481,139,793	517,864,828	508,598,042	466,627,067

Thus in these four staples the increase over 1889 is about 18 million dollars. If we add on the 7½ million dollars increase in animals, then we get 25½ million dollars gain. The increase in all merchandise exports was about 30½ million dollars, so that the greater part of the amount is accounted for. In addition, we may mention that there was an increase of over 3 million dollars in "iron and steel, and manufactures of," and also a very considerable increase in the exports of sugar and molasses, which had been a declining item for some years.

MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

	Exports.	Imports.	Excess.	Total Foreign Trade.
1	8	8	*	
1874*	569,873,098	569,156,334	Exp. 7,716,784	1,132,029,432
1875*	510,847,429	503,152,936	Exp. 7,694,486	1,014,000,358
1878*	590,664,629	427,317,165	Exp. 163,312,464	1,018,013,794
1877*	620,302,412	480,248,300	Exp. 140,056,112	1,100,548,712
1878"	737,092,073	431,812,183	Exp. 305,279,590	1,168,904,556
1879	765,159,825	513,602,798	Exp. 251,557,029	1,278,762,621
1880	899,683,422	696,807,176	Exp. 192,876,248	1,586,490,598
1881	833,549,127	870,209,440	Exp. 163,339,687	1,503,758,587
1882	767,981,946	752,843,507	Exp. 15,138,439	1,520,825,453
1883	795,209,316	687,068,216	Exp. 108,143,100	1,482,275,532
1884	749,386,428	629,261,860	Exp. 120,104,568	1,378,628,288
1885	688,249,798	587,868,673	Exp. 100,381,125	1,976,118,471
1888	713,404,021	683,429,189	Exp. 49,974,832	1,576,833,210
1887	715,301,044	708,818,478	Exp. 6,482,568	1,494,119,593
1888	691,761,050	725,411,371	Imp. 33,650,321	1,417,179,491
1889	827,106,347	770,521,985	Exp. 58,584,382	1,597,628,312
1890	857,623,677	823,318,782	Exp. 34,304,895	1,680,942,459

* Specie value.

As regards the imports, the enactment of the new tariff law and the preceding agitation of the question, which had extended over several months, may in part explain the further increase in 1890, but as a matter of fact the totals continued in excess of those for other years even after the new law went into effect—in November and December, for instance. Moreover, the imports have been steadily rising year by year ever since 1885, when the total was only \$587,868,673, against \$823,318,782 in 1890. If we look at the detailed statement (which has as yet been furnished only for the eleven months to November 30), in order to see what items are chiefly responsible for the aug-

mentation, we find quite a number both among the articles on the free list and those which are dutiable. Among the former there are coffee, chemicals, fruits, hides, rubber and tea, and among the dutiable articles there are also chemicals and fruits, besides woolen, flax, and cotton manufactures, leather, silk, jewelry, tobacco, wood, cement, wines, tin plates, &c.

It will be observed that the excess of merchandise exports over merchandise imports in 1890 was only 341 million dollars, against 561 million dollars in 1889. And yet in face of this smaller merchandise balance in our favor we exported only \$3,829,557 gold net in 1890, against \$38,928,828 net in 1889, and exported also only \$3,999,322 silver net against \$21,474,968. In other words, taking merchandise, gold and silver together the excess of exports over imports for the twelve months of 1890 is only \$42,133,774, against \$116,988,178 for the twelve months of 1889, a difference against 1890 of nearly 75 million dollars. Forty-four and a half million dollars of this difference occurred in the last six months. The sum owing by us to the outside world for interest, ocean freights, travelers' credits, etc., is generally estimated as at least 120 million dollars a year, and in addition Europe is supposed to have returned large amounts of our securities during the late year. As only 42 million dollars of the amount was paid in merchandise, gold and silver, evidently the debt has been settled in some other way, probably through further investments in industrial enterprises and other forms of property.

The matter serves to call attention again to our dependency upon, and inter-connection with, the rest of the world in a financial and industrial sense, and also emphasizes anew the need for doing nothing to impair confidence in the security of values by acts tending to change or discredit the unit of values. Who can measure the extent of the calamity that would befall us if, through fears aroused by silver legislation, Europe should undertake not only to sell the American securities she holds, but should also endeavor to realize on her other property interests here?

COTTON SUPPLY AND CONSUMPTION IN EUROPE.

Following our usual custom, we have obtained by cable to-day (Friday) all the results of interest contained in Mr. Ellison's "Annual Review of the Cotton Trade for the Year 1890." The circular was issued in Liverpool on Thursday, and besides covering the statistics of supply and consumption for the calendar year and the first quarter of the new crop season, gives very complete estimates of imports, consumption, &c., for the period from January 1 to September 30, 1891. The actual results for 1890 in bales of 400 lbs. are as follows.

SPINNERS' TAKINGS, CONSUMPTION AND STOCKS IN 1890.

In 400 lb. Bales.	Gt. Britain.	Continent.	Total.
Stocks January 1, 1890 Takings		179,000 4,481,000	372,000 8,633,000
Supply		4,660,000 4,381,000	9,005,000 8,522,000
Stocks January 1, 1891	204,000	279,000	483,000
Weekly consumption	79,634	84,250	163,884

The figures show that there has been a considerable expansion cotton manufacture during the year. It will be noticed that the total consumption of Great Britain has been 4,141,000 bales of the average weight of 400 lbs., and that the increase over 1889 is 316,000 bales. On the Continent the consumption has been

4,381,000 bales, which compared with the previous year records a gain of 260,000 bales. The surplus stocks at the mills at the close of the year were 111,000 bales, of 400 lbs., greater than at the end of 1889, and the visible supply shows an augmentation of about 200,000 bales of ordinary weights. To bring out clearly the relation the figures for 1890 bear to those for earlier years, we have prepared the following, which embraces the period from 1884 up to the present time.

Bales of 400 Lbs.	Spin'rs' Stock Jan. 1.	Takings.	Supply.	Con- sumption.	Spin'rs' Stock Dec. 31.	Weekly Con- sumpi'n
Gt. Britain.						
1890	193,000	4,152,000	4,345,000	4,141,000	204,000	79,634
1889				3,825,000		
1888	290,000	3,631,000	3,921,000	3,822,000	99,000	73,500
1887	190,000	3,817,900	4,007,000	3,717,000	290,000	71,481
1886	136,000	3,736,000	3,872,000	3,682,000	190,000	70,800
1885	247,000	3,236,000	3,483,000	3,347,000	136,000	64,365
1884	145,000	3,768,000	3,913,000	3,666,000	247,000	70,500
Continent.						
1890	179,000	4,481,000	4,660,000	4,381,000	279,000	84,250
1889	147,000	4,153,000	4,300,000	4,121,000	179,000	79,250
1888	473,000	3,522,000	3,995,000	3,848.000	147,000	74,000
1887	88,000	4,077,000	4,165,000	3,692,000	473,000	71,000
1886	251,000	3,341,000	3,592,000	3,504,000	88,000	67,385
1885	308,000	3,237,000	3,545,000	3,294,000	251,000	62,743
1884	368,000	3,281,000	3,649,000	3,341,000	308,000	64,250
All Europe.						
1890		8,633,000	9,005.000	8,522,000	483,000	163,884
1889				7,946,000		
1888				7,670,000		
1887				7,409,000		
1886	387,000	7,077,000	7,464,000	7,186,000	278,000	138,185
1885				6,641,000		
1834	513,000	7,049,000	7.562,000	7.007.000	555.000	134.750

Although the above comparison can be carried back for a much greater number of years, lack of space prevents it. In passing, however, we would state that in the past decade the consumption in Great Britain has been augmented only about 20% per cent, but that on the Continent the increase during the like period has been over 57 per cent; in other words, the difference in favor of Great Britain ten years ago was 652,000 bales, whereas now the Continent leads by 240,000 bales

The year's business on the whole has been very satisfactory, and this is particularly true in the spinning department. Our cable states that 90 mills in the Oldham district exhibit a profit for 1890 of £376,041, or £4,178 per mile, against £220,587 by 86 mills in 1889, or £2,565 per mill. Furthermore, at no time in the past seven years has spinning been so profitable as in 1890, as the following clearly shows.

1890 90	Conpanies	Profit,	£376,041Pe	er mill,	£4,178
1889 86		"	220,587	44	2,565
1888 85	64		250,932	66	2.952
1887 83	44	44	85,810	46	975
1886 90	44	Lass,	61,718	4.6	685
188587	66	66	2,730	66	31
1881 6)	44	Profit.	125,000	4.6	2,083

The exports of yarns and goods from Great Britain were heavier in 1890 than in the preceding year, and in fact exceeded the results for former years. The details by months and quarters for 1890 and 1889 were given in the Chronicle of January 24, page 176.

The takings by spinners for the three months of the season since October 1 are as follows:

October 1 to January 1.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.
For 1890. Takings by spinnersbales Average weight of bales.lbs Takings in pounds		1,051, 0 00 473 497,123, 0 00	2,067,000 476·4 984,803,000
For 1889. Takings by spinnersbales Average weight of bales.lbs. Takings in pounds		889,000 467 415,265,000	1,832,000 471 864,531,000

Britain has been 4,141,000 bales of the average weight of 400 lbs., and that the increase over 1889 is 316,000 deliveries in Europe is 476.4 pounds per bale to January bales. On the Continent the consumption has been 1 this season, against 471 pounds during the same time

a year ago. Our dispatch also gives the full movement for this and last year in bales of 400 pounds each.

Oct. 1 to Jan. 1.		1890.			1889.		
Bales of 400 lbs. each, 000s omitted.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	
Spinners' stock Oct 1.	76,	168,	244,	55,	181,	236,	
Takings in October	321,	205,	526,	283,	180,	463,	
Total supply	397,	373,	770,	338,	361,	699	
Consump. Oct., 4 wks.	336,	348,	684,	292,	320,	612	
Spinners' stock Nov. 1	61,	25,	86,	46,	41,	87,	
Takings in November.	389,	379,	768,	398,	340,	738,	
Total supply Consump. Nov., 4 wks.	450,	404,	854,	444,	381.	825	
	336,	348,	684,	308,	320,	628	
Spinners' stock Dec. 1	114,	56,	170,	136,	61,	197	
Takings in December.	510,	658,	1,168,		518,	960	
Total supply Consump. Dec., 5 wks.	624,	714,	1,338,	578,	579,	1,157	
	420,	435,	855,	385,	400,	785	
Spinners' stock Jan. 1	204.	279.	483.	193.	179.	372	

The comparison with last year is made more striking by bringing together the above totals and adding the average weekly consumption up to this time.

Oct. 1 to Jan. 1.	1890.			1889.		
Bales of 400 lbs. each. 000s omitted.	Great Britatn	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain	Conti- nent.	Total.
Spinners' stock Oct. 1. Takings to Dec. 1	76, 1,220,	168, 1,242,	244, 2,462,	55, 1,123,	181,	236. 2,161,
Supply Consumpti'n 13 weeks	1,296, 1,092,	1,410, 1,131,	2,706, 2,223,	1,178, 985,	1,219. 1,040,	2,397, 2,025,
Spinners' stock Jan. 1	204,	279,	483,	193,	179,	372,
Weekly Consumption, 00s omitted.						
In October	84,0	87,0	171,0	*76,0	80.0	156,0
In November	84,0	87,0	171,0	77,0	80,0	157.0
In December	84,0	87,0	171,0	77.0	80,0	157.0

* Average as given by Mr. Ellison; deduction mads from month's total on account of stoppage of spindles.

The foregoing shows that the weekly consumption is now 171,000 bales, of 400 pounds each, against 157,000 bales of like weights at the corresponding time last year. The total spinners' stocks in Great Britain and on the Continent have increased 313,000 bales during the month and are now 111,000 bales in excess of the same date last season.

In making up his estimates of supply and consumption (which we have received by cable in detail) Mr. Ellison bases his figures on an American crop of 8,000,000 bales. For the United States and Canada he allows 2,700,000 bales, or about 200,000 bales more than the consumption of 1889-90, leaving available for shipment to Europe 5,300,000 bales. From East India 1,560,000 bales are expected, and the probable import from Egypt is placed at 510,000 bales. The other Mediterranean supplies, it is believed, will reach 30,000 bales, and the imports from Brazil, the West Indies, &c., are estimated at 200,000 bales. Reduced to pounds the foregoing estimates are as follows:

IMPORTS INTO EUROPE 1890-91.

Lb.	Pounds
479	2,538,700,000
396	617,760,000
695	354.450,000
350	10,500,000
205	41,000,000
45834	3,562,410,000
	479 396 695 350 205

These estimates of imports are for the full season 1890-91. As the first three months of the season have passed, the actual imports for that period are obtainable, and by deducting them from the above the probable supply of new cotton for the remainder of the season is arrived at. This Mr. Ellison has done, and the question of supply and demand for the nine months of the year (January 1 to October 1) is elucidated in the subjoined statement, comparison being made with the actual results for 1890.

		Impe		
	Estimated	Actual	To be rec'd	Actual
	year	Oct. 1 to	Jan. 1 to	Jan. 1 to
,	1890-91.	Dec. 31, '90.	Oct. 1, '91.	Oct. 1, '90.
American	. 5,300,000	2,300,000	3,000,000	2,666,000
East Indian		140,000	1,420,000	1,763,000
Egyptian		215,000	295,000	236,000
Smyrna, &c			3 .000	25,000
Brazil, W. L., &c.			200,000	200,000
Total	7,600,000	2,655,000	4,945,000	4,890,000
In bales of 400 lb			5,627,000	5,430,000
Stock in Europea	n norte halo	g 400 lbg	1,603,000	1,456,000
Stock at mills, ba	les 400 lbs	3 400 1001	483,000	372,000
Total in bales	400 lbs		7.713,000	7.258,000
Consumption, 39	weeks (171,0	00 per week)	6,669,000	6,299,000
Stock at ports an	d mills Sent	30. 1891	1,014,000	959,000
Of which at the	mills		244,000	236,000
Leaving at the po	orts, bales of	400 lbs	800,000	723,000
In actual bales			780,000	709,000
		1 41 .		-4

The above estimate makes the combined stocks at ports and mills on September 30 heavier than in any year since 1887, when the total was 847,000 bales.

A NEW ASPECT OF THE HOME RULE Q DESTION.

It can hardly be said that the question of Home Rule for Ireland has latterly taken a shape to justify what might be called ardent hopes of an early solution. It has not, however, ceased to be interesting, and it certainly commands quite as much attention as ever it did.

Towards the close of the last session of Parliament the situation, looked at from a Home Rule standpoint, and from the point of view of Mr. Gladstone and his English and Scottish followers, did not seem discouraging. The Government had still a strong and controlling majority in the House of Commons. But the by-elections had for some time been gradually strengthening the minority and giving evidence, or what seemed evidence, that the general popular sentiment was less opposed to the Home Rule experiment than it had been. A general election was looked forward to as almost a certainty in the near future, and the Gladstonians and the Parnellites professed to believe that a general election would give them unitedly the control of the House of Commons, with a clear working majority.

Whether these calculations were just, and how far these expectations were well-founded, may safely be regarded as open questions. An opportunity was wanted to apply the proper tests; but the opportunity was not granted. The Parnell scandal, of which per se we have no desire to say anything, and the political complications and difficulties to which it immediately led, including the attitude assumed by Mr. Gladstone toward the Irish leader, and the split in the ranks of the Irish Home Rulers, put an entirely new aspect on the situation. The immediate result had all the appearance of disastrous defeat to the British Liberals and the Irish Nationalists, and of complete, though somewhat unexpected, victory to the Tories and Liberal Unionists. Mr. Parnell, such was the general feeling, had by his own hand destroyed the structure which he had reared at so much cost of time, labor and selfsacrifice.

This feeling remains; although it must be admitted it is somewhat qualified. It is difficult to see how, after the language which Parnell has used, Mr. Gladstone and he can ever be reconciled. It is equally difficult to understand how Gladstonian Liberals can ever forget the wrong which has been done their chief; and it may be some time before it will be possible for English and Scottish Liberals to manifest much enthusiasm in the cause of Ireland. All this admitted, it is at the same time undeniable that the prospect for the continuance of the Home Rule agitation is more

promising than it has been since the commencement of the present crisis.

The question which naturally presents itself in the circumstances is-is there any reasonable hope of success? It is now some eight or ten years since we became familiar with the words "Home Rule." It is nearly six years since Mr. Gladstone introduced his famous bill, with such disastrous results. During the interval the question has almost exclusively occupied the attention of the British House of Commons-so engaged the attention of that House as to block the wheels of Government. The Irish question has made no progress; and legislation on any other subject or in any other direction has been rendered all but impossible. Is there any likelihood that if legislation for Ireland is resumed it will be attended with any greater success or any happier results? In answering this question, one has to look at the subject from many different points of view. It is, we think, to be taken for granted that the demand for Home Rule is not dead. This Lord Hartington the other day very frankly and fully admitted. Even if defeat should attend Mr. Gladstone's efforts to the last, the question will be revived and the agitation will be headed by others.

It is also to be taken for granted that the agitation of this Irish question, until it is settled, will prove in the future, quite as much as it has in the past, a hindrance to Parliamentary business. Is it impossible that a British necessity should begin to harmonize with an Irish demand? It is notorious that business has already to a large extent been brought to a standstill in the British Parliament. Some years ago Mr. Gladstone when in power complained bitterly of the state of things which prevailed. It was not only that the affairs of the rest of the Empire were neglected for the sake of Ireland-it was that Irish members in order to advance their own schemes made a special business of obstruction. It was to lessen the evils of these obstructive tactics that the Prime Minister introduced and passed the famous Closure bill. The evils, however, are still sufficiently numerous. In recent numbers of the Nineteenth Century Review both Mr. Chamberlain and Mr. Jennings complain of the congested business of the House of Commons and of the obstructive methods which are so often resorted to-methods which add greatly to the difficulties of legislation. No parliament in the world is so laden with work-work, much of it, of a very peculiar kind.

The Empire is large and peculiarly constituted. On Parliament devolves the duty of caring not only for Great Britain and Ireland, but India, and the numerous other dependencies and colonies which are scattered over every sea, over every continent and in every clime. The work is enormous; but when obstruction comes in the way, as Mr. Chamberlain puts it, "a condition of "things is reached in which it is possible for any minority "absolutely to prevent the majority from passing any "legislation at all." During last session such legislation as was found possible was possible only through the forbearance of the opposition. In such a state of things it is certainly not inconceivable that the necessity of England may become Ireland's opportunity, and that, tired of a resistance which is as unprofitable as it seems to be endless, the British Government and people may-yield and make concessions to Ireland in the direction of Home Rule. Nay, is it not desirable they should yield, and make some concessions without further delay? .

Thus looked at, it will be seen that the settlement of the Home Rule question would be a gain to the British Parliament and generally to the whole British Empire. It is to be borne in mind, however, that whatever concessions may be made will be qualified by such restrictions as shall prevent even the appearance of lending any encouragement to the disintegration of the empire, and as shall make it impossible for the Catholic majority of the South and West to tyrannize over the Protestant North. It was the absence of such restrictions as these which proved the ruin of Mr. Gladstone's measure and of Mr. Gladstone's government in 1885. It is reasonable to conclude that he has modified his measure in the interval, but to what extent and in what direction beyond one or two points of detail we know not. He has kept his plans a secret for the avowed reason that the men now in power might take advantage of them, and not only anticipate his action but rob him of his rights. Mr. Chamberlain heads his article in the December number of the Nineteenth Century by the question, "Shall we Americanize Our Institutions?" The question has a much broader range of application than the writer gives it. It would have been in his line to refer to our State governments and legislatures and their relation to the Federal power at Washington, but he confines himself solely to a comparison of parliamentary methods. This is the more wonderful that the adoption of our State system would contribute at once and directly to the relief of which he is in quest, and even the more so that federation is now, and has for some years been, a live topic in the British Isles. Already, indeed, a step has been made in the American direction by the establishment of county councils. But what is wanted is parliamentary divisions with parliamentary institutions and powers.

Why then not Americanize Great Britain and Ireland to the extent of making several subdivisions of the island, and granting to these sub-divisions local . parliaments. This would be in harmony with a large amount of popular sentiment. It is not only Ireland that calls for Home Rule. The demand comes from Scotland and from Wales as well. Scotland might be pleased with the revival of her old Parliament in Edinburgh. It would meet all wants. A double or triple division might be made of England, care being taken to satisfy the Welsh. A triple division would be necessary for Ireland in consequence of the preponderance of the Catholic element. Ulster would form one division; and the remainder of Ireland could be divided into two parts. Ireland would thus have three Parliaments, Scotland one, and England two or three as the case might be. Of course the Imperial Parliament would remain as it is, probably with fewer members, and would exercise general control very much as our Congress does. One question would then be removed out of the disturbed arena of politics. This difficulty out of the way, Parliamentary business would be less congested. Legislators would have leisure, and legislation would become at once more intelligent and more efficient.

There are some who profess to be in possession of Mr. Gladstone's secret. According to such Mr. Gladstone's new scheme is broader and much more comprehensive than his old. We have not heard, however, that he has made up his mind to subdivide Ireland. It is long ago since Lord Beaconsfield conceived the idea of subdivision; and it is not improbable that if Mr. Gladstone fails to see the advantage which is thus offered, Lord Beaconfield's successor may find his opportunity of outdoing radicalism at its own work.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR DECEMBER.

The Bureau of Statistics has issued its detailed statement of the foreign commerce of the country for the month of December, 1890 and 1889, and for the six and twelve months ending December 31, 1890 and 1889, as follows:

MERCHANDISE.

	For the month of December.	For the 6 Months ended Dec. 31.	For the 12 Months ended Dec. 31.
1890.—Exports—Domestic	\$97,410,015	\$459,623,773	\$845,987,711
Foreign	1,029,845	5,593,715	11,635,966
TotalImports	\$98,439,860	\$465,217,488	\$857,623,677
	60,714,344	412,191,230	823,318,782
Excess of exports over imports Excess of imports over exports		\$53,026,258	\$34,304,895
1889.—Exports—Domestic	\$95,791,464	\$458,929,890	\$814,154,864
Foreign	1,109,876	6,492,605	12,951,483
TotalImports	\$96,901,340	\$465,422,495	\$827,106,347
	59,898,414	378,182,857	770,521,965
Excess of exports over imports Excess of imports over exports		\$87,239,638	\$56,584,382

GOLD AND SILVER-COIN AND BULLION.

	DI COIN AN		
1890.—Exports—Gold—Dom Foreign	\$617,400 14,954	\$15,531,661 370,557	\$20,654,928 3,408,114
Total	\$632,354	\$15,902,218	\$24,063,042
Silver—Dom Foreign.	\$1,163,171 1,672.267	\$8,060,038 4,633,022	\$16,098,057 10,201,250
Tetal	\$2,835,438	\$12,693,060	\$26,299,307
Total exports	\$3,467,792	\$28,595,278	\$50,362,349
Imports—Cold	\$6,033,013 1,882,859	\$14,932,698 11,622,269	\$20,233,4°5 22,299,985
Total	\$7,915,872	\$26,554,967	\$42,533,470
Excess of exports over imports		\$2,040,311	\$7,828,879
Excess of imports over exports	\$4,448,080		
1889.—Exports—Gold—Dom Foreign	\$283,608 29,317	\$8,280,365 933,302	\$45,303,497 5,629.963
Total	\$312,920	\$9,113,667	\$50,933,460
Silver—Dom Foreign	\$2,920,379 901,499	\$14,340,538 6,911,984	\$27,191,679 13,502,551
Total	\$3,821,878	\$21,252,522	\$40,694,230
Total exports	\$4,134,798	\$30,366,189	\$91,627,690
Imports—Gold	\$1,304,850 1,556,812	\$7,639,555 10,290,510	\$12,004,632 19,219,262
Total	\$2,861,668	\$17,930,065	\$31,223,894
Excess of exports over imports	\$1,273,130	\$12,436,124	\$60,403,796
Excess of imports over exports			

TOTAL MERCHANDISE AND COIN AND BULLION.

1890.—Exports—Domestic	\$99,190,586	\$483,215,472	\$882,740,696
Foreign	2,717,066	10,597,294	25,245,330
Total	\$101907652	\$493,812,766	\$907,946,026
Imports	68,630,216	438,746,197	865,852,252
Excess of exports over imports	\$33,277,436	\$55,066,569	\$42,133,774
Excess of imports over exports			
1889Exports-Domestic	\$98,995,446	\$481,550,793	\$886,650,040
Foreign	2,040,692	\$481,550,793 14,237,891	32,083,997
Total	\$101036138	\$495,789,684	\$918,734,037
Imports	62,760,082	396,112,922	801,745,859
Excess of exports over imports	\$38,276,056	\$99,675,762	\$116,988,178
Excess of imports over exports			

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS BY PRINCIPAL CUSTOMS DISTRICTS.

			IMPO	RTS.	EXP	PORTS.		
OUSTOMS DIS- TRICTS AND PORTS.	DECEMB	ER, 1890.		12 months ending December 31.		12 months ending December 31.		
	Imports.	Exports.	1890.	1889.	1890.	1889.		
	3	3	3					
Baltimore, Md. Bost. & Char-	1,442,673		15,339,812	15,409,234	72,174,320	68,091,889		
lest'wn, Mass	4,868,404	8,152,604	66,058,050	65,461,779	72,489,107	76,838,879		
BuffaloCk, N. V	349,526	29,320	5,744,669	6,113,234				
Champl'n, N.Y	225,910	230,780	3,782,302	3,703,410	1,847,622			
Charlest'n, S.C.	128,776	2,412,607	836,626			16,355,933		
Chicago, Ill	1,023,788		15,096,112	13,096,388				
Cincinnati, O.*	107,570		2,267,236	2,325,198		1		
Detroit, Mich.	198,548	386,321	2,915,800	8,012,544	5,422,988	7,227,085		
Duluth, Minn.	674	400	45,852	32,620	1,762,853	1,510,208		
Galvest'n, Tex	55,226	4,485,639	476,267	509,686	27,930,004	23,836,075		
Milw'kee, Wis.	70,314	*******	872,749	721,259	10,481	100,492		
Minn's'a, Minn	109,149	82,310	1,300,755	1.098,712				
Mobile, Ala	24,354	601,076	117,571	86,294	3,571,646	3,918,266		
New Orl'ns, La	1,304,964	16,817,888	15,683,994	14,742,374	104,182,327	101,328,370		
New York, N. Y	39,795,786	84,126,559	540,330,212	494,816,556	347,647,364	345,886,212		
Niagara, N.Y	261,986	+2,205		4,191,309	+48,993	+87,877		
Norf'k,&c., Va.	9,601				15,090,994	12,802,334		
Oregon, Oreg	1,141	116,314		296,202	757,389			
Oswega'ie, N. Y	159,847	96,408		1,728,430		1,994,250		
Oswego, N.Y	33,330	2,087	3,716,924	3,959,532	1,614,378	1,626,705		
Philadel'a, Pa.	4,223,655	2,352,884	56,057,011	50,996,802		31,488,256		
Portid, &c. Me.	74,205	210,759	681,797	787,514	2,288,583	3,533,859		
St. Louis, Mo.	405,575		3,590,792	2,971,495				
San Diego, Cal.	67,264	72,249	469,966	453,316	816,410	426,891		
San Fran., Cal.	3,460,053	3,794,760	45,594,125	51,287,306				
Savannah, Ga.	78,627	6,854,149	405,817	488,396	30,947,328	27,604.404		
Vermont, Vt	314,762	251,582	6,087,090	6,914,168	2,701,941	1,925,131		
Willamette,Or	48,513	521,437	1,048,891	1,086,082	3,408,878	3,683,847		
Wilmi'g'n, N.C	29,909	591,206	156,080	106,784	8,011,193	6,319,218		
Totals, (in- cluding all oth'r Dists.)	60,714,344	98,439,860	823,318,782	770.521.965	857.623.677	827,106,347		

Remaining in warehouse December 31, 1889. \$32,826,653 Remaining in warehouse December 31, 1890. 39,183.410 *Interior ports to which merchandise can be transported without

Monetary: Commercial English News

[From our own correspondent.]

LONDON, Saturday, January 17, 1891.

The value of money has fallen very sharply in London this week. Indeed there was some expectation that the directorsof the Bank of England would on Thursday lower their rate of discount. But they have not done so, although their reserve now exceeds 1634 millions sterling, and the coin and bullion exceeds 25 millions sterling. In the outside market the joint-stock and private banks have at times found it difficult to lend from day to day, even at one per cent. The rate of discount also has fallen to not much better than 1% per cent and the probability is that next week it will be even lower, for the amount of unemployed money in London at present is larger than it has been for a very long time past. The other deposits at the Bank of England, in which are included the bankers' balances, are almost 34 millions sterling, fully ten or eleven millions sterling above the average in ordinary times, Moreover, coin and notes are flowing back from the circulation in large amounts, very nearly a million sterling having returned during the week ended Wednesday evening. The reflux will continue till about the middle of March.

On the other hand, shipments of gold to Holland and Brazil have been going on during the week, and yesterday there was a shipment of £80,000 to Berlin. There is a demand springing up for Spain, and the withdrawals from the Bank of England for Berlin are likely to be large. Furthermore, the debt from the Bank of England to the Bank of France, three millions sterling, falls due on the 10th of next month. At the same time the Imperial Bank of Russia can take gold to the amount of 11/2 millions sterling, if it pleases. The likelihood seems to be, therefore, that large amounts of gold will be shipped from this country within the next month or two. Within a few weeks now the collection of the revenue ought to give the Bank of England control over the outside market. But as the Bank is paying the bills of Messrs. Baring Bros. as they fall due, what it pays out on account of those bills may largely counterbalance what it receives on account of the Government.

There is a good deal of uncertainty in the silver market here. The general impression is that some kind of bill will be passed by Congress, yet English operators are not disposed to speculate largely until they see what the House of Representatives will do. It is reported, however, that American operators have been buying a good deal this week, and they are also credited with large purchases of rupee paper and other silver securities. At all events there is no question that the speculation in rupee paper is large, and that this week it has been very active. There has likewise been a demand for silver for Spain. At one time on Thursday, therefore, the price rose to 4834, per ounce. But at the close it was no better than 4834, per ounce, at which it had stood for two or three days. Yesterday it fell to 484, per ounce.

There has been more activity this week in the market for American railroad securities than there has been for a long time past. Operators here have been more inclined to buy, and the sharp rise in New York has led to a very general expectation that a material recovery is beginning. The general public as yet is not doing much. It is, however, taking part in the movement more freely than it has done for months. At the fortnightly settlement, which began on Monday and ended on Wednesday evening, Stock Exchange borrowers were able to obtain all the loans they wanted at from 31/4 to 3½ per cent, that is from ½ to ¾ per cent less than the Bank rate. The carrying-over rates, also, within the Stock Exchange were light. On Monday morning the average rate on American railroad securities was 5 per cent, but as the day wore on it fell to 4 per cent, and even less. On British railway stocks rates were also very easy. Indeed, some stocks were so scarce that a rate had to be paid for postponing delivery. On Inter-Bourse stocks rates were also very low. The general evidence of the settlement is to the effect that the accounts open for the rise in all departments are exceptionally small. This naturally encouraged operators, and on Monday more particularly a very buoyant feeling prevailed on the Stock Exchange. International securities have been well supported from Paris. The French loan for nearly 35 millions sterling was covered 161/2 times. The success leads to the hope in Paris that the market will be well supported, and that investment and speculative business will both be very large;

^{&#}x27;Interior ports to which merchandise can be transported without appraisement, under act of June 10, 1880.

† Incomplete in the absence of law providing the means of collecting the statistics of exports to adjacent foreign territory by railroad cars and other land vehicles.

Preparations are being made there for continuing the conversion of Russian bonds.

Sir Edgar Vincent has arrived in Paris from Constantinople, it is believed, with the object of taking part in negotiations for the conversion of the Turkish loans secured upon the Egyptian tribute. For that purpose the London market will have to co-operate with Paris, and Sir Edgar is expected almost immediately in London. Here in London there are also preparations being made for the conversion of the Egyptian Domain loan. Several colonial loans are also coming out. On Thursday the Cape of Good Hope applied for a little over £1,100,000. In a day or two a Victorian loan for three millions sterling is expected. Canada is about to borrow, so is Quebec, and so are some other colonies. But though the issuing houses believe that we have so far recovered from the effects of the Baring collapse that they may resume operations, there is yet much distrust and discredit. Mr. Clark, one of our large railway contractors, who has been engaged in building several Argentine railways, has had to lay a statement of his affairs before his creditors. His liabilities amount to £400,000 and his assets are said to be a million. But then they consist of bonds of unfinished lines which he has been unable to sell and on which he cannot borrow. Other contractors in the Argentine Republic are believed to be in difficulties, and there are rumors respecting several houses in the timber trade as well as in the South American trade.

While the bank dividends, both metropolitan and provincial, are highly satisfactory, showing that the past half-year has been a very profitable one for bankers, the railway dividends vet announced confirm the expectation that the working expenses increased during the half-year more rapidly than the receipts. Of five dividends that have been announced three show decreases and only one an increase, the fifth being at the same rate as twelve months ago. The decreases are in some cases considerable.

The rates for money have been as follows:

	-	Rate.		O	pen Mar	ket Rate	8.		Intere	est all eposit	
Lind	lon	-32	I	Bank Bill	ls.	T	rade Bi	lls.		Disc'	t H'se.
		Ban	Three Months	Four Months	Six Months	Three Months	Four Months	Six Months	Joint Stock Banks.		7 to 14 Days.
Dec.	12	5	41/4@ -	414@ -	41/4@ -	416@5	41/2@5	416@5	31/6	31/4	316-316
66	19	5	4162 -	41/89 -	41/8@ -	414@5	414@5	41/4@5	31/6	31/4	514-314
44	24	6	416@ -	416@ -	41/8@ -	414@5	414@5	41,05	316	314	316-316
Jan.	2	5	334@ -	334@ -	334@ -	414@416	414@416	414@416	31/6	316	314-314
**	9	4	234@ -	2%@ -	2%@ -	314@4	314@4	314@4	21/6	2	214-214
9.6	16	4	2 @ -	21/4@ -	236@ -	3 @4	3 @4	3 @4	216	2	214-214

The Bank rate of discount and open market rates at the chief Continental cities now and for the previous three weeks have been as follows:

Rates of	January 16.		January 9.		January 2.		December 26.	
Interest at	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Rate.	Open Market	Bank Open Rate. Market		Bank Rate.	Open Market
Paris	3	11/6	3	3	3	3	3	3
Berlin	4	31/8	51/6	31/6	516	484	516	5
Hamburg	4	31/6	516	316	516	434	516	5
Frankfort	4	31/4	516	356	514	476	516	1.514
Amsterdam	416	41/4	416	416	436	416	436	414
Brussels	3	256	3	234	3	27/6	3	234
Madrid	4	4 nom.	4	4 nom.	4	4 nom.	4	4 nom.
Vienna	436	41/4	416	436	51/6	516	516	516
St. Petersburg.	536	41/4	516	414	516	414	514	416
Copenhager	4	4	416	416	416	416	416	416

The following return shows the position of the Bank of England, the Bank rate of discount, the price of consols, &c., compared with the last three years:

	Jan 14.	Jan. 15.	1889, Jan, 16.	1888 Jan. 18.
Circulation		24,145,405	23,845,010	23,826,290
Public deposits	3,754,260	5,383,485	5,357,811	5,091,164
Other deposits	33,948,839	24,780,045	26,004,389	23,107,095
Government securities	9,582,278	15,766,104	16,225,949	16,339,304
Other securities	29,531,712	21.863,252	20,192,115	19,285,841
Reserve		10,713,463	13,173,439	13,049,556
Coin and bullion	25,016,722	18,658,868	20,818,449	20,675,846
Prop. assets to liabilities.per ct.	44 5-16	351/4	41%	4236
Bank rateper ct.	4	6	4	3(Jan.19)
Consols	97 1-16	97 5-16	10016	102 11-16
Clearing-House returns	163,679,000	172,748,000	163,185,000	146.644.000

Messrs. Pixley & Abell write as follows:

Gold—Holland has taken some gold during the week, and as inquiries for India have been slack, nearly all arrivals have been absorbed for that quarter. The Bank has gained £43,000 and sold £18,000 for Holland and South America. Arrivals—From Australla, £239,000; Natal, £14,000. Shipments—To Bombay, 9th, £12,500. Silver—The market for silver became gradually better until the 13th, when 48%d. was reached. The price gave way the following day, there being but one buyer and the American news being most uncertain. To-day business has occurred at various rates between 48%d.

and 483d., but in the afternoon more was on offer than could be absorbed, despite the news of the passage of the Free Coinage bill by the United States Senate. Silver closed nominally at 483d. sellers. Arrivals—From New York, £140,000. Shipments To Bombay, on the 9th, £125,000.

Mexican Dollars—Mexican dollars have again become quiet, and have moved in sympathy with silver. Arrivals—From New York, £33,000. Shipments—To China and the Straits, £15,042.

The quotations for bullion are reported as follows:

GOLD. London Standard.	Jan. 15.	Jan. 8.	SILVER. London Standard.	Jan. 15.	Jan. 8.
Bar gold, fineoz.	8. d. 77 10	8. d. 77 9	Bar silveroz.	d. 48%	d. 481/4
Bar gold, contain'g 20 dwts. silveroz.	77 11	77 10	Bar silver, contain- ing 5 grs. goldoz.		4816
Span. doubloons.oz. S.Am.doubloons.oz.			Cake silveroz. Mexican dolsoz		51 15-16

The following shows the imports of cereal produce into the United Kingdom during the first nineteen weeks of the season compared with previous seasons:

	1890-91.	1889-90,	1888-89.	1887-88.
Wheat cwt.	23,818,623	22,297,287	25,142,917	19,005,100
Barley	10,573,841	7,656,991	9,325,259	7,595,462
Oats		5,436,520	6,805,711	6,640,563
Peas	737,455	671,404	823,302	1,366,420
Beans		1,384.228	1,039,695	912,498
Indian corn		11,021,468	8,581,271	8,688,151
Flour	5,433,497	6,546,902	5,988,357	7,056,953

Supplies available for consumption (exclusive of stocks on

September 1):			
1890-91.	1889-90.	1888-89.	1887-88.
Imports of wheat.cwt.23,818,623	22,297,287	25,142,917	19,005,100
Imports of flour 5,433,497	6,546,902	5,988,357	7,056,953
Sales of home-grown 15,242,993	19,882,944	13,666,791	16,272,558
Total44,495,113	48,727,133	44,798,065	42,334,611
1890-91.	1889-90.	1888-89.	1887-98.
English wheat, per qr			
Average price, week 32s. 8d.	30s. 1d.	30s. 2d.	31s. 4d.
Average price, season32s. 2d.	30s. 0d.	32s. 4d.	30s. 1d.

The following shows the quantities of wheat, flour and maize afloat to the United Kingdom:

	This week.	Last week.	1890.	1889.
Wheat	rs.1,597,000	1,551,000	1,842,500	2,204,500
Flour, equal to q		348,000	236,000	218,000
Maize		365,000	380,000	291,000

English Financial Markets-Per Cable.

The daily closing quotations for securities, &c., at London, are reported by cable as follows for the week ending Jan. 30:

London.	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
Bilver, per ozd	47918	4758	47%	4758	4719	4678
Consols, new, 234 per cts.		97316	97116	97316	974	9714
do for account		97318	97118	97318	9714	974
Fr'ch rents (in Paris) fr.				95.5219		95.50
U. S. 4128 of 1891		1054	1054		1054	1054
U. S. 4s of 1907	12210		12212		12219	12212
Canadian Pacific		7634	7758	x7558	7538	7514
Chic. Mil. & St. Paul		5314	54	5558	5478	5538
Illinois Central		101	10119	102	10114	10112
Lake Shore		10912	10912	11019	11012	11012
Louisville & Nashville		7718	7758	7638	7618	7638
Mexican Central 4s		7414	7434	7478	7514	7534
N. Y. Central & Hudson.		103	10312	1044	104	10412
N. Y. Lake Erie & West'n		1978	1978	2019	2014	2014
do 2d cons	10112	101	1014	10119	10112	10134
Norfolk & Western, pref.		5618	5638	5738	5678	5714
Northern Pacific, pref		7119	7119	7314	7314	7518
Pennsylvania		5318	3318	5318	5318	5318
Philadelphia & Reading.		1610	1612	1634	1612	1619
Union Pacific		4514	4414	4512	4434	4538
Wabash, pref		19	19	1912.	194	1912

Commercial and Miscellaneous News

NATIONAL BANKS.-The following national banks have recently been organized:

4.507-The First National Bank of La Junta, Col. Capital, \$50,000. T. M. Dickey, President; R. Phillips, Cashier.

4,508-The National Union Bank of Oshkosh, Wis. Capital, \$200,000. Daniel L. Libbey, President; Morris Jones, Cashier.

-The First National Bank of Lake Benton, Minn. Capital, \$50, 000. _____, President; John S. Tucker, Cashier. 4,510-The Northwestern National Bank of Sioux City, Ia. Capital,

\$100,000. Fred. T. Evans, President; Edwin M. Donaldson, Cashier.

4,511-The First National Bank of Odebolt, Ia. Capital, \$50,000. W. W. Field, President; W. F. Bay, Cashier.

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS FOR THE WEEK .- The imports of last week, compared with those of the preceding week, show a decrease in both dry goods and general merchandise. The total imports were \$10,088,862, against \$12,116,840 the preceding week and \$9,808,004 two weeks previous. exports for the week ended Jan. 27 amounted to \$6,043,744, against \$6,814,640 last week and \$6,642,483 two weeks previous. The following are the imports at New York for the week ending (for dry goods) Jan. 22 and for the week ending (for general merchandise) Jan. 23; also totals since the beginning of the first week in January.

FOREIGN IMPORTS AT NEW YORK.

For Week.	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.
Dry Goods Gen'l mer'dise.	\$3,191,842 5,017,267	\$2,580,498 4,989,654	\$3,157,023 5,867,283	\$2,927,938 7,160,924
Total	\$8,209,109	\$7,570,152	\$9,024,306	\$10,083,862
Dry Goods Gen'l mer'dise.	\$12,393,742 24,827,550	\$12,147,312 25,711,160	\$13,073,205 23,595,669	\$11,598,645 27,050,059
Total 4 weeks	\$37,221,292	\$37,858,472	\$36,668,874	\$38,648,704

In our report of the dry goods trade will be found the imports of dry goods for one week later.

The following is a statement of the exports (exclusive of specie) from the port of New York to foreign ports for the week ending Jan. 27 and from January 1 to date:

EXPORTS FROM NEW YORK FOR THE WEEK

	1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.
For the week Prev. reported.			\$6,243,554 19,345,958	\$6,043,744 20,065,570
Total 4 weeks	\$23,619,678	\$27,977,465	\$25,589,512	\$26,109,314

The following table shows the exports and imports of specie at the port of N.Y. for the week ending Jan. 24 and since Jan. 1. 1891, and for the corresponding periods in 1890 and 1889:

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS OF SPECIE AT NEW YORK.

Gold.	Exp	orts.	Imports.		
Gota.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Weck.	Since Jan. 1	
Great Britain France Germany West Indies Mexico South America. All other countries	\$5,000 170,521	\$28,019 217,336 1,975 217,471	\$8,640	\$194,660 411,665 3,084 14,402 67,827	
Total 1891 Total 1890 Total 1889	\$175,521 38,021 653,328 Exp	-	\$19,390 489,976 10,116	8 331,638 745,810	
Silver.		Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan.1.	
Great Britain France. Germany. West Indies. Mexico. South America All other countries.	\$287,800 26,000 8,714	\$898,800 188,000 18,363	12,385	\$21,298 93,075 3,709 18,337	
Total 1891 Total 1890 Total 1889	\$322,514 283,000 848,401	1,922,623	\$13,076 13,002 60,728	\$136,419 127,432 131,705	

Of the above imports for the week in 1891 \$19,390 were American gold coin and \$3,650 American silver coin. Of the exports during the same time, \$67,121 were American gold coin.

—The 43d annual report of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co. of Philadelphia, has been issued this week, and may be found in our advertising columns. The Penn Mutual has had a prosperous year and increased its net assets from \$14,298,379 to \$15,932,328. The new business for the year was 7,539 policies, insuring \$20,568,534. There was paid to policy-holders \$2,071,459.

—A selected list of securities suitable for investors is presented in our columns to-day by the well-known house of A. M. Kidder & Co. of this city.

N. Y. and Brooklyn Gas Securities-Brokers' Quotations.

GAS COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask.	GAS COMPANIES.	Bid.	Ask
Brooklyn Gas-Light	117	119	People's (Brooklyn) Williamsburg	90	92
Citizens' Gas-Light Bonds, 5s.		90	Williamsburg	127	
Bonds, 58	100		Bonds, 6s	108	
Consolidated Gas	196	37	Metropolican (Brooklyn)	103	106
Jersey City & Hoboken	170		Municipal-Bonds, 78		
Metropolitan-Bonds	110	115	Fulton Municipal	130	133
Mutual (N. Y.)	116	120	Bonds, 6s	100	105
Bonds, 68	100	102	Equitable	114	116
Nassan (Brooklyn)	133		Bonds, 68	105	108
Scrip	100	102	20200, 00	1200	1.00

United States Sub-Treasury.—The following table shows the receipts and payments at the Sub-Treasury in this city, as well as the balances in the same, for each day of the week.

	B			Balances.	
Date.	Receipts.	Payments.	Coin.	Coin Cert's.	Ourrency.
	\$	*	*	*	8
Jan. 24	3,581,941	4.333,587	151,001,015	5.749.061	6,541,494
" 26	2,584,199	2,011,535	150,968,400	6,341,895	6,732,921
" 27	2.883,525	2,612,415	151,171,690	5.861,225	6,529,775
" 28	3,672,467	1.991.574	151,273,083	7,105,969	6,864,531
" 29	3,302,062	2,610,416	151,338,573	7,829,244	6,767,431
., 30	3,211,102	3,441,429	151,427,604	7,405,172	6,872,121
Total	19,235,296	17,000,956			

—Messrs. Edward Sweet & Co. offer to investors, at 98½ and interest, Omaha Street Railway Company first consolidated mortgage 5 per cent gold bonds due 1914. The gross earnings of the company for the year 1890 were \$596,471—increase of \$175,869 over 1889. Net earnings \$196,011—increase \$60,421. Total annual interest charges amount to \$105,000.

—Messrs. Taintor & Holt offer to investors a limited amount of Denver City Cable Railway Company 6 per cent gold bonds at par and accrued interest. They recommend these bonds because they are a first and only mortgage upon one of the largest completed cable roads in the country, earning a surplus over fixed charges.

DIVIDENDS.

Name of Company.	Per Cent.	When Payable.	Books Closed. (Days inclusive.)			
Railroads.	1	Feb. 1	Jan. 21 to Feb. 3			
Flint & Pere Marquette pref	2		to			
N. Y. Chic. & St. Louis 1st pref	340		Feb. 3 to Feb. 2			
N. Y. Prov. & Boston (quar)	212		Jan. 31 to Feb. 10			
St. Paul & Northern Pac. (quar.).	110		to			
Sandusky Mansfield & Newark	312	Feb. 1	to			
Banks,		1				
Corn Exchange	6 3 3		Jan. 27 to Feb. 1			
Lincoln National	3		to			
N. Y. National Exchange	3	Feb. 1	to			
Fire Insurance.						
Alliance	3 4 5 6 5		to			
City	4		to			
Germania	5		to			
Peter Cooper	6		to			
Westchester	5	On dem.	to			
Miscellaneous.						
National Linseed Oil	\$1		to			
New England Teleph. & Teleg	14	Feb. 14	Feb. 1 to Feb. 14			

Government Purchases of Silver.—The Government purchases of silver up to January 23 are shown in the following statement. The total amount authorized by law for the month having been purchased at that date, there will be no further purchases till Monday, Feb. 2:

	Price paid.		
3,997,014	\$1.0413 @ \$1.07		
000 326,000	\$1.05% @ \$1.0552		
	@		
4,495,144	\$1.0412 @ \$1.07		
	ed. purchased 3,997,014 000 nil 326,000 nil 172,130		

the following week.

Coins.—The following are the current quotations in gold for

Auction Sales.—The following were recently sold at auction

by Messrs. Adrian H. Muller &	Son:
Share's	Shares.
60 Nat. Broadway Bank 276	120 Oriental Bank223
50 Mech. & Traders' Bank 195	Bonds.
25 Lack. Iron & Coal Co161	\$15,000 Newark City (N. J.)
130 Cent. Car Co. of Conn 106	5s, tax arrearage reg., '93,
5 Lawyers' Title Ins. Co16512	J. & J 10058 & int.
5 St. Nicholas Bank 1214	\$3,000 City of N. Y. 7s, cons.
8 4th Nat. Bank172	(dock) b'ds, 1904, M.&N. 141 4int.
27 Phenix Nat. Bank137	\$10,000 42d St. & Grand St.
12 Niagara Fire Ins. Co155	Ferry RR. 7s, 1893, A. & O.106
10 Lawyers' Title Ins. Co 163	\$3,000 Lake Hopatcong H'tel
25 Bank of N. Y., N. B. A 240	Co.1st, 6s, 1897; Jan., 1890,
50 H. B. Clatlin Co. com 10312	coupon on 69
125 Import's' & Traders' Nat.	\$500 Cin. Wash. & Balt. RR.
Bank555-557	1st ine. mort. bond serip 25
7 Warren RR14612	\$1,000 Jersey City 7s, water,
10 Title Guar. & Trust Co 176	1902, A. &O11678 & int.
25 N. Y. Nat. Ex. Bank140	\$1,000 Jersey City 7s, water,
20 U. S. Trust Co816	1902, J. & J
78 Central Nat. Bank130	\$6,000 Litch, Carrol. & West.
50 Liberty Ins. Co. (ex div.) 6012	RR., 1st 6s, g., 1916 85
100 Southern National Bank	\$5,000 Litch. Carrol. & West.
temporary certificate 90	RR., 6s, g., 1916 70
The following were sold by I	Messrs. R. V. Harnett & Co.:

Banking and Financial.

Spencer Trask & Co.,

BANKERS.

Nos. 16 and 18 Broad Street, New York City.
ALBANY N. Y. SARATOGA, N. Y. PROVIDENCE, R. I.:
TRANSACT A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.
All classes of Securities Bought and Sold on Commission. Special attention given to Investment. Securities. Direct wire to each office and to Philadelphia, Boston and Chicago.

The Bankers' Gazette.

For dividends, see previous page.

WALL STREET, FRIDAY, JANUARY 30, 1891-5 P. M.

The Money Market and Financial Situation.-The sudden death of Mr. Windom on Thursday night has thrown gloom over financial circles and put a check on business ani-

The general situation in Wall Street remains almost unchanged and the attitude is most decidedly a halting one, with all eyes turned toward Washington to await the outcome of the financial discussions. This week the chances of any silver legislation at the present session have grown materially less, but the markets cannot move with any confidence until the uncertainty is quite past.

In the meantime some of the Stock Exchange securities, on a moderate business, are separating themselves from day to day from the general market, and turning upwards or downwards according to their supposed merits. A few railroad stocks of prominence, whose roads are showing extraordinary earnings, advance; Manhattan, on the Rapid Transit bill, declines; other stocks also move according to special influences bearing upon their values. A dividend by Nickel-Plate came on the Street something like a clap of thunder from a clear sky, and the effect may be to make the holders of even the lowestpriced railroad stocks sanguine.

The Bank of England has again reduced its rate, now to 3 per cent, and the money outlook is very easy both at home and abroad. Those who clamor for silver and more circulating medium in the country overlook entirely the main facts of recent history. From Jan. 1, 1882, until August, 1890, a period of over eight years, when was there any severe or long-continued stringency in the money market or conclusive evidence of a lack of sufficient currency? Even the panic of May, 1884, developed no money crisis of anything more than temporary duration, and in 1887, with the construction in one year of 13,080 miles of new railroad, there was never any great scarcity of money. In 1889, with crops quite unprecedented in volume, money certainly became very close in the Fall months, but nothing to create alarm, and when in October the New York City banks showed a deficit in their reserve, it was the first time in over five years, or since the crisis of 1884. Now as to the past year, 1890, it must stand by itself, and the doctors of finance

money pressure, and suggesting their remedies. The open market rates for call loans during the week on stock and bond collaterals have ranged from 11/2 to 5 p. c., the average being 3 p. c. To-day rates on call were 2 to 4 p. c. Prime commercial paper is quoted at 51/2@61/2 p. c.

must pass upon its case separately, diagnosing the cause of its

The Bank of England weekly statement on Thursday showed a increase in specie of £317,000, and the percentage of reserve to liabilities was 45.56, against 43.91 last week; the discount rate was reduced to 3 per cent.

The Bank of France weekly statement shows a gain of 3,525,000 francs in gold and 750,000 francs in silver.

The New York Clearing House banks in their statement of Jan. 24 showed an increase in the reserve held of \$6,729,400 and a surplus over the required reserve of \$24,089,775, against \$18,183,825 the previous week.

The following table shows the changes from the previous week and a comparison with the two preceeding years in the averages of the New York Clearing House banks:

	1891. Jan. 24.	Differen'sfrom Prev. week.	1890. Jan. 25.	1889. Jan. 26.
	\$	\$	*	8
Capital	67,119,700		61,062,700	60,762,700
Surplus	65,375,800		57,710,500	52,402,600
Loans and disc'ts	385,557,200	Inc.2,112,400	400,283,700	392,821,900
Circulation	3,562,600	Inc. 4,000	3,515,000	4,734,000
Net deposits	405,471,300	Inc.7,293,800	423,977,400	424,324,800
Bpecie	90,162,000	Inc.4,396,900	89,622,600	
Legal tenders	35,295,600	Inc.2,332,500	31,403,400	87,545,800
Reserve held	125,457,600	Inc.6,729,400	121.026.000	126.096.000
Legal reserve	101,367,825	Inc.1,823,450	105,994,350	106.081,200
Surplus reserve .	24,089,775	Inc .4,905,950	15,031,650	20.014.800

Foreign Exchange.-The sterling exchange market has been dull and steady. Actual rates are: Bankers' sixty days' sterling, $484\frac{3}{4}$ @485; demand, $486\frac{3}{4}$ @487; cables, 487@ $487\frac{1}{2}$. Posted rates of leading bankers are as follows:

January 30.	Sixty Days.	Demand.	
Prime bankers' sterling bills on London Prime commercial	4 8512@4 86 4 83 @4 834	4 88	
Documentary commercial	4 824 04 823		
Amsterdam (guilders) Frankfort or Bremen (reichmarks)	4010 2 403	407.074010	

The following were the rates of domestic exchange on New York at the undermentioned cities to-day: Savannah, buying par, selling ½ to ½ premium; New Orleans, commercial, par; bank, \$1 00 per \$1,000 premium; Charleston, buying par, selling ½ premium; St Louis, 60c. per \$1,000 premium; Chicago, 25c. per \$1,000 discount.

United States Bonds.—Government bonds have been firm. The daily purchases are shown in the following statement, kindly furnished us by the Treasury Department. The total purchases under circular of October 9 this week have been and the total purchases to date

	436 I	er Cents d	lue 1891.	4 Per Cents due 1907.					
	Offerings.	Purch'es	Prices paid.	Offerings.	Purch'es.	Prices paid			
24	\$450,400	\$450,400	7						
26 .	17,800	17,800	25						
27	79,050	79,050							
28	7,900	7,900	25						
	24,050	24,050							
			150						
	26 .	24 \$450,400 26 17,800 27 79,050 28 7,900 29 24,050	Offerings. Purch'es 24. \$450,400 \$450,400 26. 17,800 17,800 27. 79,050 79,050 28. 7,900 7,900 29. 24,050 24,050	24 \$450,400 \$450,400 \$26. 17,800 \$7,800 \$7,900 \$28. 7,900 \$24,050 \$24,050 \$150 \$150 \$150 \$150 \$150 \$150 \$150 \$	Offerings. Purch'es Prices paid. Offerings. 24. \$450,400 \$450,400 \$26 17,800 \$5 4 40,500 \$27. 79,050 \$7,000 \$27. 79,000 \$29. 24,050 \$24,050 \$4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Offerings. Purch'es Prices paid. Offerings. Purch'es.			

The closing prices at the N. Y. Board have been as follows:

	Interest Periods		Jan. 26.	Jan. 27.	Jan. 28.	Jan. 29.	Jan. 30.
4128, 1891reg.	QMeh.	*103	*103	*103	*103	*103	*103
4128, 1891 coup.	QMch.	*103	*103	*103	*103	*103	*103
4s, 1907reg.	QJan.	*120	*120	*120	*120	12012	*120
Do stamp'd int. pd.			*118	*118	1184	*118	*118
4s, 1907coup.			*120	*120	*120	12034	*120
Do ex-cp. to J'ly,'91			*118	*118	*118	*118	*118
6s, cur'cy,'95reg.			*109	*109	*109	*109	*109
6s, cur'cy,'96reg.			*112	*112	*112	*112	*112
6s, cur'cy,'97reg.			*114	*114	*114	*114	*114
6s, cur'ey,'98reg.			*117	*117	*117	*117	*117
6s, cur'cy,'99reg.			*120	*120	*120	*120	*120

*This is the price bid at the morning board: no sale was made.

State and Railroad Bonds.—State bonds have been featureless. The sales include: Alabama, Class A, \$1,000 at 102½; Louisiana consol. 4s, \$7,000 at 92¾@93; North Carolina consol. 4s, \$1,000 at 96; Tennessee settlement 3s, \$13,000 at 69

consol. 4s, \$1,000 at 96; Tennessee settlement 3s, \$13,000 at 69 (27); Virginia 6s deferred trust receipts, \$5,000 at 94.

Railroad bonds have been in fairly good request, and prices well maintained, with slight improvement for some issues. Northern Pacific bonds have been a feature, being active and strong, in harmony with the preferred stock. Richmond & West Point Terminal issues have likewise been active with an upward tendency. Rio Grande Western fours, and Wabash firsts and seconds have also been relatively active, the former advancing on increasing earnings. Other issues at times noticeable in dealings have been Atchison 4s and incomes, Ken. Cen. 4s, Mob. & O. gen. 4s and M. K. & T. issues.

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.-The stock market has

Railroad and Miscellaneous Stocks.—The stock market has been irregular this week with but a moderate business doing. On Tuesday there was firmness in consequence of covering by shorts and the advices from Washington as to the waning prospects of the Silver bill. Yesterday the market was dull but tolerably strong, and to-day the tone was generally good, Lake Shore advancing notably on fairly heavy sales.

The features of the week have been the decline, and later partial recovery, in New Jersey Central, the considerable decline in C. B. & Q., the strength and advance of the Northern Pacifics, and the upward jump of New York Chicago & St. Louis first preferred. The tumble in New Jersey Central took place on talk of a possible reduction of the dividend and a loss of business through a change in Reading's coal trade. Chicago Burlington & Quincy has been sold down by bears, who make the most of the falling off in earnings shown in the recent statements. Rock Island, Northwest, Union Pacific, and most of the Western trunk lines, have been more or less weak because of the fear of lower earnings out of the small crops of 1890. Northern Pacific preferred has advanced actively on the road's increasing earnings, and especially on the expectation expressed in some quarters of larger dividends. The declaration of a 3½ per cent dividend on the Nickel-Plate first preferred came as a pleasant surprise. Thursday a week ago this stock sold at 61, yesterday at 70. Richmond & West Point Terminal has been the subject of Gould rumors, and consequently more active. Among the specialties Manhattan has been weak, possibly as yesterday at 70. Richmond & West Point Terminal has been the subject of Gould rumors, and consequently more active. Among the specialties Manhattan has been weak, possibly as a result of the passage of the Rapid Transit bill. The Buffalo Rochester & Pittsburg is making a good showing with its earnings, and the stock reflects the improvement. Great Northern has advanced on small sales, while Chicago Gas has been heavy. Sugar has not attracted much attention, but it has papertheless been making a good advance, the new com-

been heavy. Sugar has not attracted much attention, but it has nevertheless been making a good advance, the new company's common closing to-day at 71%, against 59½ last week. Silver certificates have been heavily dealt in, but the diminishing chances of a new Silver bill being passed this session have led to a fall in the price, the closing sale being at 10234,

UM

against 104 last week.

NEW YORK STOCK	EAUHANG			owest Pri		UAKI 30	sales		
STOCKS.	Saturday,	Monday,	Tuesday,	Wednesday,	Thursday,	Friday,	of the Week,		les in 1891.
	Jan. 24.	Jan. 26.	Jan. 27.	Jan. 28.	Jan. 29.	Jan. 30.	Shares.	Lowest.	Highest.
Active RR. Stocks. Atchison Top. & Santa Fe	293 ₈ 295 ₈ *51 ₂ 57 ₈	2819 2914 *512 6	287 ₈ 293 ₄ 53 ₈ 53 ₈	29 297 ₈ 55 ₈ 55 ₆	291 ₈ 293 ₈ *51 ₉ 6		20,205 170	2812 Jan. 2	
Canadian Pacific	*7212 7312	*72 73	*7234 7319	*7314 74	7312 7312	(3 (34)	100	5 Jan. 3 72 ¹ 4 Jan. 6	75% Jan. 19
Central of New Jersey	*49 *112½ 113	106 1117 ₈	$\begin{array}{c} 48^{1_{2}} \ 483_{4} \\ 108^{1_{2}} \ 110^{1_{2}} \end{array}$	11012 11112	493 ₄ 493 ₄ 111 111	11012 11012	4,215 6,155		513 Jan. 13 118 Jan. 12
Central Pacific	18 18	31 31 17 ¹ 4 17 ¹ 9	*30 ¹ 4 31 17 ⁵ 8 17 ³ 4	*30 31 18 ¹ 4 18 ³ 8	30 30 18 ¹ 8 18 ⁵ 8		120 1,830	30 Jan. 7 17 Jan. 2	31 Jan. 26 191 ₂ Jan. 12
Do do 1st pref Do do 2d pref	*45 46 ¹ 2 *29 30 ¹ 2	*28 3012	45 46 ¹ ₂ 29 ¹ ₄ 29 ³ ₄	3012 3012	*30	47 ¹ 4 47 ¹ 4 30 ³ 4 30 ³ 4	1,365 550	29 Jan. 2	49% Jan. 14
Chicago & Alton	*127 130 *11 14	*127 130 *10 12	*127 130 *10 12	*127 130 *10 12	*127 130 *10 11 ¹ 2	1293 1293 *10 111 ₂	10		130 Jan. 5
Chicago Burlington & Quincy. Chicago & Eastern Illinois	881 ₈ 89 48 481 ₉	8714 8838 4819 4819	867 ₈ 885 ₈ 481 ₂ 481 ₂		8618 8718 *4719 4819		69,435 1,300	85½ Jan. 30 41¾ Jan. 3	
Do pref	*91 92 52 53	90 90 511 ₉ 523 ₈	*90 92 5238 5414	*90 92 531 ₂ 545 ₆	*9019 92 5314 5418	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	106	83 Jan. 2 50% Jan. 2	92 Jan. 13
Chicago Milwaukee & St. Paul. Do pref.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	109 1094	109 ¹ 2 110 105 106 ¹ 8	110 11018 1053 10612	1103 1103 1043 1053	110 110 1044 10558	2,425	1051 Jan. 3	57 ¹ 4 Jan. 14 112 Jan. 14 108 ¹ 9 Jan. 14
Chicago & Northwestern Do pref.	134 134 6834 6938	13319 13319 6719 6858	1341 ₂ 1341 ₂ 681 ₈ 691 ₂	*134 135 681 ₈ 70	1321 ₂ 135 677 ₈ 691 ₄	* 134 68 ¹ 8 69 ¹ 4	467	1331 ₂ Jan. 26	1381 ₂ Jan. 12
Chicago Rock Island & Pacific. Chicago St. Paul Min. & Om.	*24 26	*23 26 *80 84	*24 26 *80 85	25 25 *80 85	24 25 771 ₂ 771 ₉	2434 2434	37,945 600		27 Jan. 14
Cleve. Cincin. Chic. & St. L	*80 82 61 ¹ 2 62	60 6114	61 613	62 6212	62 6212	62 2 63 2		77½ Jan. 29 59¾ Jan. 2	65% Jan. 13
Columbus Hocking Val. & Tol.	*94 97 *26 27	95 95 257 ₈ 26	2612 2612		*94 96 2534 2534	2612 2612		95 Jan. 26 253 Jan. 29	29 Jan. 12
Delaware & Hudson Delaware Lackawanna &West	$132\frac{3}{4}133$ $136\frac{3}{4}137\frac{1}{8}$	$132^{12} 133 \\ 134^{7} 8 136^{7} 8$	$^{*}132 134 \\ 13434 1367_{8}$		$\begin{array}{c} 134 \frac{1}{8} 134 \frac{1}{2} \\ 136 \frac{3}{4} 137 \frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	137 1374	71,699		139% Jan. 13
Denver & Rio Grande Do pref.	6058 6114	*18 1834 60 601 ₂	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	63 6358	19 19 625 ₈ 63	183 ₄ 19 63 631 ₆	715 5,990		6378 Jan. 14
East Tennessee Va. & Ga Do 1st pref.	63 63	*60 63 71 ₉	61 62	71 ₂ 73 ₄ 611 ₄		*60 66 73 ₈	1,075 625	7 Jan. 2 604 Jan. 2	8 ¹ 4 Jan. 14 66 Jan. 14
Do 2d pref. Evansville & Terre Haute.	*17 18 *1111 ₂ 116	*110 116	1634 1634 *110 115	*11212 11519	*17 18 ¹ ₂ 112 ¹ ₂ 112 ¹ ₂	*17 18 ¹ ₂ *110 115 ¹ ₂	700 100	16 Jan. 7 112 Jan. 13	19 ¹ 8 Jan. 14 115 Jan. 7
Great Northern, pref	7719 79 9714 9714	78 ¹ 4 78 ¹ 9 97 ¹ 4 98	9734 99	78 78 ¹ ₂	78½ 78¾ 99 99	78 787 ₈ *99 1001 ₂	2,450 1,427	72 Jan. : 974 Jan. 23	79 Jan. 24 1031 ₂ Jan. 14
Iowa Central	*21 25	*21 24	$^{73_8}_{21}$ $^{71_2}_{24}$	*7 ¹ 4 8 *21 24	*714 719 *2219 25	*7 734 22 25	200	6 ¹ 2 Jan. 10 20 Jan. 3	7½ Jan. 14 23 Jan. 23
Lake Erie & Western	14 14 56 ¹ 4 56 ³ 8	13½ 13½ 56¾ 56¾	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	*14 15 5634 5738	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$14^{1}4$ $14^{1}2$ $57^{7}8$ $58^{1}4$	2,882 5,617	1312 Jan. 26 5434 Jan. 2	1518 Jan. 14
Lake Shore & Mich. Southern.	107 107 ¹ 8	10612 10678 88 88	10678 10758 *86 88		10734 10734 8519 8516	108 1095	14,708	106 ¹ 8 Jan. 2	10958 Jan. 30
Louisville & Nashville. Louis, New Alb. & Chicago	723 ₈ 733 ₈ *23 26	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 73^{1_{4}} & 74^{1_{2}} \\ 24 & 24 \end{array}$		737 ₈ 745 ₈ *23 26		53,230	7134 Jan. 2 19 Jan. 8	
manuatian Elevated, consol	*10212 103	99 102 *22 23	9634 100	991 ₂ 101 *23 24	100 101 231 2312	101 101 lg	7,395 500	97 Jan. 2	105 Jan. 14
Mexican Central. Michigan Central.	91 91 *86 90	91 91 88 88	*9012 93 88 88	901 ₂ 901 ₂ *81 83		*91 93 *80 85	310 300	91 Jan. 2	93 Jan. 14
Milwaukee Lake Sh. & West Do pref.	*107 110	*106 112 *5 6	*10812 112 512 512	x1071210712	*105 108 *514 6	1051 ₂ 1051 ₂ *51 ₃ 6		105 Jan. 3	111 Jan. 14
Minneapolis & St. Louis Do pref.	*11 13	*11 13 123 123	*1112 13	*11½ 13 13½ 13½	*111/2 13	*1112 13		4 ¹ 2 Jan. 3	12½ Jan. 14
Mo.K.& Tex., ex. 2d m. bonds Do. pref.	13 13 22 22	21 21 ¹ 8 61 ¹ 2 63 ¹ 2	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	21 2112	22 22 6434 66	22 22 6534 6634	805 988	117 ₈ Jan. 7 20 ¹ 4 Jan. 2	23½ Jan. 12
Missouri Pacific	635 ₈ 64 *27 28 *92 96	261 ₂ 28 *91 96	*91 96	64 ¹ 2 65 ³ 8 *27 ¹ 2 28 *92 97	*2758 281 ₂ *91 96	*2758 29 *92 97	40,110	26 Jan. 2	284 Jan. 5
Nashv.Chattanooga&St.Louis New York Central & Hudson.	101 101	10034 10034	10034 101	10112 10158	10114 10114	*102_ 102	1,383		104 Jan. 12
New York Chic. & St. Louis Do 1st pref.	*12 12 ¹ 2 *60 61	12 12 *60 62	*113 ₄ 121 ₄ 61 61	12 ¹ 4 12 ³ 4 63 63 ⁵ 8	13 133 ₆ 70 70	6814 6814	2,770 788	57 Jan. 2	70 Jap. 29
New York Lake Erie & West'n	*24 25 1938 1958	*24 25 19 193 ₈	*23 25 19 ¹ 4 19 ¹ 9	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	257 ₈ 267 ₈ 191 ₂ 193 ₄	267 ₈ 267 ₈ 197 ₈ 197 ₈	7,680 4,546	19 Jar. 26	2114 Jan. 14
New York & New England	51 51 373 ₈ 381 ₈	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 50 & 50 \\ 36 \\ 261 & 37 \\ *261 & 270 \end{array} $	363 38 *265 275	37 ¹ 8 38 ¹ 2	50 ¹ 8 51 37 ¹ 2 37 ¹ 2	514 514 373 38	650 14,097	3258 Ja . 2	413 Jan. 15
New York New Hav. & Hart. New York Ontario & West	*260 270 1658 1634	1618 1638	164 1678	$^{*265}_{167_{8}}$ $^{270}_{171_{4}}$	*270 17 ¹ 8 17 ¹ 4	*270 1634 1714	7,193	1514 Jan. 2	270 Jan. 16 1714 Jan. 14
New York Susquehan. & West. Do pref.	3134 313 ₄	*8 ¹ 4 9 31 31 ³ 4	8 ¹ 4 8 ¹ 4 31 ¹ 2 31 ¹ 2		814 814 *311 ₂ 331 ₂	*8 ¹ 4 9 *31 ¹ 9 33	1,280 650	2812 Jan. 6	95 Jan. 14 365 Jan. 14
Norfolk & Western Do pref	*15 ¹ 9 16 ¹ 9 *54 ¹ 9 56	16 16 *5419 5519	*15½ 17 *54¾ 56	*16 17 *55 ¹ 4 56 ¹ 4	*16 17 *55 56	*16 17 55 ¹ 4 55 ¹ 4	100 120	14 - Jan. 5	5712 Jan. 14
Northern Pacific. Do pref	267 ₈ 271 ₄ 695 ₈ 701 ₄	261 ₈ 263 ₄ 691 ₈ 697 ₈	2634 281 ₂ 697 ₈ 713 ₈	71% 73	281 ₂ 291 ₄ 713 ₄ 735 ₆	$\begin{array}{cccc} 273_4 & 291_4 \\ 721_2 & 74 \\ \end{array}$	82,745 96,120	21½ Jap. 2 63½ Jap. 2	
Ohio & Mississippi Ohio Southern	*16 18	16 16	$^{*}18$ 19^{1}_{2} 16^{1}_{2} 16^{1}_{2}	*16 18	*18 19 *16 18	*18 18 ¹ 2 *16 ¹ 2 18	200	13 Jan. 2 14 Jan. 2	174 Jan. 14
Oregon R'y & Navigation Co. Oregon Sh. L. & Utah North.	*77 82 *20 22	*78 82 201 ₈ 201 ₈	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$^{77}_{*21}$ $^{77}_{22}$ $^{22}_{22}$	*70 80 *20 23	*75 80 *211s 2212	115 200	75 Jan. 23 19 Jan. 5	2414 Jan. 14
Fhila. & Read. Vot. Trust. Cert.	*163 1712 3212 3212		17 ¹ 9 17 ¹ 9 31 ¹ 8 31 ³ 4	32 2 3258	1712 1712	*17 17 ¹ 2 32 32 ¹ 4	7,300	14 ¹ 2 Jan. 7 31 Jan. 26	345 Jan. 8
Pittsburg Cinn. Chic. & St. L Do pref.	*14 ¹ 4 15 ¹ 9 51 51	*50 51	*14 16 51 51	*14 16 *51 53	*14 15½ *50 53	*50 53	150		55 Jan. 13
Richmend&West P't Terminal pref.	1219 1219	71 7112	1758 1838 7134 7242	7212 73	7134 7134	185 1918 73 731 ₂	50,286 $1,904$	6712 Jan. 2	741 ₂ Jan. 13
Rio Grande Western	*29 30 63% 63%	291 ₉ 291 ₉ 63 63	$\begin{array}{ccc} 30 & 30 \\ 65 & 66 \\ 100 & 100 \\ \end{array}$	30 ¹ 2 31 68 ¹ 4 68 ¹ 4	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	6712 6712	1,314 1,141	23 J n. 2 55 ¹ 4 Jan. 2	32 ¹ ₂ Jan. 29 68 ¹ 4 Jan. 28 103 Jan. 15
Rome Watertown & Ogdensb'g St. Louis Alton & T. H., pref. St. L. Ark & Tex., trust reg.	$^*101_{2}$ $^103_{2}$ *120 $^127_{2}$	*120 12712	102 103 *120 127 ¹ 2	$^{103}_{*120}$ $^{103}_{127}$	*102 ¹ 2 105 *120 127 ¹ 2		170		122 2 Jan. 3
St. Lou. & San Fran 1st pref	*10 11 *54 65	*10 11 *51 60	*10 11 *51 65	$^{107_8}_{*60}$ $^{107_8}_{65}$	58 60	*55 65	300	58 Jan. 29	70 Jan. 16
Do Duluth	8512 8512				24 24	24 25	300 10	85 Jan. 5	25 Jan. 15 88 Jan. 9
Southern Pacific Co	*103 105 231 ₈ 231 ₄	*103 105 23 23 ¹ ₂	*103 105 234 24 ¹ 4	$^{103}_{23^{5}8}$ $^{105}_{24^{1}4}$	$^{\circ}102 104 \\ 23^{1}{}_{2} 24^{1}{}_{4}$	$^{*102}_{24^{1}8}$ $^{105}_{24^{1}2}$	2,250	23 Jan. 16	106 Jan. 12 264 Jan. 12
Tol. Ann Arbor & N M	15 15 19 19	14 ¹ 4 14 ⁸ 4 18 ¹ 4	1458 1434 1842 1849	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 143 & 15 \\ 19 & 19 \end{array} $	147 ₆ 151 ₈ *18 191 ₄	147 ₈ 15 *18 19	3,807 740	14 Jan. 2 1638 Jan. 2	2019 Jan. 13
Do. pref.	*60 70 *831 ₂ 90	*60 70 *84 90	*60 70 *84 90	*60 70 *80 88	*60 70 *82 88	*60 70 *82 88	*****	61 Jan. 13 814 Jan. 12	87 Jan. 19
Union Pacific Denver & Gulf	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4158 434 2119 2119	$\begin{array}{cccc} 423_8 & 441_2 \\ 211_4 & 22 \end{array}$	43 ¹ 9 44 ⁷ 8 22 23 ¹ 4	43 ¹ 4 44 ³ 8 *21 ¹ 9 23	2212 2212	112,225 $1,980$	415 Jan. 26 21 Jan 2	48 s Jan. 14 24 s Jan. 14
Do prof	$\frac{10}{1878}$ $\frac{10}{1878}$	10 10 18 ¹ 4 18 ¹ 9	10 10 ¹ 8 18 ⁵ 8 19 ⁴ 4	10 ¹ 8 10 ¹ 4 19 ³ 8 19 ⁷ 8	10 ¹ 8 10 ¹ 8 19 ¹ 4 19 ³ 8	10 ¹ 8 10 ³ 8 19 19 ¹ 9	3,500 4,400	94 Jan. 5	21 Jan. 14
Wheeling & Lake Erie	$\frac{31}{70^{1}8}$ $\frac{31^{5}8}{70^{1}8}$	291 ₂ 301 ₂ 69 69	$\begin{array}{ccc} 295_8 & 301_4 \\ 69 & 701_8 \end{array}$	291 ₂ 305 ₈ 691 ₄ 703 ₄	295 ₈ 301 ₄ 70 705 ₈	30 31 ¹ 8 70 ⁵ 8 72 ¹ 2	$\frac{10,610}{3,220}$	29½ Jan. 26	7478 Jan. 14
Wisconsin Central Co	2078 21	2019 2019	214 214	22 22	2119 22	22 22	1,610	18 Jan. 2	234 Jan. 14
American Cotton Oil Co	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17^{3} & 18 \\ 39 & 39 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17^{1}_{2} & 17^{1}_{2} \\ 39 & 39 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 17^{1}_{2} & 17^{1}_{2} \\ 39 & 39 \end{array}$	18 184 *38 40	*38 40	*39 41	$\frac{825}{322}$	157 ₈ Jan. 2 33½ Jan. 2	43 Jan. 14
Am. Sugar Ref. Co. temp offe	59 6019	60 60% *85 88	6034 6719 8514 87	68 704 864 87	681 ₉ 70 87 873 ₄	70^{5}_{8} 72^{1}_{8} 87^{7}_{8} 88	$\frac{10,600}{2,575}$	57-9 Jan. 17	72 ¹ 8 Jan. 30 95 Jan. 14
Do pref. temp. ctfs Buckeye Pipe Line Certif's §. Chicago Gas Co.	*21 25 391 ₉ 405 ₈	3812 4018	19 19 391 ₉ 401 ₄	3914 4118	4019 4114	20 20 411 ₈ 421 ₉	2,000 56,143	19 Jan. 2 34 Jan. 2	25 Jan. 14 474 Jan. 19
Chicago Gas Co	34 34 941 ₉ 943 ₄	34 34 ¹ 9 94 ¹ 9 94 ¹ 9	35 ¹ 4 35 ¹ 9 *94 95	3619 3619 9534 9614	35 ¹ 4 36 96 ¹ 4 96 ¹ 4	361 ₉ 371 ₄ 951 ₂ 963 ₄	1.610	94 la Jan. 24	3858 Jan. 14 9734 Jan. 14
	46% 46% 95 95	4634 4634 94 95	46 ¹ 9 46 ¹ 9 94 ³ 4 94 ³ 4	47 ¹ 4 47 ¹ 9 94 ¹ 8 94 ¹ 6	4658 4634	46 ⁷ 8 47 ¹ 4 93 93	1,115 856		49 Jan. 12
Edison General Electric. Laclede Gas (St. Louis) National Lead Trust.	*17½ 18 19¾ 19½	$17\frac{1}{9}$ $17\frac{1}{9}$ $19\frac{1}{8}$ $19\frac{3}{8}$	18 18 1938 1978	18. 18½ 19½ 2038	94 94 19 *17 19 19 19 19 78	$ \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	610	15 Jat. 2	201 ₂ Jan. 20 211 ₈ Jan. 17
	154 154	15 154	15 1638	$\begin{array}{cccc} 15\frac{1}{9} & 20\frac{1}{9} \\ 15\frac{1}{9} & 16\frac{1}{9} \\ 25\frac{1}{9} & 25\frac{1}{9} \end{array}$	$\frac{16}{2470}$ $\frac{161_{2}}{247_{0}}$	1618 1634	22,673 430	1134 Jan. 2 1512 Jan. 7	18 Jan. 14 28 Jan. 14
Oregon Improvement Co Pacific Mail Pipe Line Certificates Pullman Polace Co	*2319 25 3319 3319	314 33	245 ₈ 247 ₈ 321 ₄ 323 ₄	3278 34	33 3334	241 ₂ 241 ₂ 331 ₂ 341 ₄	4,200	314 Jan. 26	35% Jan. 7
I dilman I alace Car Co	755 ₈ 757 ₈ *187 190	75½ 75½ 187 190	7358 7514 18719 190	189 189	*188 192	7358 7619 *188 191	311,000 154	71 Jan. 2 184 Jan. 5	196 Jan. 14
Bilver Bullion Certificates Tennessee Coal & Iron	36 36	1035 ₈ 104 35 351 ₂	104 ¹ 4 104 ⁷ 8 34 ³ 4 36 ¹ 4	1037 ₈ 1045 ₈ 35% 361 ₂	1033 1037 ₈ *351 ₂ 361 ₉	*351 ₂ 361 ₂	2,925	3238 Jan. 2 80 Jan. 6	78½ Jan. 22 196⅓ Jan. 14 107¾ Jan. 15 39⅓ Jan. 14 86 Jan. 14
Wastern Union Telegraph	7838 7918	7734 7414	775, 79	79 791	78 6 7914	7914 80	10,564	80 Jan. 6 76 Jan. 2	80 Jan. 12

^{*} These are the prices bid and asked; no sale made § Prices from both Exchanges. † Under the rule cash. x Ex div.

INACTIVE STOCKS.	Jan	. 30.	Range (sale	es) in 1891.	INACTIVE STOCKS.		30.	Range (sai	es) in 1891.
¶ Indicates unlisted.	Bid.	Ask.	Lowest.	Highest.	¶ Indicates unlisted.	Bid.	Ask.	Lowest.	Highest.
Railroad Stocks.					Pitts. Ft. Wayne & Chicago100		151	149 Jan.	15012 Jan
labama & Vickburg100	35	45			Pittsburg & Western 50				
Albany & Susquehanna100	160				Preferred 50	29	34	28 Jan.	
tlanta & Charlotte Air L¶100	94	97			Rensselaer & Saratoga100	:183		180 Jan.	183 Jan
Belleville & South. Ill. pref	120				St. Joseph & Grand Island100				
Boston & N. Y. Air Line pref 100	*100	102	101 Jan.	103 Jan.	St. Louis Alton & T. H100	‡28½		2612 Jan.	
Brooklyn Elevated 100	26	28			South Carolina100	3^{1}_{2}	5	312 Jan.	414 Jan
Buffalo Rochester & Pitts100	:34	3412	29 Jan.	3412 Jan.	Toledo Peoria & Western¶100	13	15	14 9 Jan	1412 Jan
Preferred	765_{8}	7678	74 Jan.	7658 Jan.	Toledo St. Louis & K. City¶				
Burl. Cedar Rapids & Nor100	22	35			Virginia Midland100				
alifornia Pacific¶100	11	13			Miscellaneous Stocks.				1
edar Falls & Minnesota100	312		412 Jan.	412 Jan.	Adams Express100	:142		142 Jan.	14512 Ja
Cleveland & Pittsburg 50	150	152	150 Jan.	152 Jan.	American Cattle Trust¶	13	15	11 Jan	
columbia & Greenville pf100					American Cotton Oil trust rec.100	121			223 ₈ Ja
Des Moines & Fort Dodge100	410	512	434 Jan.	5 Jan.	American Express100	115	120	113 Jan.	
Preferred100	15	25			Am. Telegraph & Cable100	:81	8112	80 Jan	8112 Ja
Duluth S. Shore & Atlan. ¶ 100	410	6			American Tobacco Co., pref 100	*9812		99 Jan	100 Ja
Preferred¶100	1212	16	123 Jan.	14 Jan.	Brunswick Company100			21 Jan	21 Ja
flint & Pere Marquette100	20	22	1878 Jan.	22 Jan.	Chie June. Ry. & Stock Yards. 100	175		75 Jan	
Preferred100	18178	8218	81 Jan.	84 Jan.	Preferred		85		
leorgia Pacific¶100			612 Jan.	83 Jan.	Columbus & Hocking Coal 100	1742	19	1712 Jan	1938 Ja
reen Bay Win. & St. Paul100	710	819		812 Jan.	Commercial Cable100		106	10312 Jan	
Iouston & Texas Central100	110		2 Jan.	212 Jan.	Consol, Coal of Maryland100		25	25 Jan	
llinois Central leased lines100	90		9012 Jan.	9114 Jan.	Laclede Gas pref100				
Canawha & Michigan100	13	15	1512 Jan.	1512 Jan.	Lehigh & Wilkes. Coal¶	15	20		
Ceokuk & Des Moines100					Maryland Coal100	1419	164	15 Jan	
Preferred100	×7		7 Jan.	7 Jan.	Minnesota Iron100			7912 Jan	
Kingston & Pembroke 50					National Linseed Oil Co100	3919		39 Jan	
ouisv. Evans. & St. Lo., cons. 100	:30	3012	30 Jan.	3012 Jan.	New Central Coal100	8	12	978 Jan	
Preferred	:61		55 Jan.	63 Jan.	Ontario Silver Mining100	4110	424	41 Jan	. 44 Ja
ouisville St. L. & Texas100	***		15 Jan.	18 Jan.	Oregon Improvement., pref100				
Tahoning Coal 50	185		85 Jan.	85 Jan.	Pennsylvania Coal 50	260			
Preferred 50	1105				Phila. Natural Gas 50	*22			
farq. Houghton & Onton 100	10				Postal Telegraph-Cable¶				. 37 Ja
Preferred100	85				Onicksilver Mining 100	6	61	514 Jan	67s Ja
Temphis & Charleston 25	140		40 Jan	40 Jan.	Quicksilver Mining 100 Preferred	38	40	38 Jan	
Iexican National100	+10		40 Jan. 5 Jan.	5 Jan.	Sugar Refin. Co. trust rects 100	18414		567a Jan	
Iorris & Essex			145 Jan.	147 Jan.	Texas Pacific Land Trust100	40x-4	00	14½ Jan	
Y. Lack. & Western100	1100		104 Jan	109 4 Jan.	U. S. Express	67	72	651s Jan	
Peoria & Eastern100	710	910	6. Jap.	8 Jan.	Wells, Fargo Express		150	137 Jan	

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES .- STATE BONDS JANUARY 30.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.
			New York-6s, loan1893			S.C. (cont.)—Brown consol.6s.1893	95	102
Class B, 5s1906			North Carolina—6s, oldJ&J Funding act1900			Tennessee—6s, old1892-1898 Comt romise, 3-4-5-6s1912	$\frac{621_{2}}{70}$	
Class C, 4s			New bonds, J. & J 1892 1898	20		New settlement, 6s1913		
Arkansas-6s,fund.Hol.1899-1900	712	1478		5	7	5s1913	98	104
do. Non-Holford 7s, Arkansas Central RR		180	Consolidated 4s1910	96	98	3s	6919	697
Louisiana—7s, cons		10	6s		126	6s, consolidated bonds		*****
Stamped 4s	9212	93	Rhode Island-6s, cou1893-1894			6s, consolidated, 2d series, rects.		
Missouri-Fund1894-1895	105		South Carolina-6s, non-fund.1888	314	418	6s, deferred, trust receipts	812	9

* New York City Bank Statement for the week ending Nov 5, 1890, is as follows. We omit two ciphers (00) in all cases.

(00s omitted.)	Capital.	Surplus.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	Deposita.
Bank of Nam Vonk	2,000,0	\$	12,020,0	\$	\$. \$
Bank of New York	2,000,0	1,748,4	10,636,0	2,640,0	250,0 $410,0$	11,400,0 10,442,0
Manhattan Co	2,050,0 2,000,0	1,393,3 894,8	8 405 7	1,961,0	410,0	10,442,0
Merchants' Mechanics'	2,000,0	1 899 1	6,505,7 7,801,0 13,357,0	1,858,5	153.0	8,694,2
America	3,000,0	1,899,1 1,926,2	13 357 0	1,022,0 2,195,0	488,0 668,7	5,991,0 12,545,0
Phenix	1,000,0	556,9	4,884,0	986,0	75,0	4,435,0
City	1,000,0	2,455,9	9,784,2	2,017,4	552,0	9,440,7
CityTradesmen's	750,0	99,2	2,032,6	213,1	148,4	1,878,0
Chemical	300,0	6,423,9	21,981,1	5,940,9	1,001,5	22 456 7
Merchants' Exchange	600,0		3,149,7	519.5	227 2	23,456,7 3,486,7
Gallatin National	1.000.0	1,494,2 301,7 243,8 132,6 595,5	5.319.1	519,5 776,5	247,6 70,1 372,0 137,7	4,288.3 1,747,9
Gallatin National Butchers' & Drovers'.	300.0	301.7	1,634,1 2,587,0 1,163,8	400.01	70,1	1.747.9
Mechanics' & Traders	200,0 200,0	243,8	2,587,0	102.0	372.0	3.008 0
Greenwich Leatner Manufact'rs. Seventh National	200,0	132,6	1,163,8	102.0 177,1 382,8	137.7	1,165.2
Leatner Manufact'rs.	600.0	595,5	3,041,9 1,452,9	382.8	148.0	2,377.0
Seventh National	300,0		1,452,9	363,5	29,0	1,165,2 2,377,0 1,595,2
State of New York	1,200,0	490.4	3.469.9	604 11	208.0	
American Exchange	5,000,0	1,939,7	15,629,0	3,001,0 1,827,1 1,244,2 1,318,8	239,0	12,386.0
Commerce	5,000,0	3,423,8	18,029,9	1,827,1	1,393,4	.11,732.0
Broadway	1,000,0	1,639,3	5,533,4	1,244,2	133,9	4,579.3
Mercantile	1,000,0	925,2	7,622,8	1,318,8	787.6	7.964.3
Pacific Republic	1,000,0	395,1	2,551.0	541.0	787.6 261,7	2,342,1 12,386.0 11,732,0 4,579.3 7,964.3 3,125,2
Republic	1,000,0	983,1	10,252,5	1,632,8	319,3	
Chatham	450,0	395,1 983,1 711,7	7,622,8 2,551,0 10,252,5 5,742,2 2,335,2	678,4	359,0	5,557,1
Peoples' North America	200,0		2,335,2	272,0	141,4	5,557,1 2,906,7
North America	700,0	543,3		320,7	384,1	4,303,7
Hanover	1,000,0	1,557,2 295,2	13,046,6	3,355,8	837,2	13,844,9
Irving Citizens'	500,0	295,2	2,797.0	368,2	144,5	2,563,6
Citizens'	600,0	411,9	2,573,1	642,3 433,3 603,7	120,7	2,563,0 3,019,8
Nassau Market & Fulton	500,0	227,4	2,877,0	433,3	342,8	
Market & Fulton	750,0	725,2 109,9	4,075,4 1,837,4	605,7	239,9	3,991,4 1,717,8 2,888,0
St. Nicholas Shoe & Leather	500,0	265,9	1,837,4	175.9 417,0	130,5 286,0	1,717,8
Corn Exchange	1,000,0		2,475,0 6,461,2 4,256,1 2,100,0	417,0	280.0	2,555,0
	1 000 0	317,4	4 956 1	1,016,8	227,0 137,7	5,880,8
Oriental	300,0	392,2	9 100 0	828,8	341,0	4,541,4 2,640,0
Importers' & Traders'	1,500,6	4,858,6	20,832,0	151,6 4,532,0	1,012,0	
Oriental	2,000,0	2,423,5	19,290,0	4,188,0	639,0	21,104,0
East River	250,0	143,9	1,217.7	243,8	82,1	1 137
Fourth National	3,200,0	1,662,0	16.963.7	4.285.1	881,6	17 475 6
Central National.	2,000,0	546,2	6,422,0 4,158,0	835,0	576.0	6 4446
Second National	300.0	2305	4.158.0	1 280 0	101,0 322,7	5,089,0
Ninth National	750,0	309.7	5.051.4	957 1	392 7	5 152
First National	500.0	8,701.3	21,393,6	957,1 2,961,7	784,5	5,152, 18,654.9
Third National	1,000,0	244.0	5,051,4 21,393,6 4,269,6	30.0	481.0	3,518.5
Third National N. Y. Nat'l Exchange	300,0	141,0	1,445,0 2,700,0	172.1	89,0	1.283.4
Bowery	250,0	464,8	2,700,0	556,0	155.0	2 822 6
New York County.	200,6	521.4	2,612,2	730,0	110,0	3,079,4
German-American	750,0	256,4	2,892,2	460.0	51.9	2 567 3
Chase National	500.0	917.1	10 442 3	0 07: 4	707,6	19 405
Fifth Avenue	100.0	761,4	4,169,9 2,709,1 2,690,1 4,181,4	1,177,3	140.3	4 50 : 1
German Exchange	200,0	466,1	2,709.1	191,3 192,2 771,4 770,1	588,0 281,7 46,7	3,329,
Germania	200,0	443.4	2,690,1	192,2	281,7	3,060.
Germania United States Lincoln	500,0		4,181,4	771,4	46,7	4,008,
Lincoln	300,0	- 304,3	3.043.0	770,1	209,4	4,188,4
Garfield. Fifth National	200,0	328,4	3,147,4	485,8	439.4	3,795.8
Part National	150,0	319,0	1,835,9	335,2	258,8	2,023,9
Bank of the Metrop.	3,00,0	572,6	3,939,6	789,9	394,1	4,715,9
West Side	200,0		1,956,0	274,0	284,0	2,039,
Seaboard	500.0	166,6	3,432.0	530,0	337.0	3,915,
Sixth National Western National	200,0	384,0	1,531,0	194,0	122,0	1,280,0
First Notional Bill	8,500,0	256,6	10,320,4 4,142,9	2,083,1 719,3	122,0 471,4	9,140,
First National, B'klyn	300,0	761,1	4,142,9	7.9,3	174,3	4,030,0

BANKS.	Capital & Surplus.	Loans.	Specie.	Legals.	Deposits.	Circum	Clearings.
W. York.	- \$	*	*	\$	*	\$	
Dec. 27	122,785,8	385,321,8	77,812,3	25,425,2	333,849,3	3,590.0	485,524,3
Jan. 3	132,495,5	385,678,5	78, 363, 2	26,571.7	386,632,1	3,599.9	574.769.7
" 10	132,495,5	383,955,4	81,133.0	29,832.5	390,325,0	3.538.8	691 936.9
" 17	132,495.5	383.444.8	85,765.1	32,963.1	393,177.5	3,558.6	762.462.9
* 24	132,495,5	335,557.2	90.162.0	35,295.6	405.471.3	3.562 6	621,779.4
Boston.				,,.		-,,-	
Jan. 10	65.842.9	155.972.4	9.272.7	5,635,8	133,260,5	3.251.5	96,978.4
" 17	65,842.9	:55,767.7	9,151.2				103,371.9
" 24		155,498,5			131,425,6		
Phila.	10,022,0	200,200,0	0,200,0	, 0,000,2	20.,220,0	0,200,1	00,011,0
Jan. 10	35,793,7	96,783,0	25.7	63,0	92,007,0	21780	71,182,1
" 17				52.0	91,492,0	2 190 0	72.043.2
" 24				71,0	91,193,0		

* We omit two ciphers in all these figures. † Including, for Boston and Phi's Q delphia, the item "due to other banks."

City Railroad Securities-Brokers' Quotations.

Atlantic Av., B'klyn.St'k. 120	126	Dry Dock E. B'y & B	,
Gen. M., 5s, 1909A&O 105	107	Scrip 68 F&A 100	103
Bl'cker St. & Ful. FStk. 24	27	Eighth AvStock 195	
1st mort., 7s., 1900J&J 110	112	EighthAvScrip, 6s, 1914 104	
Br'dway & 7th Av St'k 199	202	42d & Gr'nd St. F'ry-Stk. 237	1
1st mort., 5s, 1904 .J&D 105	107	1st mort., 7s, 1893, A&O 105	
2d mort., 5s, 1914J&J 104	106	42d St. Manh. & St. N. Ave. 35	38
B'way 1st, 5s, gu'24 102	104	1st mort., 6s, 1910 M&S 112	114
2nd 5s, int. as rent., '05. 95	97	2d M., income,6sJ&J 50	57
Brooklyn City-Stock 172	175	Houst. W.St. & P. F'y-Stk. 200	
1st mort., 5s, 1902J&J 100	105	1st mort., 7s, 1894., J&J 100	107
B'klyn crosst'n 5s., 1908 108	1110	Ninth Ave 100	10.7
Bkn. C'y& N'n5s, 1938 J&J 100	102	Second AveStock 110	1113
Jentral Crosstown-Sck., 155		1st mort., 5s, 1910, M&N 104	116
1st mort., 6s, 1922, M&N 117	120	Sixth Ave.—Stock	
Cant. Pk. N. & E. Riv Stk. 115	120	Third AveStock 280	290
Consols, 7s, 1902 J&D 115	1117	1st M., 5s, 1937 J&J 109	110
ory Dk.E.B.& Bat'y-Stk, 138	143	Twenty-third StStock. 230	1
1st mort., 7s, 1893J&D 105		1st mort., 7s, 1893 105	107
25, 11010, 15, 10000 0.0	-0.	200 110101, 10, 1000	1201

Bank Stock List-Latest prices of bank stocks this week.

BANKS.	Bid.	Ask.	BANKS.	Bid.	Ask.	BANKS.	Bid.	Ask
America	213	215	Fallatin	320		New York	238	245
Am. Exch		155	Garneld	350		N.Y. County.	600	
Asbury Park			German Am.		125	N.Y. Nat. Ex.	135	142
Bowery	300	312	German Ex.	320	340	Ninth		160
Broadway		480	Germania	300		leth Ward	150	
Butchs'& Dr.			Green wich.	140		N. America		
Central	123	135	Hanover	350	334	North River.		
Chase			Hud. River	150		Oriental		
Chatham	375		Im. & Trad's'	540	575	Pacific		200
Chemical	4600	4900	Irving			Park		
City			Leather Mis'	245	263	People's	278	
Cit.zens'			Linceln	300		Phenix	135	142
Columbia	235		Madison Sq	100	110	Produce Ex.		116
Commerce	194	195	Manhattan	180	185	Republic		192
Continental .	138	1394	Market& Ful	220		Seaboard	160	
Corn Exch	239		Mechanics'	205	215	Second		
	110	120	M'chs'& Trs'.		225	Seventh		
East River	160		Mercantile	220		Shoe& Leath.	152	160
	150		Merchants'		160	St. Nicholas.		124
Fifth Ave	1700		Merch'ta Ex.	122	128	State of N.Y.		115
Fifth	300		Metropolitan	5	619	Third	90	103
First	2000		Metropolis	360		Tradesmen's.	100	100
First N., S. I.	103	112	Mt. Morris	450		Unit'd States		
14th Street			Murray Hill.	300		Western	10019	101
Fourth	1711		Nassau	160		West Side		215

BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA AND BALTIMORE STOCK EXCHANGES.

Active Stocks. Indicates unlisted.	Satu	rday,	Mon	day.	Price:		Wedne	sday.	Thurs	-	Friday,	Sales of the Week,	Range of s	ales in 1891
a mulcases unitsted.	Jan.	. 24.	Jan.	26.	Jan.	27.	Jan.	28.	Jan.	29.	Jan. 30.	Shares.	Lowest.	Highest
Atch. T. & S. Fe (Boston). 100 Atlantic & Pac. " 100	2938	53	512	512	2834	54	29 % *5		* 2918	293 ₂ 53 ₄		14,067 85	28 Jan. 2 5 Jan. 3	6 Jan
Saltimore & Ohio (Balt.).100 1st preferred "100	*9219	96	92	92	*	93	*125	9219				. 8	127 Jan. 7	13012 Jan.
2d preferred "100 loston & Albany (Boston). 100	204	204	204	204	20418	204^{1}_{4}	204	204	113 ¹ 2 204	$\frac{113^{1}}{204}$			192 Jan. 3	113 ¹ 2 Jan. 205 Jan.
Soston & Lowell " 100 Soston & Maine " 100	*177 *203	$\begin{array}{c} 179 \\ 204 \end{array}$	178 203	$\frac{178}{204}$	*178	204	*178 203	203	*	179½ 204		202	198 Jan. 2	178 Jan. 205 Jan.
entral of Mass. " 100 Preferred " 100 his Pur & Ouin " 100	*181 ₉ *381 ₉	3912		391_{2}	*18 ¹ 9 *38 ¹ 2	391_{2}	*19 *381 ₂	19 ¹ ₂ 39 ¹ ₂	A	191_{9} 391_{9}		5,409	34% Jan. 2	393 Jan.
hic.Bur.& Quin. " 100 hic. Mil. & St. P. (Phil.).100 hic. & W. Mich. (Boston).100	8834 5214 *47	53	871 ₂ 517 ₈	$\frac{873}{52}$	88 523 ₈ 50	88 53 50	861 ₂ 54 50	885_{8} 541_{4}	864 5338 5012	87 54 ¹ 8 50 ¹ 9		3,300 240	51 Jan. 2	93½ Jan. 57⅓ Jan. 51 Jan.
in.San. & Cleve. " 50	*24	50	612	649			2312	$\frac{51}{231_{2}}$	30-2			240	931a Tan 96	94 Jan
Preferred " 100	*19	20			*19		1919	1912	*19	20	ы	10	6 Jan. 2 18 ¹ 4 Jan. 2 165 Jan. 3	7 Jan. 204 Jan. 169 Jan.
astern(Boston).100 itehburg pref. "100 l. & Pere Marq. "100	*20		82 ¹ 4 *20	824	8212	83	*84		*84		Teles	99	82 ¹ 4 Jan. 26 20 Jan.	85% Jan.
Preferred "100 unt. & Br. Top. (Phila). 50	*194		* si	$\substack{81^{1_2}\\20}$	*194	20	*80 *1919	8212	*81 19 ¹ 9	821 ₂ 191 ₂	legrams	55 34	81 Jan 26	84 Jan.
Preferred " 50 ehigh Valley " 50	$\frac{441_{2}}{501_{2}}$	4410	44 503	44	44	44 50%	$\frac{441_4}{505_8}$	4414	*441 ₂ 501 ₂	45	18 11	232 501	44 Jan. 19	463 Jan.
laine Central (Boston).100 lexican Central "100	2318	2314	2212	23	*139 2210	23	$\frac{141}{23}$	$\substack{141 \\ 231_2}$	1411 ₂	2338	not r	6,040	140 Jan. 13	142 Jan. 248 Jan.
Y. & N. Eng. " 100 Preferred " 100	38	38	3658	37	$\frac{371}{112}$	$\frac{371_{2}}{112}$, 3718	112	*3738	375 ₈	received;		33 Jan. 2	41% Jan. 21164 Jan.
orthern Central (Balt.). 50 orthern Pacific (Phila.). 100	$\frac{653}{267}$	6534 $27^{1}4$ $70^{1}4$		263	$\frac{651_{2}}{267_{8}}$	$\frac{651_{9}}{277_{9}}$	*65 ¹ 4 28	29	*65 283	$\frac{66}{29}$	ved	135 16,815	21% Jan.	co san
Preferred " 100 ld Colony (Boston), 100	$\begin{array}{c} 70 \\ 168 \end{array}$	168	1673	1673	$\frac{69^{7}8}{168}$	168	$\frac{713}{1673}$		7212	7358		40	106 Jan. 2	168 Jan.
ennsylvania (Phila.). 50 hiladel. & Erie. " 50	$\frac{517_8}{29}$	29	*	30	5134	$\frac{51^{7}8}{30}$	5134	30	5134		ires	1,090	29 Jan. 15	30 Jan.
hila. & Reading " 50 ummit Branch (Boston). 50	16318				1578	16	16116		* 151516	7	wires destroyed	6,871	610 Jan. 12	17318 Jan. 658 Jan.
nion Pacific 100 nited Cos. of N.J. (Phila.) 100	$\frac{44^{1}4}{228}$	228	42 228	228 228		$\frac{433}{228}$		228		228	troy		225 Jan. 5	228 Jan.
Miscellaneous Stocks.	8 204	8 204	203	204	8 ¹ 8 203	818	*8 x185	819	*818	8 ¹ 9 185 ³ 4	ed.	162	7% Jan. 2 x184 Jan. 29	
ell Telephone (Boston).100 ost. & Montana "25 utte & Boston"25	40 *14 ¹ 9	4018		40 15	40 *141 ₂	40	*39 ¹ 4 15			413		1,984 275	394 Jan. 21	434 Jan.
alumet & Heela " 25 anton Co (Balt.).100	*245	250 501 ₂	250	250 501 ₂	*245	250	250	$250 \\ 501_{2}$		250 501 ₂		31 255	246 Jan. 3 49 ¹ 4 Jan. 27	260 Jan.
onsolidated Gas " 100 rie Telephone (Boston).100	*47 48%	47%	*4619 4834	4712	47	47	474	4714	46	47 ¹ 4 50		221 273	453 Jan. 7	49 Jan.
amson Store Ser. " 50 ehi'h Coal&Nav Fhit, 50	*22 475	23	22	22	22 475 ₈	22	473	4778	*21 ¹ 4 47 ¹ 2	4734		90 427		24 Jan.
.Eng. Telephone (Rost'n) 100 orth American. (Phil.).100		52	51	51	*51 1514	52	*51 1638	52	51 ¹ 4 16 ¹ 4	$ \begin{array}{c} 51^{14} \\ 16^{12} \end{array} $		4,204	50 Jan. 3	52 Jan.
ugar Refineries ¶ (Bost'n) 100 homson-H'n El.¶ " 25	771 ₂ 431 ₄	7712	7719	78	7838		82	834	8234 4538	83^{1}_{2} 45^{3}_{8}		6,698 2,167	57 Jan. 2 42 Jan. 2	45% Jan.
Preferred¶ " 25 Vest End Land "	$^{*25}_{217_8}$	$25\frac{1}{2}$	25 ¹ 4 21 ¹ 4	2512	254	2578	25 ¹ 2 21 ³ 4	25% 22	251 ₂ 211 ₉	$\begin{array}{c} 25 \frac{1}{2} \\ 21 \frac{1}{2} \end{array}$		825 5,565	25 ¹ 4 Jan. 20	26 Jan.
* Bid and asked prices;	no sal	le was	made.		!		x Ex I	ights.	,		43			()
Inactive Stocks.		Bid.	Ask.				tocks.		Bid.	Ask.		Bong		Bid. A
Latest Prices week ended Jan.			1	Water	Europ. E Power.		"	10	0 4	. 60	Penna. Co Collat. T	nsol. 5s, 1 r. 4½ g	r1919, Va	r 111½ D D 119
tlanta & Charlotte (Balt.) oston & Providence (Boston) amden & Atantic pf. (Phila.)	.100		96	t Top	ghouse Bonds &8.F.1	-Bo	ston.	5 0 T&	0 81 J 5 783		Consol. 5	S	1913, J& 7s1906, J& 1939, A& ,5s.1918, Q-	O 112 J 100 10
atawissa	50 50	712		100-9	ear inc	ome o	K., 100	a.sepi	. 9 40-		Phila.& Er	ie gen. M	.5g.,1920, A& 1920, A&	0 112
2d preferred " entral Ohio (Balt.)	50	40		Non-e	xempt 4s	68	191	8. J&	J § 105		Phila & Re	ead. new	4 g., 1958, J& 5 g, 1958, Feb	J 79'8 8
harl. Col. & Augusta " heshire preferred (Boston)	100			Chic. B	url. & N	Vor. 1s	t 5,192	6, A&(8, J&1	0 81003 0 81003	102	2d pref.	ncome, 5	g, 1958, Feb.	1 35 ¹ 4 1 27 ³ 4
onnecticut & Pass. " onnecticut River "	100	118 215		Thic. B	nture 6	is ninev	4s .192	6, J&I	18 88	101 90	Consol. 1	mort, 7s.	1893, A&	0 127
elaware & Bound Br. (Phila.) lar. Ports. Mt. Joy & L. "	50		170	lowa Chic.&	W.Mich	on 4s	5s, 192	1. J&I	933	93				
an. Cy Ft. S. & Mem. (Boston) Cy Ft. S. & Gulf pf. "	100		65	Consol.	of Ver t River ns. & N	mont.	58.191	3. J&	1 3 86	101	Con. M.,	g.,stam	6 g., 1897, A& ped, 1922, M& , 48. 1917, A&	N 100
. City Mem. & Birm. ittle Schuylkill (Phila.) Ianchester & Law (Boston)	100	6614	67	et. La asteri	ns. & No n 1st m lk. & M.	or'n M ort. 6	g., 190	07, J&	J §1074	125	Po'keepsie	Bridge,	6 g. 1936, F&	494 5
aryland Central (Balt.) 50			Unsta	ik. & M. imped 1	v.,1st lst, 6s	08.193 193	3, A&(\$118		Steuben.&	Ind1st n	t 5 g.1935, J&l n.,5s.1914, J&	J 103 10
esquehoning Val " orthern N. H (Boston)	50	53	I	C. C. F.	S. & M	con.	5s, 1928	, M&I	\$	111	Warren &	Frank18	1894, A&st,78,1896,F&	1 108 10
orth Fennsylvania. (Patta.)	. 50		8112	C.C. St	. Jo. &	C. B.,	78190	7, J&	J		Atlanta & C	harl., 1s	timore.— st 7s, 1907, J& 1900, A&	j 12
ennsylvania & N.W. (Phila, aleigh & Gaston (Balt) 50		Î	ouis.,l	Ev.&St.	L.,1st	,6g.192	6,A&(0 5118 0 5100 0 5 75 0 5 75 0 5 723 3 8		Baltimore Pitts, &	& Ohio 4	4g., 1935, A&t g1925, F&t , 5 g.1926, J& , 4 log.1990, J&	9912
utland(Boston)	.100	63	65 N	Iar. H	. & On	t., 6s.	192	5, A&(3, J&I	\$		Staten Is	land, 2d, 8.W1st.	5 g.1926, J& 4 gg.1990, J&	j
aboard & Koanoke (Ratt.)	100			dexica 1st co	n Cent	ral, 4	g191	1, J&	J § 723	73 381 ₂	Caper.& 1	e c	1916 [&]	101 10
1st preferred(Boston) Preferred(Boston)	. 50 50	80 837 ₈	81 84 N	2d co	nsol, in N.Eng ort. 6s ort. 6s.	comes	, 3s, no 7s, 190	n-cum	j §	$\frac{24}{124}$	Series C. Cent. Ohio	6 g 419 g	1916, J&1 1930, M& st 7s.1895, J& 5 g1929, J&	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
est Jersey (Phila.)	50		60 40	1st m 2d me	ort. 6s.		190	2, F&A	§115 §104		Ga. Car. &	&Aug. 1s Nor. 1st	st 7s.1895, J& 5 g1929, J&	J 107 10 J 103
estern Maryland (Balt.) ilm. Col. & Augusta "	100										Gold 6s o	f 1904	J&	1114.4
isconsin Central (Boston)	.100	2112	125 I	Inc. 6 Rutlan	d, 1st, 6	3s	1902	1920 2, M&I	\$110		Series A,	58	1926, J& 1925, A& ,6 g.1937,M&	
Preferred			60	Bu, 58	onds,	Phila	del 2h	a.	1 1074	99	Piedm.& C	um.,1st,	,6 g. 1937, M&F 5 g. 1911, F&F st 7s. 1898, J&	98 100
MISCELLANEOUS. llouez Mining (Boston) tlantic Mining "	. 25	2 131 ₂	21 ₈ A	tlanti	c City 1	st 5s,	g., 191	M&N	1074	105	Virginia M	id., 1st 6	s1906, M&	11
ty Passenger RR (Balt.) ny State Gas(Boston)	. 25 .	30	82	atawis	re Del. ssa, M.	, 78	190	7. O	116		3d Series	, 6s 8. 3-4-59	1911 M&! 1916, M&! 1921, M&!	108 110
entennial Mining	10 10	6 15	82 C C 1534 C 1112 I 1712 E	learfie	eld & Je	ff., 1st	68.192	7, J&	1164		5th Serie	s, 5s	1921, M&i 1926, M&i , 6 g.1911, J&i 6 g.1914, J&i 6s1910, J&I	100
	25 25	11 167 ₈	111 ₂ I	Del. & l	B'd Br'l	k, 1st,	78.190 58.1926	5, F&A	111112	112	West'n N.C.	& Aug	6 g. 1914, J&. 6s., 1910, J&I	J
ranklin Mining	5 25	6 .								120	Baltimore-	-City Hal	116s.1900.Q-	1 120
ranklin Mining " renchm'n's Bay L'nd " uron Mining"		70									Funding	68	6s1902, J&1916, M&!	
linois Steel ¶ "	100						100	4 0 7	101		Water 5			
uron Mining	100 25 .100 .	11 .	E	Gener	valley.	1. 4 28 1st 6	g.192 189	4, Q-1 8, J&I	1124		Funding	58	1916, M&I	125 12
renchm'n's Bay L'nd " luron Mining" llinois Steel ¶ " learsarge Mining" lorris Canal guar. 4. (Phila.) Preferred guar. 10 secola Mining (Boston)	100 25 .100 100 . 25 25	11 190 36	36 ¹ 4	ehigh 2d 6s Gener ehigh 2d 7s Conso	valley,	t. 4 ¹ 28 1st 6	189 191 192	1, Q—1 8, J&I 0, M&8 3, J&I	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	137	Exchange	58 e 31 ₉ 8	1916, M&I	125 12.
uron Mining	100 25 .100 .100 .25 25 100 25	11 190 36 185. 102	15 N	Conso	ol. 6	t. 78	1896	3, J&I	12912	137 130	Exchange Chesapeak	5s e 3½s e Gas, 6s.	1916, M&I 1916, M&I 1930, J&I 1900, J&I 1910, J&I 1939, J&I 1913, A&G	125 12 125 12 126 12 106 12 116 12

[¶] Unlisted. § And accrued interest. † Last price this week.

	1	Clos'na	Range (sal	es) in 1891	11		Cios'no	Range (sa	les) in 189
RAILBOAD AND MISCEL. BONDS.	Inter'st Period.	Price Jan. 30	Lowest.	Highest.	RAILROAD AND MISCEL. BONDS.	Inter'st Period.	Price Jan. 30	Lowest.	Highest.
1000		7934		80 Jan.	N V Central Freend 5s 1903	MAN	1017ch	1013 Ton	102 Jan
At.Top.&S.F.—100-yr. 4 g.1989 100-year income 5 g1989	Sept.	4878	78 Jan. 4712 Jan.	53 Jan.	1st, coupon, 7s	J&J	1263 b.	127 Jan.	1273 Jan
100-year income 5 g1989 Atl. & Pac.—W. D. inc., 6s.1910	Y 6 Y	137 ₈	12 Jan.	14 Jan. 75 Jan.	Deben, 5s, coup., 18841904	M&S	109 b.	109 Jan.	110 Jan
Guaranteed, 4 g	A&O	1111 ₂ b.	1095 ₈ Jan.	1124 Jan.	N. Y. Chie. & St. L.—4 g1937	A&O	95	91 Jan.	9518 Jan
Guaranteed, 4 g. 1924 Pan. South.—1st guar., 5s. 1908 2d, 5s. 1913 Pentral of N. J.—Cons. 7s. 1899 Consol., 7s. 1902 General mortgage, 5 g. 1987 Leh. & W. B., con. 7s. as's sd. 1900 do mortgage, 5 s. 1912 Am. Dock & limp, 5s. 1921 Pentral Paclific—Gold 6s. 1898 Ches. & Ohio.—Mort. 6 g. 1913 Pst-Consol., 5 g. 1939 R. & A. Div., 1st con., 4 g. 1989 do 1stcon., 24 g. 1989 do 2d con., 4 g. 1989 hes. O. & So. W.—6 g. 1911 Dic. Burl. & Q.—Con. 7. 1903 Debenture 5s. 1913 Debenture 5s. 1913 Debenture 5s. 1913 Denver Division, 4s. 1922 Nebraska Extension 4s. 1927 Zhic. & E. III.—1st, s. I., 6s. 1907	J & J	10614b.	105 Jan.	100 2 Jan.	N. Y. & Harlem—78, reg. 1900 N. Y. Chic. & St. L.—4 g. 1937 N. Y. Elevated—78. 1906 N. Y. Lack. & W.—1st, 68. 1921 Construction, 5s. 1923	J & J	112 b.	111 Jan.	11212 Jan
2d, 5s	M & S	119 a.	95 2 Jan.	98 Jan. 115 Jan.	Construction, 5s 1923	F&A	111 b.	1274 Jan.	132 Jan
Consol., 781902	M & N	121 b.	121 Jan.	12114 Jan.	N.Y. L.E. & W.—1st,con.7g.1920 Long Dock, 7s. 1893 Consol., 6 g. 1935	M&S	*137 b.	133 Jan.	13712 Jan
General mortgage, 5 g1987	J & J	1093 ₄	107 Jan.	1093 Jan. 113 Jan.	Long Dock, 781893	J&D	106 b.	105 Jan. 115 Jan.	105 Jan 117 Jan
do mortgage, 58 1912	M&N	99	112 Jan.		Consol., 6 g	J&D	99	goos Jan.	9938 Jan
Am. Dock & Imp., 58 1921	J . & J	*107 a.	106 Jan.	10812 Jan.	N. Y. Ont. & W1st, 6 g1914	M & 8	11212	1113 Jan.	11212 Jan
entral Pacific—Gold 6s1898	J&J	112 4b.	11238 Jan.	11238 Jan. 117 Jan.	N. Y. Sus & W.—1stref. 5 g 1937	J&J	93	9234 Jan. 94 Jar.	94½ Jan 97 Jan
1st consol. 5 g	MAN	9934	95½ Jan.	993 Jan.	M. I. Sus. & W.—1stref., 9, 21937, Midland of N. J.—6 g 1910 Norf. & W.—100-year, 5 g. 1990 North. Pac.—1st, coup., 6 g. 1921 General, 2d, coup., 6 g 1933 General, 2d, coup., 6 g 1937 Consol mort. 5, g 1989 North Pac. & Mon.—6 g. 1938 No. Pacific Ter. Co.—6 g 1933 Ohio & Miss.—Cons.s.f.—7, 1898 Consol., 7s 1898	A&O	1131gb.	112 Jan.	1144 Jan
R. & A. Div., 1st con., 4 g.1989	J&J	80 a.			North Box 1st 2007 6 3 1990	J&J	93 b.	93 Jan.	95½ Jan 116½ Jan
do 1st con., 2-4 g, 1989	JAJ	7138	68 Jan.	70 Jan. 7138 Jan.	General, 2d. coup., 6 g., 1933	A&O	113½b.	1101s Jan.	11312 Jan
hes. O. & So. W6 g1911	F & A	106	104 Jan.	10712 Jan.	General, 3d, coup. 6 g1937	J & D	110'8	10712 Jan.	110 % Jan
hic. Burl. & Q.—Con. 71903	J&J	984	121 2 Jan. 981 Jan	123 Jan. 10078 Jan.	North Pac & Mon -6 g 1938	M&S	*106 b.	104 Jan.	85% Jan 107 Jan
Denver Division, 4s1922	F & A	91 b.	92½ Jan.	95 Jan.	No. Pacific Ter. Co6 g1933	J & J	106 b.	105 Jan.	1081 Jan
Nebraska Extension 4s1927	M&N	86 b.	8612 Jan.	883 Jan.	Consol 70	J&J	1113b.	1711: Y.	
hic. & E. Ill.—1st, s. f., 6s. 1907	AcCO	121 b.	113 Jan. 120 Jan.	113 Jan. 121 Jan.	Consol., 7s	J&D	105 b.	10319 Jan.	111% Jan 106 Jan
Mic. & E. III.—18t, 8. I., 68. 1907 Consol. 6 g	M&N	98 a.	95 Jan.	9812 Jan.	Ohio Southern—1st, 6 g 1921 General mort., 4 g 1921 Omaha & St. Louis—4 g 1937	M & N	5914	55 Jan.	60 Jan
hic. Gas. L. & C.—1st, 5 g. 1937	J&J	125	831 ₂ Jan.	89 Jan. 125 Jan.	Oragon Imp. Co. 1st 8 g 1937	J&J	57 09 h	53 Jan. 90 Jan.	584 Jan 99 Jan
1st, Southwest Div.—6s1909	J&J	11112	120 Jan. 110 Jan.	125 Jan. 112 Jan.	Ore. R. & Nav. Co.—1st, 6 g. 1910 Ore. R. & Nav. Co.—1st, 6 g. 1909	J & J	107 b.	90 Jan. 107½ Jan.	99 Jan 109 Jan
1st, Southwest Div.—6s1909 1st, So. Min. Div.—6s1910 1st, Ch.& Pac. W.Div.—5s. 1921 Chic. & Mo. Riv. Div.—5s 1926 Wis. & Minn. Div.—5 g1921 Terminal 5 g1914	J&J	1125 ₈ b.	110 Jan.	11212 Jan.	Consol., 5 g	J & D	93 b.	92 Jan.	94 Jan
1st, Ch.& Pac. W.Div5s. 1921	J&J	97 b	104 Jan.	106½ Jan. 98 Jan.	Peo. Dec. & Evansy.—6 g. 1920	J&J	105 D.	105 lg Jan. 100 Jan.	106 Jan 101 Jan
Wis, & Minn, Div.—5 g1921	J&J	103 b.	101 Jan.	103 Jan.	Evansville Div.—6 g1920	M& S	101 b.		1014 Jan
Terminal, 5 g1914	J&J	103 a.	101 Jan.	10234 Jan.	Evansville Div.—6 g 1920 2d mort., 5 g 1926 Peoria & East. consol. 4s. 1940	M&N	69 b.	66 Jan.	70 Jan
Wis, & Minn. Div.—5 g 1921 Terminal, 5 g	J&J	109 b.	107 to Jan.	86 Jan. 109 Jan.	Income. 4s 1990	April	21 a.	75½ Jan. 18 Jan.	794 Jan 22 Jan
1st, con., 6s1913	J & D	10812b.	107 Jan.	109 Jan.	Income, 4s	J & J	7910	783: Jan	81 s Jan
Milw.& North.—M. L., 68, 1910 1st, con., 68	Q-F	139 b.	1381 ₂ Jan.	139½ Jan.	1st pref. income, 5 g. 1958 2d pref. income 5 g. 1958 3d pref. income 5 g. 1958 3d pref. income 5 g. 1958 Pittsburg & Western—4 g. 1917 Rich. & Dany.—Con., 6 g. 1915 Consol. 5 g. 1936	Feb.	35 loh	53 Jan.	58 Jan 381 ₂ Jan
Sinking fund 6s	A&O	114 b.	120 Jan.	126 ¹ 4 Jan.	3d pref. income 5 g 1958	Feb.	2714b.	34½ Jan. 27 Jan.	30 Jan
				10712 Jan.	Pittsburg & Western-4g1917	J&J	7912	7512 Jan.	7912 Jan
Sinking fund deben. 581933	MAN	10842 105 h.	106 g Jan.	10858 Jan. 10514 Jan.	Consol 5 g 1936	JAJ	90 a.	115 Jan. 895 ₈ Jan.	118 Jan 911 ₂ Jan
Extension 4s	F & A	95 b.	96½ Jan.	100 Jan.	Rich.& W.P.Ter.—Trust 6 g 1897	F & A	10012	9718 Jan.	100 g Jan
hic. Peo. & St. Louis-5 g.1928	M & 8	9942p.	9712 Jan.	10012 Jan.	Consol., 5 g	M&B	7338	6834 Jan.	7334 Jan
Extension & col 5s 1934	JAJ	9818	96% Jan.	126½ Jan. 99½ Jan.	R. W. & Ogd.—Con. 5s 1922	A & O	107	74 Jan. 105 Jan.	75½ Jan 107 Jan
Sinking fund deben.5s 1933 25-year debeuture 5s 1909 Extension 4s	A & O	95 b.			St. Jos. & Gr. Island-6 g. 1925	M& N	85 b.	86 Jan.	9212 Jan
Chic. St. P. M. & O. –681930	J & D	87 lob	116 Jan.	119 Jan.	2d prof 7s	J&J	109 b	110 Jan.	110 Jan
Anc, St. F. M. & O. – 68 1930 Dieveland & Canton – 5 g. 1917 J. C. C. & I. – Consol. 7 g 1914 General consol. 6 g 1934 Jol. Coal & Iron – 6 g 1940 Jolepado Midi'd – Cop. 4 g. 1940	J&D	129 b.	129 Jan.	8834 Jan. 129 Jan.	Col. 18t & col. trust, 5g, 1914 Rio G. Western—18t, 4 g 1939 R. W. & Ogd.—Con., 5s 1922 St. Jos. & Gr. Island—6 g 1925 St. L. Alt. & T. H.—1st, 7s, 1894 2d, pref., 7s 1894 St.L.Ark.&Tex.—1st, 6s, t*st. rec. 2d, 6s, 1936 tr rec. ollose red.	r ox A	80%	107 Jan. 783 Jan.	107 Jan 814 Jan
General consol. 6 g 1934	J&J	118 b.	117 Jan.	118 Jan.	2d, 6s, 1936, tr. rec., all ass.pd. 8t. L. & Iron Mt.—1st, 7s 1892		19 b.	19 Jan.	21 Jan
Col. Coal & Iron—6 g 1900 Colorado Midl'd—Con. 4 g 1940	F&A	70%	102 Jan. 69½ Jan.	105 Jan. 71 Jan.	2d. 7 g	F&A	105 b.	104 4 Jan.	105 Jan 107 Jan
Co. H Vol & Tol -Con 5 g 1931	MAS	85	803. Jan	71 Jan. 86 Jan.	2d, 7 g	J & J	1004	9814 Jan.	10014 Jan
General, 6 g	J & D	85 b.	84 Jan.	86 Jan.	Cairo Ark. & Texas-7 g .1897	J&D	*105 b.	1033 Jan.	105 12 Jan
Denver & Rio Gr.—1st, 7 g.1900	M & N	8112	116 Jan. 79 Jan.	117 Jan. 82 Jan.	St. L. & San Fr.—6g. Cl. A 1906	A & O	111 b.	91 2 Jan. 110 Jan.	93% Jan 110 Jan
1st consol., 4 g	J&J	94 b.	91 Jan.	95 Jan.	6 g., Class B1906	M& N	110 b.	111 Jan.	1113 Jan
Det. Mac. & M.—L'd grants. 1911	A & O	30 b.	29½ Jan.	31 Jan. 100 Jan.	6 g., Class B	M&N	111149	111 Jan.	111 ⁷ 8 Jan 110 Jan
Det. Mac. & M.—L'd grants, 1911 Ul. & Iron Range—5s1937 Ul. So. Sh. & Atl.—5 g1937 Knoxville & Ohio—6 g1925 Eliz. Lex. & Big Sau.—6 g1902 Ut. M. & Denv. City—6 g1921	J&J	9738	95 Jan.	100 Jan. 9738 Jan.	8. P. M. & M.—Dak.Ext6g.1910	M&N	116 ¹ 4b.	108 Jan. 115 Jar.	118 Jan
. Tenn. V. & G.—Con., 5 g. 1956	M & N	104 a.	101 Jan.	104 Jan.	1st consol., 6 g	J & J*	1151gb.	11419 Jan.	11512 Jan
Miz Lev & Rig San _6 g 1902	MAS	931gb.	1034 Jan.	107 Jan. 95 Jan.	Montana Extension 4 g 1937	J&J	95 b.	80 Jan	87 Jan
t. W. & Denv. City-6 g 1921	J & D	104 a.	997 ₈ Jan.	105 Jan.				62 Jap.	67 Jan
tt. W. & Denv. City-6 g 1921 dal. H. & San An W. Div. 1st, 5 g. Ian. & St. Jos Cons. 6s 1911	M&N	935 ₈	9312 Jan.	94 Jan.	1st, 6 g	J & J	*64 b.	62 Jan. 1264 Jar.	66 Jan 128% Jan
Ran. & St. 308.—Cons. 68 1911 Illinois Central—4 g 1952 nt. & Gt. No.—1st, 6 g 1919 Coupon, 6 g., trust rec. 1909 owa Central—1st, 5 g 1938 Lentucky Central—4 g 1987	A & O	941 ₂ b.	114 ¹ 4 Jan. 96 ¹ 2 Jan.	117 Jan. 961 ₂ Jan.				61 ¹ 4 Jan.	614 Jan
nt. & Gt. No.—1st, 6 g 1919	M & N	113 b.	111 Jan.	115 Jan.	Gen'l 6 g., Tr. rec. ass't'd.1921 So. Car.—1st, 6 g., ex coup.1920		105 h.	103 Tan	103 Jan
Coupon, 6 g., trust rec1909	M&S	82	72 Jan. 80% Jan.	76 Jan. 84 Jan.	80 Pac. Ariz -6 g 1909-10	I & I	* 1234b.	13 Jan.	14 Jar 1034 Jar
centucky Central—4 g1987	J&J	82	70le Ton	82½ Jan.	So. Pacific, Cal.—6 g1905-12	A & O	112 b.	112 Jan.	112 Jan
ings Co. El.—1st, 5 g 1925 aclede Gas—1st, 5 g 1915 ake Erie & West.—5 g 1937 ake Shore.—Con.ep., 1st, 7s. 1900	J&J	100 ¹ 8a.	9934 Jan.	1004 Jan.	1st, consol., gold, 5 g1938	A & O	100 b.	99 Jan.	101 Jar
ake Erie & West -5 g 1937	J&J	10912b.	105le Jan	821 ₂ Jan. 1097 ₈ Jan.	Tenn. C. I. & Ry.—Ten. D. 1st. 6g	AACO	93 b.	86 Jan.	10312 Jar 94 Jar
ake ShoreCon.cp.,1st,7s.1900	J & J*	12134b.	120½ Jan.	12234 Jan.	Income, 6s. 1931 So. Pac, Ariz.—6 g. 1909-10 So. Pacific, Cal.—6 g. 1909-12 1st, consol., gold, 5 g. 1938 So. Pacific, N. M.—6 g. 1911 Tenn. C. I. & Ry.—Ten. D., 1st, 6g Birm. Div., 6 g. 1917 Tex. & Pac.—1st, 5 g. 2000	J & J	95 b.	93 Jan.	9612 Jar
				124 Jan.	Tex. & Pac.—1st, 5 g2000	J & D	3334	8519 Jan.	897a Jar
ong Island—1st, con., 5 g. 1931 General mortgage, 4 g. 1938 ouisv. & Nashv.—Con., 7s. 1898	J & D	92 b.	90 Jan.	113 Jan. 92½ Jan.	2d, income, 5 g	M & N	90 b.	93 Jan.	3514 Jan 9519 Jan
uisv. & Nashv.—Con., 7s. 1898	A & O	114 ¹ 2b.	113 Jan.	11412 Jan.	Tol. A. A. & Gr. Tr6 g1921	J & J	104 b.	105 Jan.	10514 Jan
N. O. & Mob.—1st, 6 g1930	J&J	109 a.	114 Jan.	116 Jan.	Tol. & Onlo Cent.—5 g1935	J&J	74 lob	102% Jan.	10712 Jan 77 Jan
Dulsy & Nashy - Con., 78, 1898 N. O. & Mob.—1st, 6 g1930 do 2d, 6 g1930 E. H. & N.—1st, 6 g1930 General. 6 g1930 Collateral trust, 5 g1931 Duls. N. A. & Ch.—1st, 6s 1910	J& D	111 b.	11212 Jan.	11212 Jan.	Tol. Peo. & West.—4 g. 1917 Tol. St. L. & Kan. C.—6 g. 1916 Union Pacific—6 g. 1899 Sinking fund. 88. 1893 Collect trust 44.	J&D	87120.	834 Jan.	91 Jai
General. 6 g1930	J & D	114 ¹ 2b.	11312 Jan.	1131 ₂ Jan.	Union Pacific-6 g 1899	J & J	11378b.	1134 Jan.	113% Jan
uis. N. A. & Ch.—1st, 6s. 1910	J & J	10840.	101 Jan. 106 Jan.	103 Jan. 111 Jan.	Collat. trust 440 1918	MAN	70	70 Jan	111 Jan 72 Jan
puls. N. A. & Ch.—Ist, 6s. 1910 Consol., 6 g	A&O	915 ₈ b.	8434 Jan.	91 ½ Jan.	Collat. trust 4 ¹ g. 1918 Kansas Pacific—1st, 6 g. 1895 1st, 6 g. 1896 Denver Div.—6 g. 1899	F&A	1101₂b.	11019 Jan.	111 Jan
ouis. St. L. & Texas—6 g1917	F&A	12leh	78 Jan.	88 Jan. 113 ¹ 2 Jan.	1st, 6 g	J&D	110 b.	111 You	
2d, 6s	M&N	104 b.	104 Jan	10512 Jan.	1st consol 6 g1899	M&N	110%	111 Jan. 108 Jan	111 Jan 110% Jan
ich. Cent1st, con., 7s1902	M & N	12312b.	122 Jan.	1231 ₂ Jan.	1st consol., 6 g 1919 Oregon Short Line—6 g 1922 Or.S.L.&Ut'hN.—Con.5 g.1919 U.P.Den.& Gulf con. 5 g.1939 Uxion Flaveted 6 g 1923	F&A	106 b.	10212 Jan.	106 12 Jan
Consol., 5s	M&N	108 b.	10714 Jan.	1074 Jan.	U.P. Den & Gulf con 5 g.1919	A&O	78 a.	7712 Jan.	80 Jan
Exten. & Imp., 5 g. 1921	F & A	1013sb.	98 Jan	122½ Jan. 101½ Jan.	Union Elevated—6 g 1939	M&N	109 b	78 Jar. 106 Jan.	82 Jan 1091 ₂ Jan
K. & T.—1st 4s, g 1990	J&D	7734	743 Jan.	78 Jan.	Virginia MidGen. m., 5s, 1936	M & N	83 b.	81 Jan.	85 Jan
0. Pacific—1st. con 6 g 1990	F & A	108 b	36½ Jan.	4412 Jan.	Union Elevated—6 g	MAN	84 b.	83 Jan.	8612 Ja
3d, 7s1906	M & N*	1143b.	115 Jan	108 Jan. 115 Jan.	2d mortgage, 5 g 1939	F & A	7412	98 Jar. $73\frac{1}{2}$ Jan.	101 4 Jan 77 2 Jan
Pac. of Mo1st, ext., 4 g.1938	F&A	10018a.	99 ¹ 4 Jan.	100 Jan.	Debent. M., series B. 1939 West Shore—Guar. 4s. 2361 West. N. Y. & Pa.—1st, 5g, 1937 2d mort 3g, 5g, 1927	J&J	30 b.	ou oan.	35 Jai
obile & Ohio-New 6 g 1997	JAJ	113 b	99½ Jan.	100 Jan. 114 ¹ 2 Jau.	West Shore-Guar. 4s2361	J&J	093	100 Jan. 96 Jan.	103 Jai 993 Jai
0. Facinc—1st, con., 6 g. 1920. 3d, 7s	M&S	6612	63 Jan.	66le Jan	2d mort., 3g., 5sc. 1927	A & O	33	96 Jan. 30½ Jan.	34 12 Jar
utual Union Tel.—6 g 1911 ash. Ch. & St. L.—1st, 7s. 1913 Con. 5 g	M & N	104 b.	102 Jan.	102 Jan.	2d mort., 3g., 5sc	J&J	99	98 Jan.	99 ¹ 4 Jai
	a AV. al	120	120 Jan.	120 2 Jan.	wis. Cent. Co.—1st, 5 g 1937	JULI	94 20.	95 Jan.	97 Jar
Con. 5 g. 1928	A & O	105 b	105 la Jan	1051a Jan	Income, 5 g1937		42 b	3412 Jan.	45 Jar

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES-(Continued).-INACTIVE BONDS-JANUARY 30.

SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	Ask.
Railroad Bonds. (Stock Exchange Prices.) Alabama Mid.—1st, g., 6s 1928 Atlantie & Danv.—1st g., 6s1917 Atl. & Pac.—2d W. D., gu. 6s. 1907 Balt. & Ohio—1st, 6s, Park B. 1919 5s, gold	115 111	112	Baltimore & Ohio—(Continued)— Mon. Riv., 1st guar., g., 5s. 1919 Cent'l Ohio Reor.—1st, 4l-9s. 1930 Beech Creek—1st, gold, 4s 1936 Bost. H. Tun. & W.—Deb. 5s. 1913 Brooklyn Elevated—2d, 3-5s. 1915 Buff. Roch. & Pitts.—Gen., 5s. 1937 Roch. & Pitts.—1st, 6s 1921 do Consolidat'd 1st, 6s. 1922 unt Ced. Ran. & No.—1st, 5s. 1906	$\begin{array}{c} 92 \\ 97^{1_{2}} \\ 84 \\ 96^{1_{2}} \\ 118^{1_{2}} \\ 111 \end{array}$	1123	Burl. Ced. Rap. & No.—(Contin'd)— Consol. & collat. trust, 58 1934 Minn. & St. L.—1st, 78. gn. 1927 Iowa C. & West.—1st, 78 1909 Ced. Rap. I. F. & N., 1st, 68.1929 1st, 58. F. & N., 1st, 98.1921 C.Ohio— Ool. & Cin. M.1st, 4½8.1939 Cent. RR. & Bank.—Col. g.58.1937 Sav. & West.—1st con.gtd.58.1929 Cent. of N. J.—Conv. deb., 68.1998	85 ¹ 9 *112 95 84 ¹ 9	

^{*} No price Friday; these are the latest quotations and this week.

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE PRICES .- INACTIVE BONDS-(Continued)-JANUARY 30.

SECURITIES.		Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	1	Bid.	Ask.	SECURITIES.	Bid.	A
Railroad Bonds,—(Cont (Stock Exchange Prices.) ntral Pacific—Gold bds, 6s, 1 Gold bonds, 6s				Gal. H. &S. A.—2d mort., 78190	05	90	100	Pennsylvania RR(Con.)	101	
ntral Pacific—Gold bds, 6s, 1	895	108		Gal. H. & S. A.—2d mort., 7s. 196 West. Div., 2d 6s	7 *		98	Pennsylvania RR.—(Con.) 4tb.,sink.tund	101 *111	
Gold bonds, 6s1 Gold bonds, 6s1	896 897	10958		Grand Rap. & Ind.—Gen. 5s 192 Green B. W. & St. P.—1st 6s 191	1 *	70	90 80	2d, 7s	109	10
San Joaquin Br., 681	900	*106	101	2d income, all subs. paid			27½ 104½	Peo.&EInd.B.&W1st,pt.7s.1900	1144	
Mort. gold 5s1	939		102	N. Haven & Derby, Cons. 5s193	8 *		110	Peoria & Pek. Union—1st, 6s.1921	112	
Land grant, 5s, g	900 899		101% 110	Hous.& Tex.C.—1st, m. l. 7s.Tr.re West Div. 7s.Trust receipts.189	c. 1	1133 ₄ 1133 ₄		2d mortg., 4½s. 1921 Phila. & Read.—3d pref. convert Pitts. C. C&St. L.—Con. g. 4½s A1940 Pitts. Cleve. & Tol.—1st, 6s1922	60 29	6
No. Railway (Cal.)—1st, 6s.1	907		101	1st Waco & Nor.—7s190	1 1	111		Pitts.C.C&St.L.—Con.g.4128A1940	*****	
50.year 5s1 es. & O.—Pur. M. fund, 6s.1	898		11349	Gen. mort.6s, Trust receipts. 192	5		8534			
es. & O.—Pur. M. fund, 6s. 1. es. O. & So. West.—2d, 6s. 1. ies. O. & So. West.—2d, 6s. 1. ieago & Alton—1st, 7s 1. inking fund, 6s 1. 2d, 7s 1. 2d, 7s 1. 1st, guar. (564), 7s 1. 2d mort. (360), 7s 1. 2d, mort. (188), 7s 1. ie. Burling. & Q.—5s. s. 1. ie. Burling. & Q.—5s. s. 1. owa Div.—Sink. fund, 5s 1. Sinking fund, 4s 1.	$908 \\ 911$	118	119 80	Illinois Central—1st, g., 4s 195 1st, gold, 3-bs 195 1st, gold, 3-bs 195 Springf Div.—Coup., 6s 185 Middle Div.—Reg., 5s. 195 C. St. L. & N. O.—Ten. 1., 7s. 185 1st, consol., 7s. 185 2d., 6s. 195 Memp Div., 1st g. 4s. 195 Dub. & S. C.—2d Div., 7s. 185 Ced. Falls & Minn.—1st, 7s. 196 Ind. De. & Spr.—1st 7s, ex. cp. 196 Ind. De. & West.—M. 5s. 194 2d M., inc. 5s, trust rec. 194 2d M., inc. 5s, trust rec. 194 Kan. C. Wyan. & N. W.—1st, 5s. 185 L. Sh. & M. So.—C. P. & A.—7s. 185 L. Sh. & M. So.—C. P. & A.—7s. 185 Buff. & Er.—New bonds, 7s. 185	1 .		105 93	Pitts. Mc. K. & Y.—1st 6s 1932 Pitts. Mc. K. & Y.—1st 6s 1932 Pitts. Painsv. & F.—1st, 5s 1916 Pitts. Y. & Ash.—Consol. 5s 1927 Prese't & Ariz. Cent. 1st, 6s,g. 1916	113	9
icago & Alton-1st, 7s1	893	$\frac{1041_{2}}{120}$		Springf. Div.—Coup., 6s189	8 1	100		Pitts, Y. & Ash.—Consol. 5s1927	*****	1.
ouis. & Mo. River-1st, 7s.1	900	119		C. St. L. & N. O.—Ten. l., 7s. 189	7			2d income, 6s1916	*	1.4
2d, 7s1 t. L. Jacks, & Chic.—1st.7s.1	900 894	$^{112}_{108}^{1}_{4}$		1st, consol., 7s	77			Rich, & Dany.—Debenture 6s. 1927 Equip. M. s. f., g., 5s 1909	10142	10
1st, guar. (564), 7s1	894	108		Gold, 5s, coupon195	1 *1	105	95	Atl. & Char.—1st, pref., 7s1897	100	
2d, guar. (188), 7s1	898			Dub. & S. C.—2d Div., 7s 189	4 1		106	Preset & Ariz. Cent. 1st, 6sg. 1916 2d income, 6s		::
uss.R. Bridge—1st, s. f., 6s.1 c. Burl. & Nor.—Deb. 6s	912 896	$\frac{105}{100}$		Ind. D. & Spr.—1st 7s. ex. cp 196)7)6	$\frac{85}{921_2}$	88	Rome Wat. & Og.—1st M., 7s. 1891 St. Jos. & Gr. Is.—2d inc. 1925	*10112	1000
c. Burling. & Q.—5s, s. f. 1	901	10314	105	Ind. Dec. & WestM. 5s194	7			Kan. C. & Omaha—1st, 5s1927	105	
Sinking fund, 4s1	919	$\frac{101_{19}}{925_{8}}$		Inter, & Gt. Nor.—Coup. 68190	9 .			Dividend bonds		1
lain, 4s	921	86 971 ₂	90 971 ₂	Kanawha & Mich.—Mort. 4s.199 Kan C. Wyan & N. W.—1st. 5s. 199	100			Belley, & Car —1st, 6s1896 Belley, & Car —1st, 6s1923	*111	::
Mil. & St. P.—1st,8s,P.D.1	898	12112	110	L. Sh. & M. SoC. P.&A7s.189	2 1	106		Bellev. & Car.—1st, 6s 1923 Chi.St.L.&Pad.—1st,gd.g.5s1917	*101	-
st, 78, \$ g., R. D	$\frac{898}{902}$		124	Det. M. & T.—1st. 7s190	18 1	11512	130	do 2d income .5s.1931	* 80 * 40	1.3
st, La Crosse Division, 78.1	893	$\frac{107}{112}$	109 113	Lake Shore—Div. bonds, 7s. 189	9 1	1163	$1177_{8} \ 1081_{2}$	Car. & Shawt.—1st g. 4s1932	* 80 105	i
Sinking fund, 4s. 1 Iain, 4s. 1 Ic. & Indiana Coal—1st 5s. 1 I. Mil. & St. P.—1st, Ss. P. D. 1 d, 7. 3-10s, P. D. 1 st. 7s, \$\$\frac{2}{5}\$, R. D. 1 st. 1a. Crosse Division, 7s. 1 st, 1a. & M., 7s. 1 st, 1. & D., 7s. 1 st, C. & M., 7s. 1 st, C. & M., 7s. 1 st, 1. & D. Extension, 7s. 1 st, 1. & C. Day, 5s. 1	899	114	1041	Kan. C. Wyan. & N. W.—Ist, 5s. 19t. L. Sh. & M. So.—C. P. & A.—7s. 18t. Buff. & Er.—New bonds, 7s. 18t. Det. M. & T.—Ist, 7s	0	102_{12}	200-2	Cm.St.L.&Pau.—18t.ga.g.3s197 St. Louis So.—18t. gd. g. 4s. 1931 do 2d income ,5s. 1931 Car. & Shawt.—1st g. 4s 1932 St. L. & I. M.—Ark. Br., 1st, 7s. 1895 St. Lou. & S. Fran.—Equip., 7s, 1895 General Sc.	10018	
st, C. & M., 78	903	120%	$124\frac{1}{2}$ $123\frac{1}{2}$	Long Island—1st. 7s 186	18	117	98 118	General 5s. 1931 1st, trust, gold, 5s. 1987 Kan. City & S.—1st, 6s, g. 1916 Ft. S. & V. B. Bg.—1st, 6s. 1910 8t. Paul & Duluth—1st, 5s. 1931	*****	
st, La C. & Dav., 5s. 1 st, H. & D., 7s. 1 st, H. & D., 5s. 1 hicago & Pacific Div., 6s. 1 lineral Point Div. 5s. 1	919	*100 ¹ 4 119 ¹ 8		N. Y. & R'way B.—1st, g. 5s. 192	7		4249	Kan. City & S.—1st, 6s, g1916		1
st, H. & D., 78	910	* 99		Smithtown&Pt.Jeff.—1st,7s 190	1 *	107	4249	St. Paul & Duluth—1st, 5s1910	*108	1.
hicago & Pacific Div., 6s1	910	115	9919	Louis Evans & St. L.—Con.5s. 198	19	86	87	2d mortgage 5s	100	i
. & L. Sup. Div., 58 1	921			Pensacola Division, 6s192	0 *	107		St. Paul & Duuth—1st, 98. 1931 2d mortgage 5s. 1917 St. Paul Minn & M.—1st, 7s. 1909 2d mort, 6s. 1909 Minneap. Union—1st, 6s. 1922 Mont. Cen.—1st, guar., 6s. 1937 East. Minn., 1st div. 1st 5s. 1908 San Fran. & N. P.—1st, g., 5s. 1919 Shenandon Valley—1nc. 6s. 1923	1163	
. & L. Sup. Div., 58. 1 argo & South., 68, Assu. 1 nc. conv. sink. fund, 58. 1 akota & Gt. South., 58. 1 c. & N. W.—Esc. & L.S. 1st, 68.1	$\frac{924}{916}$	110		2d. 3s	30 *	56		Minneap. Union—1st, 6s1922 Mont. Cen.—1st, guar., 6s1937	•112	i
akota & Gt. South., 5s1	916			Nashv. & Decatur—1st, 7s190	00	115	116	East. Minn., 1st div. 1st 5s.1908	-101	
Des M. & Minn.—1st, 7s1	907	121		10-40, gold, 6s192	4	102		Shenandoah Valley—Inc., 68.1923	* 15	
owa Midland—1st, 8s1	900	$\frac{126_{2}}{115}$		50 year 5s, g.,	37 1	77		Sah Talit. & T. 1-18, g., 98.1918 Shenandoah Valley—Inc., 68.1923 Sodus Bay & 80.—1st, 58, g 1924 South Carolina - 2d, 68 1931 So. Pac. Coast—1st, guar., 48.1937 Texas Central—1st, 8. f., 78 1909	* 63	1:
hic. & Milwaukee-1st, 7s.1	898	1144	115	Pens. & At 1st, 6s, gold192	21	10412		So. Pac. Coast-1st, guar., 4s. 1937	93	-
Iil. & Mad.—1st, 6s1	907 905	$^{130}_{*112}$		Nash, Flor. & S. 1st gu. 5s.,193 Lou.N.Alb.&Ch.—Gen.m.g.5s.194	10	7738	103	1st mortgage, 7s1911	******	1.
tt. C. F. & St. P.—1st, 5s1	909	106 106		Lou. N. O. & Tex.—1st, 4s193	34	8834			*110	
3.I.&P.—D.M.&F.D.,1st4s.1	905			Memphis & Charl.—6s, gold192	24	101_{2}	103	Tex. & Pac., E. Div.—1st, 6s.1905	10912	
1st, 2 ¹ 9s	905			1st con. Tenn lien, 7s191	5 1	120	95	Tol A A & Cad —68 1917	110 861 ₄	i
Ceokuk & Des M.—1st, 5s1	923	90		2d, income, 6s, "A"191	17			Tol. A. A. & Mt. Pl.—681919	1001.	
Parota & Gt. South., 5s 1 c. &N. W. — Esc. &L.E. S.1st, 6s. 1 bes M. & Minn. — 1st, 7s 1 bes M. & Minn. — 1st, 7s	936			Lou. N. O. & Tex.—lst, 4s. 19; 2d mort, 5s. 19; Memphis & Charl.—6s. gold. 19; 1st con. Tenn lien, 7s	9	118	122	Sanne Division, 18t, 68. 1912 Ex. & Pac., E. Div1st, 68, 1905 Third Avenue (N.Y.)1st 58, 1937 Tol. A. A. & Cad68. 1917 Tol. A. A. & Mt. Pl68. 1919 Union Pacific—1st, 68. 1996 1st, 68. 1997	109^{1}_{4} 110^{7}_{8}	
ic. St. P. & Minn.—1st, 6s1	918	123 123		Coupon, 5s	31		$113^{1_{2}}$ 101	1st, 6s	1123 ₉	1
ic. & W. Ind.—1st, s. f., 6s.1	919	*106		Jack. Lan. & Sag.—68189	1 *	102^{1}_{4}		Collateral Trust, 5s1907	*	. 7
Ham, & D.—Con. s. f. s. 1	932	123	115	Mil. L. S.&W.—Conv. deb., 5s. 196 Mich. Div., 1st. 6s	24	$\frac{1001_{2}}{113}$	115	1st, 6s. 1897 1st, 6s. 1898 Collateral Trust, 6s. 1908 Collateral Trust, 5s. 1907 C. Br. U. P.—F. c., 7s. 1895 Atch. Col. & Pac.—1st, 6s. 1905 Atch. J. Co. & W.—1st, 6s. 1905 U. P. Lin. & Col.—1st, g., 5s. 1918 Oreg. S.L. & U. N., col. Urst, 5s. 1919 Utah & North.—1st, 7s. 1908 Gold 5s. 1926	100	1
d, gold, 4128	937		96	Ashland Division—1st, 6s 192	25	115	120	Atch. J. Co. & W.—1st, 6s1905		i
onsol., 6s1	920			Minn.& St. L.—1st, g. 7s19:	7 *	10314	110	Oreg.S.L.& U.N., col. trst., 5s. 1919	76	1
J.C. & St. L., Cairo div.—4s. 1	936 939	* 6212	70	Ashland Division—1st, 6s. 19: Incomes Minn.& St. L.—1st, g. 7s. 19: 19w 2d mortg., 7s. 199 2d mortg., 7s. 18: 8outhwest Ext.—1st, 7s. 199 Pacific Ext.—1st, 6s. 19: 1mpr. & equipment, 6s. 19: Minn. & Pac.—1st mortg., 5s. 19: Minn. & Pac.—1st mortg., 5s. 19: Mins. Ste. M. & Atl.—1st, 5s. 19: Missouri Pacific—Trust 5s. 19: Missouri Pacific—Trust 5s. 19: Mobile & Ohio—1st ext., 6s. 19: Mobile & Ohio—1st ext., 6	99	90 ¹ 4 53		Gold, 5s		1:
Col. Cin. & Ind.—1st, 7s,s.f.1	899		118	Southwest Ext.—1st, 7s191	10			Gold, 5s	102 100	
ve. & Mah. V.—Gold, 5s1	938	109_{12}		Impr. & equipment, 6s192	22	90		Valley R'y Co. of O.—Con. 6s. 1921	100	10
Consol. sink. fund. 7s	936	106	108 109	Minn. & Pac.—1st mortg., 5s. 193	36			Wabash—Deb. M., series "A". 1939 No. Missouri—1st. 7s	107	
d, 6s	926	* 80	87	Mo.K.&TK.C.&P., 1st, 4s, g.199	00			Exten., 1st, 7s	10714	
				Missouri Pacific — Trust 5s191 Mobile & Ohio—1st ext., 6s192	27	93		West. Va. C. & Pitts.—1st, 6s.1911	*100	
yra. Bing. & N. Y.—1st, 7s.1 Iorris & Essex—1st, 7s1	906	131		St. L. & Cairo-4s, guar193	31	80	801	Wheel.&L.E.—1st. 5s, gold1926 (W.D.)—1s.g.,5s1928	*106	10
2d, 7s. 1 Bonds, 7s. 1	891	1043	1047_{8}	Morgan's La. & T.—1st, 6s192 1st, 7s193	18	100	114	Miscellaneous Bonds.		
7s of 18711	900	115	126	Nash. Chat. & St. L.—2d, 6s190 New Orleans & Gulf—1st, 6s.193	26			1st con., gold, 5s1907	*	10
7s of 1871 1 1st, con., guar., 7s 1 1. & Hud. Can.—1st, ex. 7s.1	915	1011	137_{2}	N. O. &. No. E.—Pr. I., g., 6819	15			Roston IIn Gas-Tr. cer. 5s 1939	90	i
oupon, 7s1	894	110-9	111	N. Y. Cent.—Deb. g. 4s 196 N. J. Junction—Guar. 1st, 4s. 198	36	$\frac{98^{7}8}{100}$		Chic. Jun. &S. Yds.—Col.t. g,5s,1915 Cahaba Coal Min.—1st g. 7s1907 Col. & Hoek. Coal & I.—6s, g1917		
oupon, 7s	$\frac{917}{906}$	142	131	N. J. Junction—Guar. 1st, 4s. 198 N. Y. N. H. & H.—1st, reg. 4s. 196 N. Y. & Northern—1st, g 5s. 198	27		110	Consol'n Coal—Convert. 681897	98 1011 ₂	10
1st, cons., guar., 6s1	906	119	12112			4612	51	G Con Co Chicago lat		1
1st, cons., guar., 6s	$921 \\ 908$	95	147 100	N. Y. Susq. & West.—2d, 4½s.193 Gen. mort., 5s, g	10	$\begin{array}{c} 74 \\ 82 \end{array}$	8312	Consumers Gas Co., Chreago—1st guar. 5s		1
nv. & R. G.—Imp., g., 581	928	83 110		North'n Pacific—Divid'd scrip ex James River Val.—1st, Gs193	t. :	103	106	Equitable G. & F.—1st 6s1905	* 84	10
		105	110	Spokane & Pal.—1st, 6s19	36		104	Hackensack Water-1st, 5s1926	10812	
			83	Spokane & Pal.—1st, 6s193 St. Paul & N. P.—Gen., 6s193 Helena&RedM'n—1st,g., 6s.193	37	10018	$\frac{122}{102}$	Iron Steamboat Co.—6s1901	10812	1
G. & Imp., g., 5s	937	* 85	95	Duluth&Manitoba—1st,g.68193	36	10578	10612			i
e—1st extended 7s	918	114	11612	Dul.&Man Dak.Div.—1st6s.193 Cœur d'Alene—1st, 6s, gold.193	16	103 ⁷ 8 107		Nation'i Starch Mfg.—1st, 6s,1920 N.Y. & Perry C & I.—1st, g. 6s,1920	80	
		115	11019	Ceur d'Alene—1st, 6s, gold. 197 Gen. 1st, g., 6s	38		106 106		10212	2
th, extended, 4128	920	113		Norfolk & WestGeneral, 6s.19	31	119		People's Gas & Coke \ 1st g. 6s, 1904 Co., Chicago \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	* 95	10
st cons fd coup 7s	928	1004	1013 ₄ 135	New River, 1st, 0s	32 .	113		West. Union Tel.—7s 1875–1900	112	i
Reorg., 1st lien, 6s	908	103	137	Imp. & Ext., 6s	24			Unlisted Ronds.		
Reorg., 1st lien, 6s	922	*100		Equipment, 5s	7	97	99	Ala.&VicksConsol.5g.,1921.A&0 2d M., income till '94, 1921A&0	90	1
unded coup., 5s. 1 ncome, 6s. 1	969	80	83 75	Scioto Val. & N. E.—1st, 4s .199 Ogd. & Lake Ch.—1st con. 6s199	90		7458	2d M., income till '94, 1921A&O Vicks, & Merid.,1st 6s, 1921.A&O	70 96	1
Bull. & S. W.—Morte, 68 1	908	101		Ohio & Miss-2d consol. 7s191	11	115		Atlanta & Charl1st 7s,1907.J&J	117	1
efferson—1st, gu. g. 5s 1 hicago & Erie, 1st, g., 4–5s, 1	909	102	104 87	Springfield Div.—1st 7s196)5 *		116	Comstock Tun.—Inc.4s, 1919.M&N Georgia Pac.—1st 6s, 1922J&J	28 109	i
Income, 58 1 reka Springs R'y-1st,6s.g.1	982	* 25		General 5s	36			Consol. 5 g , 1923 A&O Income, 5 g , 1923 A&O Hous, & Tex. Cent.—1st g. 5s.1937	73	1
aus. & T.H18t.cons681	921	114	118	General mort., gold, 5s193 Oregon & California—1st, 5s.193	271*	94	96	Hous. & Tex. Cent.—1st g. 5s.1937	17	110
Mt. Vernon—1st 6s	923	*	112	Oregon Imp't-Cons., g. 5s19	39	6912	90	2d, g. 6s	104 67	10
int & P. Marq.—Mort., 6s1	920	11919	110 1221 ₂	Oregon Imp't—Cons., g. 5s19; Oreg. Ry & Nav.—Col. tr. g. 5s19 Penn. RRP.C. & S. L1st, c., 7s.19	00 *	117		Mem &Charl Cons. 7 g., 1915. J&J	110	1
st con. gold, os	939		$102\frac{1}{2}$ $100\frac{1}{4}$	Pitts. Ft. W. & C.—1st, 7s 19: 2d, 7s			$\frac{142}{141}$	N.Y. & G'd Lake1st6s, 1908.F&A 2d mort., 6s, 1908F&A St.L.Ark.& Tex1st4s.When issu'd	25 6	1
Port Huron—1st, 5s	19.554								6919	1

^{· ..} we writers these are the latest quotations made this week.

Investment Kailroad Intelligence.

The Investors' Supplement, a pamphlet of 150 pages contains extended tables of the Funded Debt of States and Cities and of the Stocks and Bonds of Railroads and other Companies. It is published on the last Saturday of every other month—viz., January, March, May, July, September and November, and is furnished without extra charge to all regular subscribers of the Chronicle. Extra copies are sold to subscribers of the Chronicle at 50 cents each, and to others at \$1 per copy.

The General Quotations of Stocks and Bonds, occupying six pages of the Chronicle, are published on the third Saturday of each month.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

1	Latest 1	Earnings R	enorted	Jan 1 to	Latest Date
ROADS.	-			1890 or '91	Latest Date.
labama Midl'd Liab'ma Miner'l	November.	\$ 48,393 19,439	8	8	\$
llegheny Vai	Navember	19,439 $213,276$	23,218 $200,632$	2,385,787	0 100 100
tch. T. & S. Fe. Half owned	3d wk Jan. 3d wk Jan. 3d wk Jan. 3d wk Jan.	510,038	469,691	1,501,166	2,169,489 $1,404,852$
Total system.	3d wk Jan.	510,038 32,716 542,754 108,160	24,439	80,975 1,582,140	65,054
Bt L. & San F.	3d wk Jan.	108,160	494,130 103,584	295,003	$\frac{1,469,906}{284,840}$
		32,093 140,253 683,006 160,503		79.156	63,067 347,907
Agg. total	3d wk Jan. 3d wk Jan.	683,006	127,408 $621,538$ $153,182$	374,158 1,956,299	347,907 1.817.813
tlanta & Char.	October	160,503	153,182	1,956,299 1,371,161 136,770	1,817,813 1,225,579 94,738
Atlanta & W.Pt. 3.&O.East Lines	December. December.	$14,503 \\ 52,622$	12,865 48,697	479.946	94,738 462,427
Western Lines	December.	1,539,632 482,395	1,639,000 491,993	18,659,915 $5,668,744$	17,330,220
Total	December.	2 022 027	2,130,993	24.328.658	5,096,872
Bal. & O. Southw. Balt. & Potomac	3d wk Jan.	42,274 138,376 5,700 86,280	41,904	121,786 $1,708,369$	22,427,093 125,713
Bath & Ham'dpt	October	5,700	$133,480 \\ 3,919$	1,708,369	1,633,733
seech Creek	Septemb'r.	86,280	70,759	743,029	582,119
Buff. Roch. & Pitt	November. 3d wk Jan.	17,057 41,044 59,239	$13,389 \\ 26,592$	118,047	79.77
Bur. C.Rap. & N.	3d wk Jan. 2d wk Jan.	59,239	26,592 50,217 38,588	$\frac{108,931}{760,665}$	79,770 101,109 699,350
amden & Ati.	November. December.	42,058 39,700	39,351	760,665	699,350
	3d wk Jan. 3d wk Jan.	39,700 293,000	234,000	869,000	692,00
en.RR.& Bg.Co	December.	873 907	$10,669 \\ 878,492$	8,708,176	27,84 8,058,74
Jent. N. Eng. &W	November.	60.792	39,980		
Central of N.J Central Pacific	November. November.	60,792 1,231,292 1,390,900	39,980 1,172,311 1,278,395	12,486,829 14,683,529	12,385,78 $14,486,94$
	October	10,938	11,294 50,704	14,683,529 95,499	84.22
N. London Nor	Wk Jan.17 Wk Jan.17	51,623 10,401	9,109		158,649
Ogd. & LakeCh Tot. system.	Wk Jan.17 Wk Jan.17	10.803	12,941 $75,287$	28,611 34,816 296,159 106,902	38,070 301,00
Juar. Cin. & Chie	Wk Jan.24 October	73,858 17,672	12,573	296,159 106,902	301,00
Charlest'n & Sav	November.	17,672 57,501 12,234	12,573 57,468	019,902	549,08
Chat.R'me&Col.	October December.	33,000	$3,410 \\ 30,292$	58,421 365,432	24,94
Chatt'n'ga Uni'n	December.	9,216 9,557	9 196	115,166	24,94; 282,31 107,11; 78,61
Cheraw. & Darl. Ches. & Ohio	November. 3d wk Jan.	9,557	142.519	98,320 414,134	78,61
Ches. & Ohio Ches. O. & S. W.	December.	148,896 207,762 8,608	7,771 142,519 196,196	2,156,006 63,586	406,13 2,134,19
Chic. Burl. & Q.	October November.	2,872.681		63,586 $32,314,854$	30,867,84
Chic.& East. Ill.	3d wk Jan. 3d wk Jan.	79,624	2,967,578 61,987 396,760 2,182,965	220,642	
Chie. Mil. & St.P. Chie. & N'thw'n.	December.	442,408 2,183,176	396,760 2.182,965	$1,334,271 \\ 28,038,208$	1,233,33 $26,185,28$ $311,32$
Chic.Peo. & St. L.	October	47.190		340,073	311,32
Chie. Rock I.& P. Chie. St. P. & K. C.	December. 2d wk Jan.	1,353,133 62,790 677,727	1,389,542 73,489	16,971,131	16,697,57 151,74
Chic.St.P.&K.C. Chic.St.P M.&O.	November.	677,727	668,937	119,477 6,274,536	
Ohic. & W. Mich. Chippewa Val	3d wk Jan. December.			67,922 146,395	60,83 137,38
Cin. Ga. & Ports.	December.	4,025 5,156 11,738	5,233 5,000	67.025	65,68
Cin. Jack & Mac. Cin. N. O. & T. P.	3d wk Jan. 3d wk Jan.	11,738 76,943	8,945 75,019	33,604	65,68 28,93
Ala Gt South	3d wk Jan. 3d wk Jan.	37,655	36,993	212,826 95,059	225,13 110,28
N. Orl. & N. E. Ala. & Vicksb.			20,876 13,292	63,749 35,726	64,54
VICKS, SH. & P.	3d wk Jan.	11,764	12.812	33,069	39.09
Erlanger Syst. Cinn. Northw'n.	3d wk Jan. 3d wk Jan. December.	160,590 1,954	158,992	440,429 20,437	481.07
Cin. Wab. & Mich.	December.	49.270	41,171	084.030	531.09
Clev. & Canton	December		$\{-13,209$	47,219	41,04
Peo. & East'n.	3d wk Jan.	53,000 239,716	220,690	580,000 688.184	
Peo. & East'n. Olev. & Marietta	Ocember	30,091	29.825	688.184 84,326	662,87 83,22 263,65
Color. Midland.	3d wk Jan.	29,375 36,738	30,158	330,071 109,610	88.60
Color. Midland Col. H. V. & Tol. Colusa & Lake	December.	244,678	1 184,996	3,020,858	2,524,65
					26,16 116,60
Cumberl'nd Val. Day Ft.W.&Ch Denv. & Rio Gr.	November.	.84,438 44,341 165,500	75,643 40,746 137,500 6,178	1	1
Denv. & Rio Gr.	3d wk Jan.	165,500	137,500	$\begin{array}{c} 502,215 \\ 432,500 \\ 117,280 \\ 216,989 \end{array}$	499,01 402,50
Des Moin. & No.	December.	10,394	6,178	117,280	62,46 189,21
Det.Bay C.& Alp	3d wk Jan.	18,244 10,594	20,000	210,989	24.28
Des Moin. & No. Des M. & N'west Det.Bay C. & Alp Det.Laus'g & No Duluth S.S. & Atl	3d wk Jan.	18,629	16,045	53.429	47.87
E.Tenn. Va. &Ga.	November.	26,647 593,689	571,026	80,648	5.244.45
Knoxv. & Ohio	November.	64,381	53,163	642,212	531,08
E.Tenn. Va. & Ga. Knoxv. & Ohio Total system. Elgin Jol. & East.	November	147,098 49,012	142,419	429,462 541,806	437,23
Eliz.Lex.&B.S	3d wk Dec.	45,528	43.569	1	
Eliz.Lex.&B.S Empire & D'blin Evans.&Ind'plis Evansv. & T. H.	November,	3,162 6,219	1,333	32.991	12,28
Evansv. & T. H.	3d wk Jan. November. 3d wk Jan.	19,626	19,401	58,092	46,36
		596,515	611,208	5,972,056	5,565,88

	1	CONTOLL	<u> </u>			[Vo	L. LII.
Ft. W. & Rio Gr. December. 9,931 4,548 134,422 26,937 26,931 14,642 26,937 26,931 14,642 26,937 26,931 14,642 26,937 26,931 14,642 26,937 26,931	1		Latest E	arnings Re	ported.	Jan. 1 to L	atest Date.
Flor. Cent. A. F. 3 wix Jan. 51.50 25.607 54.508 78.548 78.546 78.54	١	ROADS.	Week or Mo	'90 or '91.	'89 or '90.	1890 or '91	1889 or '90
Ga. Car'la & No Cocher. 9.9.51 4.548 52.973 4.866.928	١						
Ga. Car'la & No Cocher. 9.9.51 4.548 52.973 4.866.928	I	Flor. Cent.& P. Ft. W. & Rio Gr.	3d wk Jan.	$31.180 \\ 26.220$	28,607	94,190	85,858 78,610
Cin.R.& Fr. W. 3d w. Jan. 7,306 3,309 9,006 87,128 34,007 3,289 9,006 87,128 34,007 3,289 9,006 87,128 34,007 3,289 1,007 3,289 1,007 3,289 1,007 3,289 1,007 3,289 1,007 3,289 1,008 3,280 1,008 1,00	I	Ga. Car'la & No.	October	9.951	4,548	52,973	26,931
Tenner lines	١	Geo. So. & Fla	December.	78,574	40,097	750,263	333,817
Tenner lines	١	Cin.R.& Ft. W.	3d wk Jan. 3d wk Jan.	7,303	6,500	102,196	98,870 19,673
Chic & Gr. Tr. W. Jan. 17 19.823 69.915 214.874 218.860 Guid & Chicago Cheember 4.7608 44.770 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.4370 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870 44.670 44.4373 44.870	١	Other lines Total all lines.	3d wk Jan.	3,297 48,561	3,289 45,169	9,706	8,718 127,260
Dott of Chicago December (1988) 17,092	١			336,861	319,599		1,306,581
Contemporary Cont	١	Det.Gr.H.& M.	Wk Jan.17	19.823	17,028	58,070	54,432
Inc.	١	Housatonic		125.5781	107,563	1,434,104	1,153,063
Lowa lines	I	Ill.Cen.(Ill.&So.)	December	17,000	17,936	168.7981	158,367 $14.199.041$
Ton Maillean December 160,000	١	Cedar F & Min	Doggmbon	197 612	7,068	98,310	94,370
Frank T. & K. Wo Sovember Kanankhadello 3 dw Jan 6.155 4.567 13,800 14,199 14,199 15,800 17,583 14,199 14,199 15,800 17,583 14,199 14,199 15,800 17,583 14,199 14,199 15,800 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,599 17,590	١	Iowa lines	December.	205,870	196,047	2,175,680	1,915,298
Frank T. & K. Wo Sovember Kanankhadello 3 dw Jan 6.155 4.567 13,800 14,199 14,199 15,800 17,583 14,199 14,199 15,800 17,583 14,199 14,199 15,800 17,583 14,199 14,199 15,800 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,599 17,590	1	Ind.Dec.& West.	December.	48,033	41,180	458,571	406,751
Frank T. & K. Wo Sovember Kanankhadello 3 dw Jan 6.155 4.567 13,800 14,199 14,199 15,800 17,583 14,199 14,199 15,800 17,583 14,199 14,199 15,800 17,583 14,199 14,199 15,800 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 14,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,583 18,199 17,599 17,590	1	Iowa Central	3d wk Jan		30,148	1,560,000 92,955	1,037,387 $92,700$
K.C.F.S. & Mem. 3 dw K. Jan. K.C.C.Mem. & Bit. K.C.F.S. & Mem. 3 dw K. Jan. K.C.C.Mem. & Bit. K.C.F.S. & Mem. 3 dw K. Jan. K.C.C.S. & Mem. 3 dw K. Jan. K.C.C.Mem. & Bit. K.C.F.S. & Mem. 3 dw K. Jan. K.C.C.Mem. & Bit. K.C.F.S. & Mem. 3 dw K. Jan. K.C.C.Mem. & Bit. K.C.F.S. & Mem. 3 dw K. Jan. K.C.C.Mem. & Bit. K.C.F.S. & Mem. 3 dw K. Jan. K.C.Mem. & Bit. K.C.F.S. & Mem. 3 dw K. Jan. K.C.C.Mem. & Bit. K.C.C.Mem. & Bit. K.C.Mem. & Bit. K.C.Mem. & Bit. K.C.F.S. & Mem. 3 dw K. Jan. K.C.Mem. & Bit. K.C.Mem. & B	1	Iron Railway Jack'y.South't'n	December.	3,241 77,999	3,008 52,125	37,027	40,738
K.C. Mem. & Herr. 3d wk Jan. 23,151 27,397 67,107 76,954 66,188 66,188 66,188 66,189 77,193 32,859 173,107 76,954 67,954 67,	1	J'k'nv.T.& K.Wg	November.	52,947	61,594	495,929	486,088
Continue	١	Kan, C. Cl. & Sp.	3d WK Jan.	6.155	4.587	17,583	14,563
Continue	1	K.C.Mem. & Bir.	3d wk Jan. 3d wk Jan.	23,515	27,397	67,107	76,954
Ringst'n & Fem. 2d wk Dec. 2,349 2,372 159,559 172,407 160,607 161,607		Kentucky Cent. Keokuk & West.	3 wks Dec.	66.188		1,075,956	1.036.053
L. Erie & West		Knox.C.G. & L	2d wk Dec.	2,349 3,762	2,312	159,589	172,407
Louis Ex & St.L. Louis Ex & St.L. Couis & Mo. Niv. September Louis Ex & St.L. Sd wk Jan. Louis N. As & Ch. Sd wk Jan. Louis N. As & Louis N. Missis N. Louis N. As & Louis N. Louis N. As & Louis N.			December.	63.381		67,954	63,143
Louis Ex & St.L. Louis Ex & St.L. Couis & Mo. Niv. September Louis Ex & St.L. Sd wk Jan. Louis N. As & Ch. Sd wk Jan. Louis N. As & Louis N. Missis N. Louis N. As & Louis N. Louis N. As & Louis N.		Lehigh & Hud	December.	30,418	22,470	352,231	270,816
Louis, N. A&Ch, 3d, wk Jan. Lynch, & Chur's Memphis, & Chas, 3d, wk Jan. Iffer, S. A. Ch, 3d, wk Jan. Iffer, S		Long Island	December.	263,222	230,045	3,956,715	3,503,950
Louis, N. A. S. Cor. Louis, N. A. Cor. Louis, N.		Louis, Ev. & St.L.	3d wk Jan.	38,119	$\frac{48,271}{18,303}$		331,753 49,165
Coulsy N.A. Care Coulsy N.A.		Louisy, & Nashy, Louis, N. A & Ch.	3d wk Jan.	366,905 41,421	345,952 36,627	1,048,090	1,034,784
Lyncho, &Dur'm December 14,000 3,250 116,115 136,168 120,114 381,201 316,872		Louis, N. A&Cor	December	95 040	282	14,023	11.814
Mex. National. 3d wk Jan. 186,105 120,1134 184,106 184		Lou. St.L.& Tex.	3d wk Jan.	7,384	5,732	19,571	18,961
Mex. National. 3d wk Jan. 186,105 120,1134 184,106 184		Memphis & Chas	3d wk Jan.	42,277	43,499	120,039	
Mill. L.Sh. & Wess 3d wk Jan. Mill wankee & No 3d wk Jan. Mobile & Birm. 3d wk Jan. Mobile & Birm. 3d wk Jan. Mobile & Birm. Movember. November. N. Jersey & N. Y. November. N. Jersey & N. Y. November. N. Jersey & N. Y. November. N. Y. C. & H. R. December. N. Y. Sus, & W. December. N. Y. Sus, & W. December. N. Y. Sus, & W. Jenember. N. Y. Sus, & W. Jenember. November. N. Y. Sus, & W. Jenember. November. North'n Cebember. Nor		Mex. National .	3d wk Jan. 3d wk Jan.	74,447	71.984	381,201 224,298	218,106
Minteral Range. December Minmeap, &St.L. Minm		Mexican R'way	Wk Dec. 27	98,689 49,962	69,365 51,614	4,069,477 136,874	152.596
Mobile & Birm. 3d wk Jan. 5,891 5,932,364 5,935,486 1,935,884 16,487 16,483 16,483 16,484 17,946 16,484 17,946 16,484 17,946 16,484 17,946 16,484 17,946 16,484 17,946 17,946 17,946 17,946 17,946 17,946 18,485 19,447		Milwaukee & No		30.799	22,867	83,881	64,401
Mobile & Birm. 3d wk Jan. 5,891 5,932,364 5,935,486 1,935,884 16,487 16,483 16,483 16,484 17,946 16,484 17,946 16,484 17,946 16,484 17,946 16,484 17,946 16,484 17,946 17,946 17,946 17,946 17,946 17,946 18,485 19,447		Minnean, &St.L.	December	141,720	126,330	1,518,290	1,447,938
Mobile & Ohio. Mobi		Mo. Kan. & Tex.	December.	809.330	824,370	8,652,676	7,820,182
N. Jersey & N. Y. November. 23,743 22,021 159,190 36,346		Mobile & Birm	December. 3d wk Jan.		23,395	326,486 19,174	16,483
N. Jersey & N. Y. November. 23,743 22,021 159,190 36,346		Mobile & Ohio	December.	347,752 43,051		3,444,279	3,053,884
N. Y. C. & H. R. N. Y. L. E. & W. December 2, 377, 635 2, 187, 861 29, 201, 700 27, 512, 023 N. Y. P. A. Ohio Movember. N. Y. & N. Charles 1, 20, 201, 700 27, 512, 023 N. Y. & N. Charles 1, 20, 201, 700 27, 512, 023 N. Y. & N. Charles 1, 20, 201, 700 27, 512, 023 N. Y. & N. Charles 1, 20, 201, 700 27, 512, 023 N. Y. & N. Charles 1, 20, 201, 700 27, 512, 023 N. Y. & N. Charles 1, 20, 201, 700 27, 512, 023 N. Y. Sang, & W. December 1, 30, 048 1, 24, 237 1, 140, 252 North'n Gentral December 1, 20, 201, 707 1, 140, 252 North'n Gentral December 1, 20, 201, 707 1, 140, 252 North'n Gentral December 1, 20, 201, 707 1, 140, 252 North'n Gentral December 1, 20, 201, 707 1, 140, 252 North'n Gentral December 1, 20, 201, 707 1, 140, 252 North'n Gentral December 1, 20, 201, 201, 201, 201, 201, 201, 20		Nash. Ch. & St. L.	December.		309,265	3 781 631	3,505,725
N. Y. A. & Ohio Movember. N. Y. & North'n. December. N. Y. & North'n. N. Y. Say, & W. Norfolk & West b. Norfolk & West b. North'n Central. Ohio & Miss		New Orl. & Guli	December.	20,817	22,029	159,190	182,140
N. Y. & Northin. December. N. Y. Ont. & W. a. Mark Man. N.Y. Susq. & W. December. S. O. A. & S. A. & S		N. Y. L. E. & W.	December.	2,377,635	2,981,531 2,187,861	29,201,700	27,512,023
Nortolia West b 3d wk Jan. 175,097 164,863 590,292 434,663 434,663 776,686 60,3797 776,686 776,786 776		N. Y. & N. Eng.	November. November.	592,409 506,715	609,990 491,348	6,608,731 5,546,346	5,177,238
Nortolia West b 3d wk Jan. 175,097 164,863 590,292 434,663 434,663 776,686 60,3797 776,686 776,786 776		N. Y. Ont. & W.	December.	36,707 50,349	$42,800 \\ 31,775$	511,199 146,252	581,786 89,944
Ohio & Miss 3d wk Jan. 585,270 246,143 214,796 200, dk Maysv. December. 665 836 9,363 11,026 24,342 20,010 200 214,796 200,010 214,796 200,010 214,796 200,010 214,796 200,010 214,796 200,010 214,796		N.Y. Susq. & W Norfolk & West. A	December.		124,237 164,863	1,590,310	1,402,466 484,063
Ohio & Miss 3d wk Jan. 585,270 246,143 214,796 200, dk Maysv. December. 665 836 9,363 11,026 24,342 20,010 200 214,796 200,010 214,796 200,010 214,796 200,010 214,796 200,010 214,796 200,010 214,796		N'theast'n (S. C.)	October	65,598	51,304	580,029	6 060 057
Col. & Maysv. December Col. & Maysv. December Col. & Maysv. Col. & Col.		Northern Pacific	3d wk Jan.	378,530	247,262	1,207,197	776,686
2, 24, 342 24, 342 24, 343 24, 344 24, 343 24, 344 2		Ohio & Northw.	December.	19,335	20,788	220,019	210,014
Onio Southern. December. 58,783 41,695 502,101 522,638 Onio Mah & St. L. December. 58,783 41,695 59,323 608,888 524,890 Orio Mah & St. L. December. 50,585 59,323 608,888 524,890 Orio Mah & St. L. December. 5,305,319 5,495,264 66,202,260 61,514,445 646,687 364,481 530,616 467,555 466,627 466,687 38,431 530,616 475,5782 475,7693 475,7693 475		Ohio River	December. 2d wk Jan.	12,861	12,171	26,322	24,342
Omaha & St. L. December. Oregon Imp. Co. Cotober. 50,585 59,323 608,888 524,890 Pennsylvania. December. 50,585 59,323 608,888 3571,175 Pennsylvania. December. 3,305,319 5,495,264 66,202,260 61,514,445 Penila. & Erie. December. 1,636,111 1,634,942 20,965,636 467,555 Phila. & Read'g December. 1,666,371 1,374,597		Ohio Southern.	December.	4.925	41,696 3,321	567,510 14,125	522,638 9,566
Peninsylvania December 5,305,319 5,495,264 66,202,260 61,514,445 Peoria Dec. & Erie December 17,403 38,431 530,616 467,555 Phila, & Read'g December 488,295 412,193 47,55,752 4322,317 Prita, Bran, & Ch. December 1,666,371 1,664,942 20,965,636 19,273,042 Prita, December 3,202,488 3,029,559 Pritts, December 3,202,488 3,029,559 Pritts, Pain, & F. November 3,202,488 3,029,559 Pritts, Pain, & F. November 3,202,488 3,029,559 Pritts, Pain, & F. November 45,680 Pritts, Pain, & F. Pritts, Pain,		Omaha & St. L	December.	50,585	59,323 390,362	3.762,651	524,890
Phila. & Read'g December 1,686,171 1,634,942 20,965,566 19,273,042 10,275,782 4,322,317 1,344,942 20,965,566 19,273,042 1,344,942 20,965,566 19,273,042 1,344,942 20,965,566 19,273,042 1,344,942 20,965,566 19,273,042 1,344,943		Pennsylvania	December.	5,305,319	5,495,264	66,202,260	61,514,445
Philla, & Erie. November. 438,295 412,193 4,759,782 4,322,317 Philla, & Read'g Coal & IronCo. December. 1,666,377 1,374,597 Total bloth Cos. December. 2,302,488 3,029,539 Pitts, Mar. & Ch. December. 27,362 115,874 1,357,693 1,286,189 Pitts, Clev. & T. November. 27,512 20,897 269,184 263,503 Pitts, Pr. Royal & Aug. November. 27,512 20,897 302,369 288,913 Pt. Royal & Aug. November. 28,211 94,819 1,371,375 302,369 288,913 Pt. Royal & Aug. November. 28,214 39,460 36,059 94,324 108,175 Pt. Royal & Aug. November. 28,214 34,194 134,594 128,508 Pt. Royal & Aug. November. 28,214 1,008 11,400 254,628 250,400 Rich. & December. 19,3950 177,200 251,628 254,628 250,400 Rich. & Green. December. 18,950 177,200 23,15,859 35,533,813 Rich. & Petersh. December. 130,000 315,350 302,369 288,913 Rich. & Petersh. December. 139,505 177,200 254,628 250,400 Rich. & Petersh. December. 18,950 177,200 315,359 315,359 315,359 315,359 325,267 Rich. & Petersh. December. 18,950 315,350 32,198 325,267 Rich. & Petersh. December. 25,308 251,78 332,798 325,267 Rich. & Petersh. December. 25,308 251,78 332,798 325,291 Rich. & Petersh. 25,308 251,78 332,798 325,291 Rich. & Petersh. 25,308 251,78 332,798 325,291 Rich		Petersburg	December.	42,157	90,401	530,616	467,555
Coal & IronCo. December 1,606,377 1.374,597 Total both Cos. December 1,27,362 115,874 1,357,693 1,286,189 Pitts. Mar. & Ch. December 1,3300 2,225 1,357,693 1,286,189 Pitts. Clev. & T. November 27,512 20,897 269,184 263,503 Pitts. Quincy O. & K. C. December 28,211 36,059 31,234 108,175 Pt. Royal & Aug. November 28,214 32,963 302,369 288,913 Pt. Royal & W. Caar November 28,214 32,963 302,369 288,913 Pt. Royal & Aug. November 28,214 32,963 302,369 288,913 Pt. Royal & Aug. November 28,214 1,400 254,628 250,400 Rich. & December 24,078 25,120 254,628 250,400 Rich. & December 1,600 31,77,200 254,628 250,400 Rich. & Petersh December 1,300 302,369 288,913 Rich. & Petersh December 11,900 177,200 23,15,859 254,028 Rich. & Petersh December 1,300 3,833 15,350 32,798 Rich. & Petersh December 1,300 3,833 15,350 25,178 332,798 Rich. & Petersh December 2,300 22,25 Rich. & Petersh December 2,300 360,59 Rich. & Petersh December 2,4078 302,369 288,913 Rich. & Petersh December 1,400 3,114 3,145 Rich. & Petersh December 1,400 3,145 3,145 Rich. & Petersh December 1,500 3,833 1,49,321 Rich. & Petersh December 2,300 3,145 3,145 Rich. & Petersh December 2,300 3,145 3,145 Rich. & Petersh December 2,300 3,145 3,145 Rich. & Petersh December 3,300 2,225 3,148 3,145 Rich. & Petersh December 3,300 3,145 3,145 3,145 Rich. & Petersh December 3,300 3,145 3,145 3,145 Rich. & Petersh December 3,300 3,145 3		Phila. & Read'g	December.	438,295 1,686,111	1,654,942	20,965,656	19,273,042
Pitts, Mar. & Ch. December. 3,300 12,225 37,033 21,928 Pitts, Clev. & T. November. 127,362 450,408 452,796 452,7	-	Coal & Iron Co Total both Cos	December.	1,606,377 $3,292,488$	1.374,597 $3,029,539$		
Pitts.Clev.&T. November. 45,680 37,226 450,408 452,796 269,184 263,503 36,055 94,324 108,175 178,000 28,913 36,055 94,324 108,175 178,000 28,913 32,963 302,369 288,913 32,965 369,424 128,508 24,078 25,120 254,628 250,400 268,618 27,000 27,000 27,000 28,913 302,369 288,913 302,369 3		Pitts, Mar. & Ch Pittsb, & West'r	December.	3,300 $127,362$	115,874	37,033 1,357,693	1.286.189
Pitt. Young. & A. December. Pt. Roya & W. Car. November. Pt. Roya & W. Car. November. Rich. & Danville. December. Char. Col. & Au. December. Char. Col. & Greenv. December. Char. Col. & Greenv. December. Georgia Pac. December. Total Sys'm. 3d wk Jan. Rich. & Petersb. December. Rich. & Petersb. Rich. & Petersb. Rich. & Petersb. December. Rich. & Petersb. Rich. & Peters		Pitts.Clev.&T.	November.	45,680	37.226	450,408	452,796 263,503
Pt. Royal & Aug. November. Pt. Royal & Aug. November. Pt. Roy. & W. Cair. November. Quincy O. & K. C. December. Quincy O. & K. C. December. Quincy O. & K. C. December. Pt. Royal & M. Cair. November. Quincy O. & K. C. December. Quincy O. & K. C. December. Pt. Montangara. Quincy O. & K. C. December. Quincy O. & M. Quincy		Total system	3d wk Jan.	39,160	36,059	94,324	108,175
Quincy O.& R. C. December 24,078 25,129 254,628 250,409 Rich. & Danville. December 181,790 193,951 177,200 2,315,859 2,149,261 183,950 177,200 2,315,859 2,149,261 183,950 177,200 2,315,859 2,149,261 183,950 177,200 2,315,859 2,149,261 183,950 177,200 2,315,859 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,275 177,200 2,149,2		Pt. Royal & Aug	November.	28,214	32,963	302,369	288,913
Quincy O.& R. C. December 24,078 25,129 254,628 250,409 Rich. & Danville. December 181,790 193,951 177,200 2,315,859 2,149,261 183,950 177,200 2,315,859 2,149,261 183,950 177,200 2,315,859 2,149,261 183,950 177,200 2,315,859 2,149,261 183,950 177,200 2,315,859 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,261 177,200 2,149,275 177,200 2,149,2	3	Pres. & Ariz. Cen	December.	11,088	11,400	104,004	128,508
Vir. Midland December. Char. Col. & Greenv. December. West. No. Car. December. West. No. Car. December. West. No. Car. December. Georgia Pac. December. Wash. O. & W. December. Total Sys'm. 3d wk Jan. Rich. & Petersh. December. Rio Gr. West 3d wk Jan. Rome W. & Ogd. December. Sag. Tuscola & H. December. Sag. Tuscola & H. December. St. L. A. K. H. B. S. 3d wk Jan. St. Paul & Dul'th December. St. L. A. K. & Tex. 3d wk Jan. St. Paul & Dul'th December. St. Paul & Dul'th December. Montana Cent. December. Montana Cent. December. Total Sys'm. December. Montana Cent. December. San. & A. A. Pass. November. Total Sys'm. December. San. & A. A. Pass. November. San. & A. M. & Mon. Seculor. Solven Sectiot Val. & November. Sectiot Val		Quincy O.& K.C	. December.	500.940	503,700	15.908.636	5,543,813
West. Ao. Lar. December. 19,700 94,91,72 940,128 125,867 14,977,59 151,359 151,359 125,867 150,000 15,000)	Vir. Midland	December.	193,950 81,790	177,200 81,766	2,315,859 935,411	2,149,261 888,826
Asilv. & Spiral. Becember. Total Sys'm. 3d wk Jan. Rich. & Petersh. December. Ric Gr. West 3d wk Jan. Rome W. & Ogd. December. Sag. Tuscola&H. December. St. L. A. & Tex. 3d wk Jan. St. L. Ark. & Tex. 3d wk Jan. St. Paul & Dul'th December. Bet. P. Min. & Man. December. Montana Cent. Montana Cent. Total Sys'm. December. St. L. Ark. Arex. 3d wk Jan. St. Paul & Dul'th December. Montana Cent. Total Sys'm. December. San. & A. Arex. 3d wk Jan. San. & A. B. Obcember. Sav. Am. & Mon. December.)	Col. & Greenv	. December.	75,980	79,300	862,398 945,172	
Asilv. & Spiral. Becember. Total Sys'm. 3d wk Jan. Rich. & Petersh. December. Ric Gr. West 3d wk Jan. Rome W. & Ogd. December. Sag. Tuscola&H. December. St. L. A. & Tex. 3d wk Jan. St. L. Ark. & Tex. 3d wk Jan. St. Paul & Dul'th December. Bet. P. Min. & Man. December. Montana Cent. Montana Cent. Total Sys'm. December. St. L. Ark. Arex. 3d wk Jan. St. Paul & Dul'th December. Montana Cent. Total Sys'm. December. San. & A. Arex. 3d wk Jan. San. & A. B. Obcember. Sav. Am. & Mon. December.	,	Georgia Pac	December.	197,700	190,881	1,925,031	1,497,759
Rich & Petersh December Sag. Tuscola&H December Sag. Tuscola&H December St. L. A.K. H. B.'s 3d wk Jan St. Paul & Dul'th December St. Paul & St. P	-	Ashv. & Spart	. December.	11,500	10,554	144.598	121.220
Sag.Tuscola&H. December 7,487 6,634 104.925 106.990 St.L.A.K.T.H.LS 3d wk Jan. 76,939 83,895 214.218 231.825 St. Paul & Dul'th December 8t P.Min. & Man. December 114,581 90,905 1,493,376 1,301.986 St. Paul & Dul'th December 116,384 90,905 1,493,376 1,301.986 St. Paul & Dul'th December 116,384 733,032 1,301.986 East. of Minn. December 116,384 73,802 1,141,179 888,582 Total Sys'm December 1,132,349 874,616 12,012,273 10,271,158 Sav. Am. & Mon. December 170,220 175,663 1,564,634 Seattle L. S. & E. 3d wk Jan. 80,000 1,72,06 Seitoto Val. & N. E. October 71,225 5,193 20,620 15,644 Seattle L. S. & E. 3d wk Jan. 6,370 5,193 20,620 15,644 Seattle L. S. & E. 3d wk Jan. 6,370 5,193 20,620 15,644 Seattle L. S. & E. 3d wk Jan. 6,370 5,193 20,620 15,644 Seattle L. S. & E. 3d wk Jan. 6,370 5,193 20,620 15,644 Seattle L. S. & E. 3d wk Jan. 6,370 5,193 20,620 15,644 Seattle L. S. & E. 3d wk Jan. 6,370 5,193 20,620 15,644 Seattle L. S. & E. 3d wk Jan. 6,370 5,193 20,620 15,644 Seattle L. S. & E. 3d wk Jan. 6,370 5,193 20,620 15,644	į	Rich, & Petersh	. December.	25,308	25,178	870,950 332,798	833.750
Sag.Tuscola&H. December. 7,487 6,634 104,925 100,990 67,300 67,300 67,300 67,300 67,300 67,300 67,300 67,300 67,300 67,300 67,300 67,300 67,300 214,218 231,825 231,825 136,201 231,825 149,327 130,1986 68,823 10,36,903 8,753,693 8,753,693 66,182 735,001 688,833 8,753,693 66,182 775,002 1,411,79 88,582 77,802 1,411,79 88,582 88,582 170,220 175,663 1,564,654 1,266,699 1,72,06 1,266,699 1,72,063 1,72,0)	Rio Gr. West Rome W. & Ogd	. 3d wk Jan. December.	296,787	20,675 301,041	0,001,014	62,225 3,586,166
East. of Minn. December. 144,922 66,182 735,001 668,883 10,326 10,320 668,883 68,582 77,802 1,141,179 88,582 116,484 77,802 1,141,179 88,582 116,484 77,802 1,141,179 10,271,158 8.Aut.&Ar.Pass. November. 170,220 175,663 1,564,684 1,266,690 8.Co. Aut.&A. Mon. December. 50,000 21,696 403,454 155,209 8eattle L. S. &E. 3d ky Jan. 6,370 5,193 20,620 15,644		I Sag. Tuscola& H	. December	7.487	23,497		
East. of Minn. December. 144,922 66,182 735,001 668,883 10,326 10,320 668,883 68,582 77,802 1,141,179 88,582 116,484 77,802 1,141,179 88,582 116,484 77,802 1,141,179 10,271,158 8.Aut.&Ar.Pass. November. 170,220 175,663 1,564,684 1,266,690 8.Co. Aut.&A. Mon. December. 50,000 21,696 403,454 155,209 8eattle L. S. &E. 3d ky Jan. 6,370 5,193 20,620 15,644		St.L. Ark. & Tex	. 3d wk Jan	76,939	83,895	214,218	231,825
East. of Minn. December. 140,922 661,82 735,001 6688,883 Montana Cent. December. 116,484 77,802 1,141,179 868,582 Total Sys'm. December. 170,220 175,663 1,564,634 1,266,690 170,220 175,663 1,564,634 1,266,690 170,220 175,664 1,646,634 1,266,690 170,220 1,696 403,454 155,209 8ciotoVal.&N.E. October. 50,000 21,696 403,454 155,209 8ciotoVal.&N.E. October. 71,228 6370 5,193 20,620 15,644	,	Bt P. Min. & Man	. December.	974.943	730,632	10,100,000	6,100,000
S. Ant. & Ar. Pass. November. 170,220 175,663 1,564,6634 1,266,990 S. Fran, & N. Pae. 24 wk Jan. 10,054 9,270 Sav. Am. & Mon. December. 50,000 21,696 403,454 155,209 Seattle L. S. & E. 3d wk Jan. 6,370 5,193 20,620 15,644	3	Montana Cent	December.	116,484	66,182 77,802	735,001	668,883
Seary Sear	7				175,663	1,564,684	
Seattle L. S. & E. 3d wk Jan. 6,370 5,193 20,620 15,644	3	Say, Am. & Mon	. 2d wk Jan December	50,000	21,696	19,983	17,206
8nenandoah Val\December. 99.106 95,008 1,319,075 968,720	3	SciotoVal.&N.E	October	71,229	5 103	599.196	
	•	Snenandoah Va	December	99.108	95,008	1,319.075	968,720

ROADS.	Latest E	arnings R	eported.	Jan. 1 to 1	Latest Date.
atoabs.			1890 or '91	1889 or '90	
		*	8	8	8
Bioux City & No.	November.	34,619	******	283,677	
South Carolina .	December.	146,000	119,841	1,552,203	1,354,223
Spar. Un. & Col.	October,	11,438	11,937	103,505	96,147
So. Pacific Co.—		400 800	000 00=		
Gal. Har. &S.A.	November.	422,531 107,388	366,827 108,191	3,950,756 1,072,794	3,606,230
Louis'a West	November.	107,888	205,191	5 047 000	993,592
Morgan's L&T.	November. November.	633,684 $25,552$	605,416	5,047,662	4,780,905
N. Y. T. & Mex. Tex. & N. Orl.	November.	160 619	25,157	202,901 $1,735,697$	170,375 1,566,976
Atlantic sys'm	November.	1 338 504	180,206 1,285,796	12,009,807	11,118,076
Pacific system	November.	3,008,466	2.840.257	32,181,494	31,522,249
Total of all				44,191,300	42 640 325
So. Pac. RR.	MOTOR DEL.	1,001,210	1,120,000	11,101,000	12,010,020
No. Div. (Cal.)	November.	175,130	176,308	2,139,668	2,008,394
80. Div. (Cal.)	November.	537,580	491,724	5,950,568	5,611,392
Arizona Div	November.	176,810	177,286	1,850,209	1,706,435
New Mex. Div.	November.	90,936	82,483	957.589	865,523
Staten I. Rap. T.	December.	58,435	53,439	1,005,213 51,869	929,928
Stony Cl.&CMt	November.	1,662	1,745	51,869	49,080
Summit Branch.	December.	110,171	91,333	1,123,754	1,190,954
Lykens Valley	December.	75,354	83,849	955,566	921,183
Tal.& Coosa Val.	December.	6,247 25,787	5.854 $24,726$	955,566 78,363	66,010
Tenn. Midland	December.	25,787	24,726	219,551	195,838
Texas & Pacific.	3d wk Jan.	130,855	150,298	378,822	433,932
Tol. A. A.& N. M.	1st wk Jan	18,895	21,415	18,895	21,415
Tol. Col. & Cin	3d wk Jan.	4,898	4,965	$\frac{14,817}{73,136}$	13,444
Tol.& Ohio Cent.	3d wk Jan.	22,185	21,633	73,136	59,259
Tol.& O.Cen.Ex.		10,621	8,397	109,312	95,905
Tol. P. & West	3d wk Jan.	17,598	18,785	50,983	50,803 82,751
Tol. St. L. & K.C.	3d wk Jan.	27,275 1.765	26,850	83,733 26,135	82,751
Tol.&So. Haven.	December.	1.765	1,938	26,135	24,175
Ulster & Del	November.	26,749	31,237	346,247	309,661
Union Pacific—	Maramban	071 000	E00 505	0 001 011	E 050 000
Or. S. L. & U. N. Or. Ry. & N. Co.	November.	671,698 558,551	586,525 455,520	6,881,911	5,958,939 4,218,458
St.Jo.&G'd Isl.	2d wk Jan.	15,639	27,800	4,469,217 32,720	59,591
Un.Pac.D.&G.		502,774	420,093	5,278,206	4,163.506
All oth. lines	November.		2 130 900	22 032 847	20 647 454
Tot.U.P.Sys.	November.	3 993 124	3 722 510	22,032,847 39,852,908	36 096 791
Cent.Br.& L.L.	November	61,522	90,752	918,893	753,196
Tot. cont'led			3,813,263	40,771,800	36.849.987
Montana Un	November.	89,934	73,686	876,773	697,796
Leav. Top. & S.	November.	2.481	2,553	28,369	27,102
Man. Al.& Bur.	November.	3,598	2,800	35,277	30,847
Joint.own'd, 12	November.	48,006	39,519	470,459	377,872
Grand total.	November.	4,102,653	3,852,782	41,242,260	37.227.859
U.S'kYds.&T.Co	November. November.	244,355	233,792	2,468,407	2,109,717
Vermont Valley	December.	13,900	14,074	192,628	189,751
Wabash	3d wk Jan.	232,826	247,208	648,415	739,488
Wab. Chest.&W.	October	6,043	7,475 $62,076$		
Western of Ala.		62,864	62,076	562,464	559,697
West Jersey	November.	114.478	102,695	1,525,412	1,423,171
W.V.Cen.&Pitts.	December.	85,502	68,059	981,196	759,127
West V. & Pitts.	November.	8,310	8,929	000 000	100.000
West.N.Y. & Pa.	3d wk Jan.	72,100 18,793	54,400	203,200	166,800
Wheeling & L. E.	3d wk Jan.	18,793	17,179	60,157	54,450
Wil. Col. & Aug.	October	101,371 80,279	96,010	803,937	713,793
Wisconsin Cent. Wrightsv.& Ten	3d wk Jan. December.		74,466	232,300 91,069	212,603 80,903
Wilshist. or Tell	December.	0,020	1,000	91,009	20,902

b Includes in both years Scioto Valley Division, and Maryland & Washington Division (Shenandoah Valley.) ! Mexican currenev. q Main Line. ! From October 1, 1890, the Great Northern runs its own trains over the Eastern's track from Hinckley to West Superior.

Latest Gross Earnings by Weeks.—The latest weekly earnings in the foregoing table are separately summed up as follows:

For the 3d week of January our statement comprises 86 roads, and their aggregate earnings show a gain over the year preceding of 10·15 per cent.

3d week of January.	1891.	1890.	Increase.	Decrease.
	*	8	\$	*
At. Top. & S. F. system	510.038	469.691	40,347	
Roads j'tly owned 12	32,716	24,439	8,277	*******
St. Louis & S. Fran	108,160	103,584	4,576	*******
Roads j'tly owned 12.	32,093	23,824	8,269	
Balt. & Ohio Southw	42,274	41,904	370	
Buffalo Roch. & Pitts	41,044	26,592	14.452	
Canadian Pacific	293,000	234,000	59,000	*******
Cape Fear & Yadkin Val.		10,669	3,750	******
*Central Vermont	$14,419 \\ 51,623$		919	*******
*New London North'n		50,704 $9,109$		*******
New London North II	16,401	9,109	1,292	0.100
*Ogdensb.&L.Champl'n	10,803	12,941	0.025	2,138
Chesapeake & Ohio	148,896	142,519	6,377	
Chicago & East. Illinois	79,634	61,987	17,647	******
Chicago Mil. & St. Paul	442,408	396,760	45,648	
Chicago & West Michigan	25.445	21,438	4,007	******
Cincinnati Jack. & Mack.	11,738	8,945	2,793	*******
Cin. N. O. & T. P. (5 roads).	160,590	158,992	1,598	
Cleve. Akron & Col	15,785	13,209	2,576	
Cleve. Cin. Chic. & St. L.	239,716	220,690	19,026	
Peoria & Eastern	30,691	29,825	866	
Colorado Midland	36,738	30,158	6,580	
Denver & Rio Grande	165,500	137,500	28,000	
Detroit Bay C. & Alpena.	10,594	9,614	980	
Detroit Lans. & North	18,629	16,045	2,584	
Duluth S. S. & Atlantic	26.647	24,881	1,766	
East Tenn. Va. & Ga	147,098	142,419	4,679	
Evansville & Indianap	6,219	5,461	755	
Evans. & Terre Haute	19.626	19,401	225	******
Flint & Pere Marquette	58,556	49,498	9,058	
Florida Central & Penin.		28,607	2,573	
	31,180			*******
Grand Rapids & Indiana.	37,962	35,381	2,581	*******
Cincinnati R. & Ft. W	7,303	6,500	803	
Other lines	3,297	$3,289 \\ 319,700$	8	*******
Grand Trunk of Canada	324,705	319,700	5,005	
*Chicago & Gr. Trunk	71,992	69,915	2,077	
Det. Gd. Hav. & Mil.	19,823	17,028	2,795	
Iowa Central	32,880	30,148	2,732	
Kanawha & Michigan	6,483	4,502	1,981	
Kan. City Ft. S. & Mem.	77.135	81,408		7,273
Kansas C. Mem. & Birm.	23,525	27,397		3,872
Keokuk & Western	7,273	7,183	60	
Lake Erie & Western	63,381	55,331	8.050	
Little Rock & Memphis	16,967	15,026	1,941	
Louisv. Evalsv. & St. L.	26,100	18,303	7,797	
Louisville & Nashville	366,905	345,952	20,953	
Louis, N. Alb. & Chic	41,421	36,627	4,794	
Louisville N. O. & Texas.	85,049	81,426	3,623	*******
Louisville St. L. & Texas.	7,384	5,732	1,652	
	42,277			1.222
Memphis & Charleston	42,2771	43,499	*******	1,222

3d week of January.	1891.	1890.	Increase.	Decrease.
	*	\$	*	\$
Mexican Central	136,168	120,114	16.054	
Mexican National	74,447	71,984	2,463	
Milwaukee L. Sh. & West.	49,962	51,614		1,652
Milwaukee & Northern.	30,792	22,867	7,925	
Mobile & Birmingham	5,891	5,072	819	******
New York Ont. & West.	50,349	31,775	18,574	
Norfolk & Western	175,097	164,863	10,234	
Northern Pacific	378,530	247,262	131,268	*******
Ohio & Mississippi	85,270	86,529		1,259
Ohio Val. of Kentucky	4,925	3,321	1,604	
Peoria Decatur & Evansy.	17,403	11,932	5,471	******
Pittsburg & Western	39,160	36,059	3,101	*******
Rich. & Dany. (8 roads).	315,350	298,550	16,800	******
Rio Grande Western	39,275	20,675	18,600	
St. L. Alt. & T. H. Brches.	28,610			
St. Louis Ark. & Texas		23,497	5,113	
	76,939	83,895	1 1 7 7	6,956
Seattle L. S. & Eastern.	6,370	5,193	1,177	*******
Texas & Pacific	130,855	150,298	*******	19,443
Toledo Col. & Cincinnati.	4,898	4,965	*******	67
Toledo & Ohio Central	22,185	21,633	552	
Toledo Peoria & Western	17,598	18,785	*******	1,187
Toledo St. L. & Kan.City.	27,275	26,850	425	*******
Wabash	232,826	247,208		14,382
Western N. Y. & Penn	72,100	54,400	17,700	
Wheeling & Lake Erie	18,793	17,179	1.614	
Wisconsin Central	80,279	74,466	5,813	
Total (86 roads)	6,205,470	5,633,742	631,179	59,451
Net increase (10.15 p.c.)			571.728	

* For week ending January 17.

The following will furnish a comparison of the weekly results for a series of weeks past.

WEEKLY GROSS EARNINGS.

WEEKL	Y GROSS EA	RNINGS.		
			-Incre	asc.
Period and number of roads	1890.	1889.	Amount.	
included.	8	\$	\$	P. ct.
3d week of Sept. (91 roads).	7,671,874	7,136,615	535,259	7.50
4th week of Sept. (84 roads).	9,786 000	8,779,540	1,006,460	11.46
1st week of Oct. (90 roads).	7,685,626	7,221,777	463,849	6.42
2d week of Oct. (90 roads).	7,829,721	7,456,936	372,785	5.00
3d week of Oct. (89 roads).	7,829,621	7,628,700	200,921	2.63
4th week of Oct. (92 roads).			555,802	5.26
1st week of Nov. (89 roads).	7,404,413		432,645	6.21
2d week of Nov. (89 roads).	7,509,890	7,086,360	423,530	5.98
3d week of Nov. (89 roads).	7,378,313		433,762	6.25
4th week of Nov. (92 roads).	8,830,294	8,657,884	172,410	1.99
1st week of Dec. (91 roads).	7,102,264		296,003	4.35
2d week of Dec. (89 roads).	7,038,326		219,115	3.21
3d week of Dec. (85 roads).	7,094,015		353,408	5.24
4th week of Dec. (90 roads).	9,127,520		1,037,926	12.83
	1891.	1890.		
	\$	- \$		
1st week of Jan. (81 reads).	5,660,996	5,343,758	317,238	2.33
2d week of Jan. (87 roads).	6,074,416		316,081	5.49
3d week of Jan. (86 roads).	6,205,470	5,633,742	571,728	10.12

Net Earnings Monthly to Latest Dates.—The table following shows the net earnings reported this week. A full detailed statement, including all roads from which monthly returns can be obtained, is given once a month in these columns, and the latest statement of this kind will be found in the CHRONICLE of January 24. The next will appear in the issue of February 21.

3	the issue of February	21.				
	-	-Gross Ed		Net Ea		
		1890.	1889.	1890.	1889.	
	Roads.	\$	\$	\$	\$	
	Balt. & PotomacDec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	$138,376 \\ 1,708,369$	133,480 $1,633,733$	35,568 $462,849$	$\frac{12,847}{373,283}$	
	Canadian Pacific*Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 311		1,310,000 15,342,184	575,629 6,299,701	540,012 6,127,886	
	Central of Georgia. Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31 July 1 to Dec. 31		878,492 8,058,742 4,631,081	;274,362 ;1,992,265 ;1,355,737	;297,948 ;2,199,594 ;1,484,494	
	Chic. Mil. & St. Paul. Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 312 July 1 to Dec. 311	26,810,829	2,361,799 25,900,219 14,791,300	955,604 8,941,859 5,629,900	1,041,732 9,180,377 5,920,653	
	Clevel'd & Marietta. Nov.	31,954	24,560	8,738	6,823	
	East Tenn.Va. & Ga. Nov. Jan. 1 to Nov. 30 July 1 to Nov. 30	593,689 6,157,456 2,973,448	571,026 5,244,450 2,640,271	184,461 1,762,063 894,869	236,609 $2,133,084$ $1,120,051$	
3	Knoxy. & OhieNov. Jan. 1 to Nov. 30 July 1 to Nov. 30	64,381 642,212 315,633	53,163 531,083 252,085	20,544 191,887 90,243	21,128 198,930 89,289	
	Total systemNov. Jan. 1 to Nov. 30 July 1 to Nov. 30	658,070 6,799,667 3,289,080	624,189 5,775,531 2,892,355	205,005 $1,953,950$ $985,113$	257,737 $2,332,013$ $1,209,340$	
	Iowa CentralDec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31 July 1 to Dec. 31	155,007 1,677,805 936,600	146,409 1,526,238 854,023	43,872 $503,766$ $296,841$	18,899 324,769 236,200	
	Mexican CentralNov. Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	594,021 5,794,638	570,686 5,705,458	280,152 $2,121,351$	250,681 $2,533,870$	
	Mexican NationalDec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	357,935 3,754,966	329,759 3,660,124	99,498 827,006	86,978 666,694	
	N.Y.L.E. & Western. Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 312 Oct. 1 to Dec. 31	2,377,635 29,201,700 7,604,798		†708,896 †9,495,402 †2,567,856	†621,567 †9,278,649 †2,635,440	
	Northern CentralDec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	483,460 6,608,797	500,226 6,069,957	78,213 1,803,806	88,619 $1,944,357$	
	PennsylvaniaDec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 316	5,305,319 $36,202,260$	5,495,264 61,514,445	1,596,111 $21,221,706$	1,664,238 20,417,640	
	Lines west of P.&E.Dec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	Dec. Inc. 4,	67,308 222,100		184,192 $231,754$	
	Phila. & ReadingDec. Jan. 1 to Dec. 31	1,686,111 $20,965,656$	1,654,942 $19,273,042$	699,649 $9,027,055$	685,500 $8,201,186$	
	Coal & Iron Co. Dec.	1,606,377	1,374,597	9,868	def.28,485	
3	Total both Co.'sDec.	3,292,488	3,029,539	709,517	637,015	
2	Pittsburg'& West'nNov. Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	127.362 $1,357,693$	115,874 1,286,189	36,135 540,584	53,784 $530,214$	
	July 1 to Nov. 30	649,554			273,444	
	Pitts.Cleve. & Tol Nov. Jan. 1 to Nov. 30 July 1 to Nov. 30	45,680 450,408 216,397	37,226 452,796 209,405	11,541 98,870 54,331	3,611 102,174 51,242	
	Pitts. Paines. & F Nov.	27,512	20,897	962	2,787	

Jan. 1 to Nov. 30... 269,184 263,503 July 1 to Nov. 30... 135,513 121,340

_	-Gross Ea	rungs	-Net Ear	ungs
	1890.	1889.	1890.	1889.
Roads.	*	8	8	*
Pitts. & West (Con'd.)				
Total system Nov.	200,555	173,998	48,639	60,183
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	2,077,289	2,002,485	695,442	718,363
July 1 to Nov. 30	1,001,467	937,425	302,745	363,226
Sioux City & North Nov.	34,619		9,841	
Jan. 1 to Nov. 30	283,677		125,832	
Staten I. Rapid TrDec.	58,435	53,439	2,353	5.190
Jan. 1 to Dec. 31		929,928	336,135	283,201
July 1 to Dec. 31	582,382	521,587	226,881	186,738

* New Brunswick earnings included since Sept. 1 in both years. † After deducting proportion due roads operated on a percentage basis, net in December, 1890, was \$478,707, against \$402,675 in 1889; for twelve months, \$6,876,549, against \$6,782,952; and oct. 1 to Dec. 31, \$1,867,717, against \$1,940,052 last year. † Including income from investments net in December, 1890, was \$284,331, against \$305,313 last year; for January 1 to December 31, \$2,192,292, against \$2,396,878, and for 6 months to December 31, \$1,403,402, against \$1,556,276.

ANNUAL REPORTS

Delaware Lackawanna & Western Railroad.

(For the year ending December 31, 1890.)

The annual report of this company consists of a brief income account and balance sheet, issued in circular form, and the statements of four years have been compiled for the CHRONICLE as below:

EARNINGS AND EXPENSES.

	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.
Grossrec's all sourc's	39,845,857	\$43,232,422	\$38,247,622	\$40,688,645
Operating expenses. Bet'rm'ts, equip., &c.	30,694,000 810,061	33,546,135 967,605		
Total expenses	\$31,504,061	\$34,513,740	\$30,877,163	\$32,739,878

Net receipts:...... \$8,341,796 \$8,718,682 \$7,370,459 \$7,948,767 INCOME ACCOUNT.

Net receipts Interest and rentals.	1887. \$8,341,796 5,203,419	1888. \$8,718,682 5,218,419	1889. \$7,370,459 5,222,375	1890. \$7,948,767 5,328,494
Balance, surplus Dividends Rate of dividends	\$3,138,377 1,834,000 7	\$3,500,263 1,834,000 7	\$2,148,084 1,834,000 7	\$2,620,273 1,834,000 7
Del	01.001.0==	24 222 222		

Balance after div'ds. \$1,304,377 \$1,666,263 \$314,084 \$786,273 The reports show that 10 per cent was earned on the stock in 1890, against 8.20 in 1889, 13.35 in 1888 and 11.97 in 1887.

GENERAL BALANCE AT CLOSE OF EACH FISCAL YEAR 1887. 1888. Assets— 1887. 1888. 1889

Total..........\$42,689,966 \$14,356,229 \$44,670,312 \$45,449,586 Liabilities-

Total liabilities..\$42,689,966 \$44,356,229 \$44,670,312 \$45,449,586

* Net balance between liabilities and assets

The statement of items on either side of the account which go to make up the above net balances of \$2,672,237 in 1889 and \$117,203 in 1890 are as follows:

\$111,200 in 1000 are as follows:		
Accounts receivable, as follows-	1889.	1890.
Cash on hand	\$1,025,235	\$979,552
Coal on hand (less than market value)	2,006,092	1.268,527
Advances to leased roads	3,073,100	1.158.898
Advances on coal to be delivered, &c	1,805,225	1.741.136
Coal bills and sundry accounts due	1,164,404	
Loans and sundry accounts receivable	215 000	1,714,939
Louis and sundry accounts receivable	615,602	688,807
Total	\$9,689,658	\$7,551,860
Less accounts payable, viz		
Past due dividends, interest and rentals	\$143,198	\$152,904
Del. L. & W. div., payable Jan. '90 and '91	458,501	458,500
Rentals payable after January 1	1,725,536	1,749;982
State taxes payable after January 1	452,249	446,706
December pay-rolls, payable in January	682,735	769,531
Bonds and mortgages	400 051	
Vouchers due and payable after Jan 1	496,851	496,851
Conder obligation payable after Jan 1	1,969,132	1,951,599
Sundry obligations, account of transport'n.	1,089,217	1,408,583
Total	\$7,017,421	*\$7,434,657
Balance of accounts receivable	\$2,672,237	\$117,203
		42211200

* Of which \$3,287,171 has been paid since close of year.

Delaware & Hudson Canal.

(For the year ending December 31, 1890).

In advance of the pamphlet report, the figures for 1890 are

-	INCOM	B ACCOUNT.		
	1887.	1888.	1889.	1890.
Receipts—	8	8	*	*
From coal	9,951,163	10,622,067	8.652,318	7,800,207
From railroads	9,189,974	9,554,221	9,482,975	10,468,674
From miscellaneous.	461,507	552,892		911,968
Total	819,602,644	\$20,729,180	\$18,957,593	\$19,180,849
Operating exp'nses.	13,388,570	14,044,710	12,992,868	13,101,176
Net	\$6,214,074	\$6,684,470	\$5,964,725	\$6,079,673
Taxes, int.& rentals.	3,303,768	3,340,336		
Balance	\$2,910,306	\$3.344.134	\$2 537 896	99 569 340

Edison Electric Illuminating Co. of N. Y. (For the year ending December 31, 1890.)

This company should not be confused with the "Edison Gen-This company should not be confused with the "Edison General Electric Company," nor the "Edison Electric Light Company." The officers and directors are as follows: Spencer Trask, President; R. R. Bowker, First Vice-President; J. B. Skehan, Secretary and Treasurer; Joseph Williams, Assistant Secretary. Directors elected Jan. 21, 1891—R. R. Bowker, C. H. Coster, Charles E. Crowell, Thomas A. Edison, J. Buchanan Henry, E. H. Johnson, J. P. Marquand, D. O. Mills, George Foster Peabody, F. S. Smithers, Spencer Trask, Henry Villard, J. Hood Wright.

The report says: "Attention is called to the fact that the

The report says: "Attention is called to the fact that the earnings for the last three months of 1890 are based upon a decreased rate of charges to the public, it having been deemed advisable to reduce the rate on the first of October, 1890, to a advisable to reduce the rate on the first of October, 1890, to a uniform price of one cent per 16 c. p. lamp per hour. This is in accordance with the general policy of the company to decrease the price of current as fast as the increase of its business and the improvements of its operating facilities permit. "The outlook at the beginning of last year led your directors to recommend large additional installations, coverting territory not theretofore occupied; also important additions to the existing place."

ing plant. A plan to accomplish these purposes was adopted at your last meeting, and it is now being carried into effect. This plan provided for the increase of the capital stock from \$2,500,000 to \$4,500,000, and the creation of a mortgage to se-\$2,500,000 to \$4,500,000, and the creation of a mortgage to secure \$5,000,000, 5 per cent convertible bonds, of which \$2,000, 000 were to be issued. All of these securities were duly subscribed for, the bulk of them being taking by the stockholders of the company." * * * "You will be requested to authorize the issue of \$250,000 more bonds during the present year, which it may be desirable to use for additional construction work, said bonds to be issued when the necessities of the company require." * * * "The new station (on a large plot between Pearl and Duane Streets, near Elm), with some subsidiary annexes, is intended

Streets, near Elm), with some subsidiary annexes, is intended to supply the entire southern portion of New York, doing away ultimately with the present down-town station in Pearl Street, near Fulton. It will be the largest electric lighting station in the United States."

The annual report of operations for 1890 shows the following:

Gross earnings. \$446,268 Operating expenses, repairs and renewals 192,934 Net earnings of stations.

Income from other sources.

Total receipts. \$295,660 Less general expenses and taxes. \$66,582

\$205,078 Total net income _....

A summary of gross and net earnings since 1884 is given as follows: Net. Gross. \$233,222 1888 \$226,301 51,551 1889 327,678 1890,699 488,595 \$116,235 124,031 229,078 1884......\$111,8721885.....131,3321885. 131,332 1886. 157,579 1887. 191,635

1890. 1,698 64,174 697 1889. 1,213 39,815 470 CONDENSED BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 1890.

Condensed Balance Sites Declaration of Cr.

License under Edison patents \$2,250,000 Real est., construction & property accins 1st. 2d and 3d districts... 3,686,979 Sundry accounts and supplies on hand... 189,632 Customers' accounts in 189,632 Customers' accounts in 189,632 Profit and loss... $\substack{128,390\\203,900\\50,000\\41,529\\39,220}$ Customers' accounts... Cash on hand and in trust companies..... 167,960 \$6,430,840 \$6,430,840

New Central Coal Co.

(For the year ending December 31, 1890.)

The report of this company is entirely statistical without any remarks, and shows the following.

1888. 1890. 526,879 3,960 47,082 213,320 11,748 6,108 216,417 9,204
 Balance
 186,720

 Net earnings current year
 29,696
 207,213 6,108 201,572 47,082

Credit profit and loss Dec. 31........... 216,416 213,321 248,654 The general balance sheet of the company on December 31

was as follows: 1889. 1890.
8. \$5,000,000 \$5,000,000
York and Hoboken 2,500 3,635 3,636 6,000 6,000 81,629 115,005 1,167 73 346 Real estate.
Personal property at mines.
Personal property at New York and Hoboken
Koontz barracks.
Barges.
Cash. Assets. oal on hand. ecounts uncollected.....

Total assets.....

\$5,241,431 \$5,275,433

Liabilities.	1889.	1890.
Capital stock	\$5,000,000	\$5,000,000
Accounts unsettled	25,313	23,990
Dividends unpaid	2,799	2,789
Balance to credit of profit and loss	213,320	248,654
Total liabilities	\$5,241,432	\$5,275,433

GENERAL INVESTMENT NEWS.

American Bell Telephone.—Shareholders of this company have approved the issue of \$2,500,000 additional stock, and the company issues a circular giving notice of an increase of the stock from \$12,500,000 to \$15,000,000, and offering shareholders one new share at \$100 for each five shares now held, the right to expire March 5, and payment to be made in full April 1, when certificates will be delivered.

right to expire March 5, and payment to be made in full April 1, when certificates will be delivered.

Baltimore Belt.—This important enterprise, in the interest of the Baltimore & Ohio RR., is under rapid course of construction, and when completed will give the Baltimore & Ohio rapid transit through the city of Baltimore, will relieve it of its present necessity of ferrying trains across the Patapsco river at Locust Point, and will enable it to reduce its time between Washington and Philadelphia and New York fifteen or twenty minutes. It will give it a new equipment of stations in the best business and residence portions of Baltimore. The length of the line will be seven miles. President Mayer, of the B. & O. RR. says: "The existing traffic of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company which must pass over the Baltimore Belt Railroad, at the rates provided by the contract between the two companies, will be sufficient to meet the interest on the entire issue of bonds, without making any allowance for the increased traffic of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company which this construction will undoubtedly produce, or for the revenue to be derived from other connecting lines, or for the large suburban traffic which the construction of this road will undoubtedly create. The cost of operating the present ferry line, now worked to its fullest capacity, and the actual cost of the delays to the traffic of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company amount to nearly, if not quite as much, as the aggregate charge made by the Baltimore Belt Railroad, under its contract with the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company from quicker and more reliable transit, from greatly increased business, not attainable under present arrangements, and from the possession of ample terminal facilities in the heart of the City of Baltimore, are too obvious to need comment."

The map in the Investors' Supplement issued to-day shows clearly the project, and on a subsequent page in this issue of the Chronicle is given at length an abstract of the mortgage.

issue of the CHRONICLE is given at length an abstract of the

mortgage.

The 5 per cent first mortgage bonds, to the amount of \$5,000,000, are now offered for public subscription at 101½ and accrued interest by Messrs. Brown Bros. & Co. Full particulars regarding the subscription will be found in our advertis-

Charleston Cincinnati & Chicago.—An informal meeting of bondholders representing over \$6,000,000 of bonds was held in Philadelphia on Wednesday and a committee of thirteen was appointed to prepare a plan for future action.

Tchicago Gas.—The Council Finance Committee tabled the proposition of the Chicago Gas Trust to settle differences with the city by paying into its treasury 3½ per cent of gross earnthe city by paying into its treasury 3½ per cent of gross earnings. Mayor Creiger says the city will now push the litigation, quo warranto suits, etc., against the Gas Trust and the several gas companies.

several gas companies.

Chicago Junction Railways & Union Stock Yards.—
This company has had its bonds and stock listed at the Stock
Exchange. The bonds are \$10,000,000 collateral trust 5 per
cent gold, due July 1, 1915. They are secured by the deposit
with the Central Trust Company of \$12,000,000 stock of the
Union Stock Yard & Transit Company. The preferred stock
is \$6,500,000, with a preference for 6 per cent dividends, cumulative. The common stock is for \$6,500,000, and both common
and preferred were subscribed for at par. The company and
its property is thus described.

The Chicago Junction Railways & Union Stock Yards Company

and preferred were subscribed.

The Chicago Junction Railways & Union Stock Yards Company was organized in the month of July, 1890, under the laws of the State of New Jersey. The purposes for which the company was formed were, among other things, to acquire shares of the capital stock of The Union Stock Yard & Transit Company, which is a corporation incorporated in 1865 under special charter granted by the State of Union Stock Yard & Transit Company, which is a corporation incorporated in 1865 under special charter granted by the State of Union Stock Yard & Transit Company, Laclading the 120,000 shares piedged to secure the bonus. The total capital stock of Said Union Stock Yard & Transit Company consists of 132,000 shares of the bonus. The total capital stock of The Union Stock Yard & Transit Company consists of 132,000 shares of the State of Stock Yard & Transit Company and said stock Yard & Transit Company and said the organization of the Chicago & Indiana State Law Eatrond Company and Stock of the Chicago & Indiana State Law Eatrond Company and Said Railroad Company consists of 30011 and 130 miles of steel tracked standard-gauge ordivac; all situated in the city of Chicago. The company consists of 30011 and 130 miles of steel tracked standard-gauge ordivac; all situated in the city of Chicago. The company consists of 30011 and 130 miles of steel tracked standard-gauge ordivac; all situated in the city of Chicago. The company consists of 30011 and 130 miles of steel tracked standard-gauge ordivac; all situated in the city of Chicago. The company consists of 30011 and 130 miles of steel tracked standard-gauge ordivac; all situated in the city of Chicago. The company consists of 30011 and 130 miles of steel tracked standard-gauge ordivac; all situated in the city of Chicago. The company consists of 30011 and 130 miles of machine ordiver from the company consists of 30011 and 130 miles of machine ordiver from the company consists of 30011 and 130 miles of machine ordiver from the company consists of 30011 and 1

warehouse, depots, stores, etc., etc., many of the buildings being let a rental. The company recently purchased \$500,000 worth of real estate to provide additional facilities, sidings and tracks. The railway extends north and southeast, so as to connect with every railroad entering the city.

way extends north and southeast, so as to connect with every railroad entering the city.

The officers of the Chicago Junction Railways & Union Stock Yards Company are as follows: President, Frederick H. Winston: Vice-President. William J. Sewelt; Secretary, William C. Lane: Treasurer, Howland Davis. Board of Directors: Chauncey M. Depew, of New York; John Quiney Adams, of Boston: Edward J. Phelps, of Burlington, Vt.; William J. Sewell, of Candez, N. J.; John Hoey, of Hollywood, N. J.; Frederick H. Wirston, of Chicago, Ill.; Hugh C. E. Childers, of London, England; Francis Barron Blake, of London, England; Bernard T, Bosanquet, of London, England.

Circut Northeam. A disported fram Sockers Folks W. S.

Great Northern.—A dispatch from Spokane Falls, Wash., Jan. 27, said: "The contract for building fifty-five miles of the Great Northern Railroad between Bonner's Ferry & Kostenall Falls has been let to Burns & Chapman, of this city. The contract will involve the expenditure of over a million dollars.

Kentucky Union.—A meeting of the stockholders of the Kentucky Union Railroad will be held at Louisville, Feb. 14, Kentucky Union Rainvold will be head at Louisville, Full 12, for the purpose of taking up and re-issuing the second mort-gare bonds of the road. The Louisville Courier-Journal says: gage bonds of the road. The Louisville Courier-Journal says: "It is understood that President Carley has made satisfactory arrangements in New York for sufficient cash to relieve the road of present embarrassment and put it in good condition financially."

Mexican Central.—This company offers through the Boston Safe Deposit & Trust Company to buy at 110 and interest all of its outstanding \$7,000,000 prior 5s that may be offered up to Feb. 14. The company will then call at the same price all that Feb. 14. The company will then call at the same price all that are not offered, and interest thereon will cease on April 10. The bonds that are bought will be kept in the company's treasury as security against the outstanding 4s. The Boston Traveler remarks: "When the priority 5s are bought, the company will still have about \$4,000,000 in cash as a balance of the subsidy received; \$3,500,000 of its own 4s in its treasury and a lien on about \$3,000,000 of Mexican Government 6s to be issued as a subsidy on account of the Tampico harbor improvements, of which amount something like \$800,000 has already been earned

Mobile & Ohio.—At the annual meeting of the holders of the bonds and the debentures of the Mobile & Ohio, held at the company's offices, 11 Pine Street, the following directors were elected to serve for the ensuing year: James C. Clarke, Sidney Shepard, Adrian Iselin, Jr., H. B. Plant. A. H. Stevens, R. K. Dow, James H. Fay, John Paton, F. D. Tappan, E. L. Russell, W. L. Hearin, Thomas W. Evans and W. Butler

New Bonds and Stocks Authorized or Offered.—The following is a list of new issues of securities now offered for sale, or soon to be offered :

STATES, CITIES, COUNTIES, &C.

Bessemer, Ala .- \$50,000 6 per cent 30-year improvement bonds are to

STATES, CITIES, COUNTIES, &C.

Bessemer, Ala.—\$50,000 6 per cent 30-year improvement bonds are to be issued.

Boston, Mass.—\$300,000 bridge bonds and \$550,000 new public library bonds are proposed. \$460,000 certificates of indbtedness, due Jan. 1, 1901, interest 4 per cent, have been authorized.

Everett, M. ss.—\$50,000 severage 4 per cent bonds, due Jan. 1, 1911. Bids will be received by Nathan Nichols, freasurer of Everett, Mass., ill 8 P. M. Feb. 3.

Fall River, Mass.—Park bonds are proposed.

Hamilton County, Ohio.—\$22,000 4 per cent Eric Avenue improvement bonds, due Dec. 20, 1895. Bids will be received by John Haggerty, Auditor, at Cheinnati, Ohio, till Feb. 14.

Jackson, Tenn.—\$50,000 bonds are proposed.

Long Island City, N. Y.—\$17.000 4½ per cent school bonds, due March 1, 1910. Bids will be received till Feb. 5 by F. W. Bleckwenn, Treasurer.

Monroe County, N. Y.—\$50,000 3½ per cent bonds, due Feb. 15, 1899. Bids will be received by A. McVean, Treasurer, at Rochester, N. Y. till Feb. 3.

Morristown, Tenn.—\$100,000 bonds are proposed.

Nassau County, Fla.—\$25,000 court house 5 per cent bonds, due 1911, redeemable after 10 years Bids will be received by Geo. E. Wolff, Clerk of Circuit Court, Fernandina, Fla., till Feb. 14.

Philadelphia, Penn.—\$2,300,000 3 per cent bonds, due New 1919. Bids will be received by Edwin H. Fitler, Mayor, till Feb. 2, at noon.

Providence, R. I.—\$4,000,000 bonds are to be issued.

Uister County, N. Y.—\$98,000 4 per cent bonds have been authorized.

W. St Knoxville, Tenv.—\$25,000 sewer bonds are proposed.

RAILROAD AND MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

American Bell Telephone.—25,000 shares of new stock have been authorized.

		ad. Dec. 31	-Six months e	
	1889.	1890.	1899.	1890.
Gross earnings	\$9,531,252	\$9,462,455	\$19,276,453	\$18,526,690
Operat'g expenses	6,219,348	6,285,981	12,592,530	12,523,503
Expenses to earns.	(65.25%)	(66.43%)	(65·33%)	(67.59%)
Net earnings	\$3,311,904	\$3,176,474	\$6,683,923	\$6,003,187
First charges	1,965,420	2,114,400	3,943,700	4,196,400
Profit	\$1,346,483		\$2,740,222	\$1,806,786
Dividends	1% 894,283		21 ₂ %2,235,707	2%1,788,566

Gross earnings. Operating expenses	\$5,821,958 4,759,570
Net earnings	\$1,062,388 12,773
Net income	
Interest on bonds \$785,600 Sinking fund 93,748	- 879,348
Balance 3½ per cent dividend requires	\$195,813 175,000
Surplus.	

New York Stock Exchange.—New Securities Listed.—The Governing Committee of the New York Stock Exchange have added to the List for dealings the following:

added to the List for dealings the following:

CENTRAL OHIO RAILROAD.—\$1,500,000 additional first mortgage 4½ per cent gold bonds.

CHICAGO & WESTERN INDIANA RAILROAD.—\$383,000 additional general mortgage sinking fund 6 per cent gold bonds, making the total amount listed \$10,883,000.

CHICAGO BURLINGTON & QUINCY RAILBOAD.—\$1,165,000 additional Nebraska extension 4 per cent coupon and registered bonds, making the total amount listed \$25,915,000.

CHICAGO ST. LOUIS & NEW ORLEANS RAILROAD.—\$1,466,000 additional 1 per cent gold bonds of 1951, making the total amount listed \$16,526,000.

EDISON GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY.—\$2,486,500 additional cent.

tional 4 per cent gold bonds of 1951, making the total amount listed \$16,526,000.

EDISON GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY.—\$2,496,500 additional capital stock, making the total amount listed \$12,000,000.

INDIANAPOLIS DECATUR & WESTERN RAILWAY.—Engraved trust receipts for second mortgage bonds amounting to \$1,213,000 and income mortgage bonds amounting to \$705,000.

ILLINOS CENTRAL RAILKOAD.—\$942,000 additional 4 per cent gold bonds of 1952, making the total amount listed \$12,981,000.

MISSOURI KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.—\$308,000 additional first mortgage 4 per cent gold bonds, making the total amount listed \$39,774,000.

NEW YORK & PERRY COAL & IRON COMPANY.—\$465,000 first mortgage 6 per cent gold bonds.

NEW ORLEANS & NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.—\$70,000 additional prior lien mortgage 6 per cent gold bonds, making the total amount listed \$1,120,000.

PITTSBURG CINCINNATI CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.—\$6,818,000 consolidated mortgage 4 per cent gold bonds, series A.

RICHMOND & DANVILLE RAILROAD.—\$271,000 additional consol first mortgage 5 per cent gold bonds, making the total amount listed \$3,-240,000.

RIO GRANDE JUNCTION RAILWAY.—\$100,000 additional first mortgage 5 per cent gold bonds, making the total amount listed \$3,-240,000.

RIO GRANDE JUNCTION RAILWAY.—\$100,000 additional first mort-gage 50-year 5 per cent gold bonds, making the total amount listed \$1,850,000.

\$1.850,060.
THE CHICAGO JUNCTION RAILWAYS & UNION STOCK YARDS COMPANY.—
\$10,000,000 collateral trust 5 per cent gold bonds; \$6,308,300 6 per cent cumulative preferred stock and \$6,114,200 common stock. The Committee on Stock List was authorized to add to the List as issued preferred stock up to \$6,500,000 and common stock to a like amount. The NATIONAL CORDAGE COMPANY.—\$5,000,000 preferred and \$10,000,000 common capital stock.
WHEELING & LAKE ERIE RAILWAY.—\$1,430,000 extension and improvement mortgage 5 per cent gold bonds.

Philadelphia & Reading.—The statement for December, the first month of the fiscal year, shows the following:

	December.			
RAILROAD COMPANY. Gross receipts	1889	1890. \$1,686,111		
Gross expenses.	989,442	986,462		
Net earnings. Other net receipts.	. \$665,500 17,762	\$699,649 33,706		
Total	. \$683,262	\$733,355		
Permanent improvements	. \$69,913 570,593	\$49,783 614,501		
Total	. \$640,506	\$664,284		
Surplus	. \$42,756	\$69,071		
COAL & IRON CO. Gross receipts Operating expenses	.\$1,374,597 . 1,311,275	\$1,606,377 \$1,511,126		
Net earnings	. \$63,322	\$95,251		
Colliery improvements. Permanent improvements.		\$73,765 11,618		
Proportion of year's charges	. 68,511	68,000		
Total		\$153,383		
Balance	df.\$96,996 42,756	df.\$58,132 69,071		
Balance, both Co.'s	. df.\$54,240	sur.\$10,939		

Poughkeepsie Bridge.—This company has issued a circular asking the holders of the 6 per cent mortgage bonds of the company to sign and execute an agreement for the funding of four coupons (two years' interest) of the bonds, and appointing Messes. Charlemagne Tower, Jr., Joseph M. Shoemaker, John Sailer, George McFadden and Arthur Brock a committee to arrange the form and manner of funding and to protect the interests of such bondholders as may become parties to the agreement. The bonds are widely scattered and among small holders, a majority of whom have made no response to the proposition; about \$2,000,000 out of the \$5,000,000 have so

St. Louis & San Francisco.—A circular has been sent to the first preferred stockholders by David P. Kimball, N. Willis Bumstead, H. H. Campbell. E. Pierson Beebe, Thomas Nickerson, Uriel H. Crocker, C. J. Morrill, Samuel C. Eastman, George P. Meservy and William Minot. Jr. It simply announces that they have consented to act as a committee for the stockholders, and request that names and addresses be sent to David P. Kimball, 35 Congress St., Boston.

San Antonio & Aransas Pass.—Messrs. Mynderse and Dick.

San Antonio & Aransas Pass,—Messrs. Mynderse and Dickson, counsel for the reorganization committee, have returned from Texas and submitted a plan to the committee which they have favorably received and will probably shortly make public. It is proposed to have only a first mortgage 5 per cent bond and usefaved and common steek. and preferred and common stock.

Syracuse & Baldwinsville.—A certificate of organization of the new company has been filed in the Secretary of State's office at Albany. The directors are Wallace C. Andrews, William A. Cauldwell. Richard A. Dorman, of New York; Thomas F. Goodrich, Charles D. Marvin, of Brooklyn; George S. Coe, Jr., of Englewood, N. J., and Floyd F. Bently, of Baldwinsville. Capital, \$160,000. The company has purchased and will operate the road of the old company of the same name, running from Amboy Station, Onondaga County, to Baldwinsville.

Texas Central.—This railroad is to be sold in foreclosure on the 25th of March, as may be seen by the advertisement of sale in the columns of the Chronicle. Messrs. Charles Moran, sale in the columns of the Chronicle. Messrs. Charles Moran, Cornelius B. Gold and Henry K. McHarg, as a committee, invite holders of the first mortgage 7 per cent bonds of the company to deposit their bonds at once at the offices of the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, and to sign the bond-holders' agreement. The agreement provides for the payment of an assessment of \$10 per bond at the time of making such deposit, and empowers the committee to purchase the railway for the assenting bondholders. The road runs from Ross to Albany, Texas, 177 miles, and from Garrett to Roberts, 52 miles, a total of 229 miles, and is operated by the Houston & Texas Central.

Trust Companies of New York.—The semi-annual reports of the companies below for the six months ending Dec. 31, 1890, have been made to the Banking Department at Albany, in addition to those published last week.

NEW YORK SECURITY & TRUST CO.

	June 30, 1890.	Dec. 31, 1890.
Bonds and mortgages	\$256,000	\$266,000
Stock investments (market value)	889,596	1,258,925
Amount loaned on collaterals	3,271,669	3,624,104
Amount loaned on personal securities	897,053	270,484
Cash on hand and on deposit	467,400	646,439
Other assets	36,173	77,647
Total	\$5,817,894	\$6,143,600
Liabilities.		
Capital stock paid in	\$1,000,000	\$1,000,000
Surplus fund	500,000	500,000
Undivided profits	. 74,775	169,843
Deposits in trust	. 1.780.812	2,532,425
General deposits, payable on demand	2,425,104	1,924,183
Other liabilities	37,201	17,147
Total		\$6,143,600
Supplementary. Interest and profits received last 6 months		\$125,990
Interest credited depositors, same period		61,343
Expenses of the institution, same period	19,140	12,356
Am't of deposits on which int. is allowed		3,527,876
Rate of interest on same		2 to 4

REAL ESTATE LOAN & TRUST COMPANY	Y.
Resources.	Dec. 31. 1890-
Stock investments (market value)	\$648,816
Amount loaned on collaterals	605.847
Amount loaned on personal securities. Cash on hand and on deposit.	50,000
Cash on hand and on deposit.	117,982
Other assets	7,466
Other woods	
Total	. \$1,430,112
Liabilities.	. 4-,,
Capital stock paid in	. \$500,000
Capital Stock paid In	
Surplus fund	
Undivided profits, Oct. 21 to Dec. 31.	2,056
General deposits, payable on demand	. 676,199
Other liabilities	. 1.857
Total	\$1,430,112
Supplementary.	
Interest and profits received, Oct. 21 to Dec. 31	. \$5,405
Interest credited depositors, same period	1.067
Expenses of institution, same period	4,949
Amount of deposits on which interest is allowed	676,199
Rate of interest on same	3 to 4
I MARKO OF THE POTON OF DAMPO	. 000 x

outstanding.

outstanding.

The total number of shares of stock represented at the meeting was 53,933. President Davis held proxies for the holdings of James G. Blaine, William Windom, Thomas F. Bayard and others. Senator Gorman's brother, W. H. Gorman, held his proxy. President Davis and Vice-President Elkins were re-elected and the following directors: Henry G. Davis, S. B. Elkins, Thomas B. Davis, John A. Hambleton, James G. Blaine, W. H. Taylor and R. C. Kerins. The total net earnings of the company for 1890 from mines and railroads were \$205,320; interest on bonded debt due July 1, 1890, and January 1, 1891, \$144,811; balance after deducting all fixed charges, \$101,075. During the year \$295,171 was expended in rolling stock. The bonds of the company sold last year were all placed at a premium, 105 and upward with interest added. Total issue of bonds to date, \$2,500,000; The company's lines have been extended and improved, and arrangements are being made for connection with Pittsburg on the north and the Chesapeake & Ohio Road on the south.

Worcester Nashua & Rochester.—The stockholders, at

Worcester Nashua & Rochester.—The stockholders, at a meeting January 29, approved the idea of the directors to issue bonds to fund the floating debt of the road and to furnish means for the retirement of its bonds.

Beports and Documents.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RR.

BALTIMORE RELT RAILROAD COMPANY.

FIRST MORTGAGE OF THE BALTIMORE BELT RAIL-ROAD COMPANY, DATED SEPTEMBER 15, 1890, SECURING \$6,000,000 OF 5 PER CENT GOLD BONDS, DUE NOVEMBER 1, 1990.

PARTIES.

The Baltimore Belt Railroad Co., a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Maryland, party of the first part, the Mercantile Trust & Deposit Company of Baltimore, Trustee, party of the second part, and the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, party of the third part.

PREAMBLE-RESOLUTIONS BY BOARD OF DIRECTORS CON-CERNING THIS ISSUE OF BONDS.

Whereas, The party of the first part is a railroad corpora-tion existing for the purpose of owning, operating and con-structing a line of railroad passing through parts of the city of Baltimore and parts of Baltimore County, in the State of

Maryland;
And Whereas, The directors of the party of the first part, at a meeting duly called, and held, as provided by law, unanimously adopted certain resolutions as follows:

Whereas, In order to complete the construction and equipment of the Railroad of the Baltimore Belt Railroad Company,

ment of the Railroad of the Baltimore Belt Railroad Company, it is necessary for this company to issue its negotiable bonds, Resolved, That this company make and issue its first mortagge bonds payable to bearer or the registered owner thereof for the aggregate amount of \$6,000,000, which bonds shall be of the denomination of \$1,000 each, payable in gold coin of the United States of America of the present standard of weight and fineness, and shall be numbered consecutively from 1 to 6,000 inclusive, shall be dated as of November 1, 1890, and shall bear interest at the rate of 5 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of May and November in each year, as evidenced by coupons thereto attached, and said bonds shall become due and payable on the first day of November 1, 1990.

attached, and said bonds shan become due and payable on the first day of November, 1990.

Resolved, That the President and Secretary be authorized on behalf of this company to cause its corporate seal to be affixed to each of said bonds, and to sign the same as such President and Secretary, and when so executed to deliver the

In the execution of the coupons attached to said bonds the signature of the Treasurer of this company engraved thereon shall be regarded and treated in all respects in fact and in law as equivalent to the manual signing thereof.

Resolved, That the agreement of the Baltimore & Ohio Rail-

road Company to make up any deficiency in the net earnings of this company to meet the semi-annual interest on said bonds, shall be endorsed upon each of said bonds, be signed by the Treasurer of the said Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company

and attested by the corporate seal thereof.

Resolved, That the bonds to be issued, and the coupons to be thereto attached, shall be substantially in the form following, to wit:

THE BOND.

No.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

State of Maryland.
THE BALTIMORE BELT RAILROAD COMPANY,
FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BONDS.

THE BALTIMORE BELT RAILROAD COMPANY, FIRST MORTGAGE GOLD BOXDS.

Total Issue, \$6,000,000.

For value received, The Bultimore Belt Railroad Company promises to pay to the bearer if not registered, or to the registered owner hereof if registered, the sum of one thousand dollars at the agency of the said company in the city of New York, in lawful gold coin of the United States of America of the present standard of weight and fineness, on the first day of November, in the year nueteen hundred and ninety, with interest thereon in the meantime at the rate of five per cent per annum, payable semi-annually in like gold coin, at the same place, on the surrender of the annexed coupons.

Said payments shall be made without any deduction by reason of any tax or assessment which said railroad company may be required to retain or deduct therefrom by any law of the United States.

This bond is one of a series of this date, aggregating six million dollars, each for one thousand dollars, numbered from one onward consecutively, secured by and subject to all the provisions of a mortgage to the Mercantile Trust & Deposit Company of Baltimore, Trustee, dated the fifteenth day of September, eighteen hundred and ninety, of all the railroad now owned by the said Baltimore Belt Railroad Company, or by it hereafter acquired between the point of connection with the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, in the vicinity of Camden Station, Baltimore City, and extending through a portion of said city of Baltimore to the junction with the Baltimore, in the State of Maryland, together with the franchises of said company and the branches of said Beit Railroad company and the branches of said Beit Railroad company relating to or for use with said railroad and branches, which it now owns or may hereafter acquired reights and property of said company relating to or for use with said railroad and branches, which it now owns or may hereafter acquired in Railroad company and the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company for the use of said Beit Railroad, particularly d

lished by the company for that purpose, but the same may be registered to bearer, and thereafter shall be transferable by delivery until again registered in the owner's name as before. The registration of the bonds shall not affect or restrain the negotiability of the coupons by delivery merely.

If default shall be made in the payment of any instalment of interest on any of such bonds, the principal hereof may be made due and paysable as provided in said mortgage.

This bond shall not become obligatory until the certificate hereon be duly signed on behalf of the Trustee named in the aforesaid mortgage. In witness whereof the said Baltimore Belt Railroad Company has caused its corporate seal to be hereto affixed and the same to be attested by the signatures of its President and Secretary, this first day of November, 1890.

THE BALTIMORE BELT RAILROAD COMPANY,

Secretary.

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{v}$

Attest:

And to each of said bonds shall be attached as part thereof, coupons for the semi-annual instalments of interest to be paid thereon until maturity, substantially in the form following,

THE COUPON.

TRUSTEE'S CERTIFICATES.

TRUSTEE'S CERTIFICATES.

"The Mercantile Trust & Deposit Company, of Baltimore, hereby certifies that this bond is one of a series of six thousand bonds of one thousand dollars each, secured by the mortgage or deed of trust referred to within.

"Mercantile Trust & Deposit Company of Baltimore, Trustee,
"By"

GUARANTY OF INTEREST BY BALTIMORE & OHIO.

GUARANTY OF INTEREST BY BALTIMORE & OHIO.

"The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company hereby agrees to pay an amount under its perpetual and irrevocable contract with the Baltimore Belt Railroad Company, for the use of its road, equal to the full interest on the within and other bonds of this issue outstanding, to be paid unconditionally semi-annually to the Trustee, or at the agency of said Baltimore Belt Railroad Company, in the City of New York, on the last days of April and October in each year, to be applied to the payment of such interest.

"As witness the corporate seal of the said Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, duly attested by its Treasurer, this first day of November, 1890."

VOTE OF THE STOCKHOLDERS AS TO THIS ISSUE OF BONDS. AND WHEREAS, at a meeting of the stockholders of the party of the first part, duly called and held in conformity with law, at which the holders of all the capital stock of the party of the first part were present, in person or by proxy, and voted, it was unanimously **Resolved**. That the action of the Board of Directors in authorizing the issue of \$6,000,000 first mortgage bonds of this company be hereby ratified and approved.

DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY CONVEYED.

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Now this indenture witnesseth: That the said party of Now this indentifie witnesseria: In at the said party of the first part, for the purpose of securing the payment of the principal and interest of the said bonds, and in consideration of the premises, etc., does hereby assign and convey unto the said trustee all the railroad and railroad property more particularly described as follows:

All and singular the line of railroad of the said Baltimore Belt Railroad Company, with all its branches and appurtenances of every sort or description, lying in the city of Baltimore, and the county of Baltimore, in the State of Maryland, and extending from its junction with the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, near Camden Station, in the City of Baltimore, through a portion of said city to a junction with the said Baltimore & Ohio Railroad at Bay View Yard, in the county

Raltimore & Ohio Railroad at Bay View Yard, in the county of Baltimore.

Together with all the appurtenances and equipment, rights, privileges and franchises appertaining thereto, and all locomotives, cars and rolling stock and the incomes and profits thereof. And including the roadway, tunnels, rights of way and tracks, implements of all kinds, depot grounds, enginehouses, and all other buildings and structures and yards. And all property of every description, real, personal or mixed, belonging to or designed for use for or in connection with said railroad and branches. railroad and branches

railroad and branches.

Including as well all property and things appertaining to said railroad which shall be hereafter acquired or possessed by the party of the first part. And all corporate rights and franchises now possessed or hereafter acquired, connected with said railroad and branches. Also all traffic contracts with other railroad companies for the use of its tracks and other property, and the benefit of all other contracts relating to or appertaining to the business of said railroad or branches, or any of them.

Especially all the benefits and profits to be derived under the perpetual and irrevocable contract for the use of said railroad and property by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, dated. January 6th, 1890, and especially the sums of money therein mentioned and reserved. Said sums of money, by the terms of said contract, are to be equivalent to the interest on all of said bonds herein mentioned which may be outstanding, and to be specially devoted unto the payment of the interest on said bonds, as therein designated and mentioned.

ON DEFAULT FOR SIX MONTHS IN PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL

ON DEFAULT FOR SIX MONTHS IN PAYMENT OF PRINCIPAL OR INTEREST, OR OF TAXES, ETC.—THE TRUSTEE ON RE-QUEST OF A MAJORITY INTEREST OF THE BONDHOLDERS SHALL TAKE POSSESSION.

In case of default for over six months in the payment of the emi-annual interest on the bonds hereby secured, or any of

them, or of default for any period after the maturity thereof to pay the principal sum of each and all of the said bonds, or of failure to pay any lawful taxes or charges, or to keep said railroad property free from any lien whereby the security of this mortgage may be impaired, or of failure to perform any of the stipulations contained herein, then, and in either of such events, the Trustee shall, upon the written request of the holders of a majority in amount of the outstanding bonds secured hereby, forthwith enter upon and maintain possession of all and singular the railroads, depots and all the estate and franchises hereby conveyed and mortgaged. mortgaged.

mortgaged.
After such entry the Trustee shall use and operate the said property to as full an extent as the party of the first part might lawfully do, making from time to time all needful and proper repairs, alterations and additions, and receiving all tolls, income and revenue thereof. After deducting the expenses of such use, operation, reasonable repairs, alterations and additions, all lawful taxes, etc., the Trustee shall apply the remaining net income and revenue therefrom, without giving preference, priority or distinction to one bond over another, to the payment—

First, of the payment—
First, of the interest due on the bonds then outstanding hereby secured, in the order in which such interest shall become due thereon.

Second, in case the principal of said bonds shall have become due, according to the tenor and effect of said bonds, or of these presents, then to the payment of the principal of said bonds in full, if the said income and proceeds be sufficient, but if not then pro rata.

OR THE TRUSTEE UPON LIKE REQUEST SHALL SELL THE PROPERTY AT AUCTION.

Or the Trustee shall, upon the written request of holders of a like amount of said bonds then outstanding, proceed to sell all

alike amount of said bonds then outstanding, proceed to sell all and singular the said railroads, franchises, etc., to the highest and best bidder at public auction in the city of Baltimore, or at such place as the said Trustee may designate, and at such time as it shall appoint. Notice shall be given of the time and place of such sale by advertisement published not less than twice in each week for three months in one or more newspapers published in the cities of Baltimore and New York.

After deducting from the proceeds of such sale proper allowances for all the expenses thereof, and all liabilities which may have been incurred for taxes or assessments on the said railroads, the Trustee shall apply the residue of the money arising from the said sale, without giving preference, priority or distinction to one bond over another, to the payment of the whole amount of the unpaid principal of said bonds then outstanding, and of the interest which shall, at that time, have accrued and be unpaid, pro rata, without preference or priority, and ratably to the aggregate amount of such unpaid principal and accrued and unpaid interest.

OR PROCEED BY SUITS TO ENFORCE THIS MORTGAGE.

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Or the Trustee shall, upon the written request of the holders of a like amount of said bonds then outstanding, proceed to enforce the rights of the bondholders under these presents by suits in equity or at law, whether for the foreclosure of this mortgage or for the specific performance of the stipulated covenants contained herein, whether in aid of the execution of the powers herein granted or otherwise, as the Trustee, being advised by counsel learned in the law, shall deem most effectual to protect and enforce such rights.

SAID POWERS OF ENTRY OR SALE ARE CUMULATIVE REMEDIES.

REMEDIES.

It is hereby expressly declared that the rights of entry and sale hereinbefore granted are intended as cumulative remedies, addional to all other remedies allowed by law.

BONDHOLDERS TO HAVE RIGHT TO INSTITUTE PROCEEDINGS ONLY IN CASE TRUSTEE FAILS TO ACT-OTHER PROVI-SIONS

No holders of any bonds or coupons secured hereby shall have the legal right to institute any suits for the execution of the trust thereof without first giving thirty days' notice in writing to the Trustee of the fact that default has occurred writing to the Trustee of the fact that default has occurred and continued as aforesaid, nor unless the holders of a majority of the said bonds then outstanding have made request in writing to the Trustee, as above provided, and have afforded ita reasonable opportunity to proceed to execute the powers hereinbefore granted, it being intended that all proceedings in law or equity shall be instituted and maintained for the equal benefit of all holders of said bonds and coupons outstanding. Neither the Trustee nor holders of the bonds or coupons secured hereby shall sell the premises hereby mortgaged, or institute any suit for the foreclosure hereof, otherwise than in the manner herein provided.

the manner herein provided.

ON DEFAULT FOR SIX MONTHS IN THE PAYMENT OF IN-TEREST, THE TRUSTEE, UPON REQUEST OF THE HOLDERS OF A MAJORITY OF THE BONDS, SHALL DECLARE THE PRINCIPAL DUE

In case of default for more than six months in the payment In case of default for more than six months in the payment of the semi-annual interest on any of the bonds hereby secured, the holders of a majority in amount of the said bonds then outstanding may, by instruments in writing under their hands, instruct the Trustee to declare said principal sum to be due and payable, whereupon the whole principal sum of each and all of said bonds then outstanding shall forthwith be due and payable. But such declaration may be annulled before the entry of any decree of sale under this mortgage in any judicial proceeding and before the advertisement of any

sale hereunder by the Trustee, by the holders of a like majority of the said bonds secured hereby, by instruments in writing under their hands. No such action of the Trustee or bondholders shall affect any subsequent default. In the event of any sale of the estates hereby mortgaged, as hereinbefore mentioned, or in the event of the entry of any decree of sale under this mortgage in such judicial proceeding, then, and in either such case, the whole principal sum of each and all of the said bonds then outstanding shall forthwith be due and payable. In no other case and for no other purpose, except as in this article provided, shall the principal sum of any of said bonds become due and payable before the date fixed in such bonds for the payment thereof.

SALE OF THE PROPERTY—TRUSTEE MAY PURCHASE.

SALE OF THE PROPERTY-TRUSTEE MAY PURCHASE.

At the sale of the aforesaid railroad property by virtue of the power hereinbefore granted, or by judicial authority, the Trustee may, with the assent in writing of the holders of at least one-half of the bonds hereby secured and then outstanding, bid for the same a sum not exceeding the whole amount of the said bonds then outstanding, with the interest accrued thereon, and the expenses of such sale. The bonds and overdue coupons aforesaid shall be received in payment of the purchase money of any property sold at such sale as equivalent to so much of the said purchase money as would be distributable and payable thereon.

DEEDS OF FURTHER ASSURANCE.

DEEDS OF FURTHER ASSURANCE.

The party of the first part shall execute, at its own expense, all such further deeds for the better assuring unto the said Trustee, all and singular the railroad property hereby mortgaged, as by the Trustee shall be reasonably required.

RELEASE OF PROPERTY FROM THE LIEN HEREOF.

The Trustee shall at all times have full power and authority, to be exercised in its discretion, to release to any parties who may be designated in writing by the party of the first part, free from the operation and lien of these presents, any part of the hereby-mortgaged property which in the judgment of the party of the first part shall be unnecessary for use in connection with the operation and maintenance of the said railroads and their bysicsets. tion with the operation and maintenance of the said railroads and their business. Provided, always, that the proceeds of any sale, exchange, lease or other disposition of the property so released shall be invested by the party of the first part, either in the improvement of any remaining part of the mortgaged premises, or the purchase by it of other property, real or personal, which property so purchased, as well as any that may be acquired in exchange as aforesaid by the party of the first part, shall be subject to the lien and operation of these

And the said party of the first part shall have full power from time to time to dispose of any portion of the rails on its said railroads, or equipment, machinery, tools and implements which shall, in its judgment, have become unfit for such use; provided, however, that so far as necessary the material and equipment so disposed of shall be replaced by other and better material and equipment, which shall be subject to the lien and operation of these presents.

COMPANY WAIVES THE RIGHT OF BENEFIT FROM EXTEN SION APPRAISEMENT, ETC., LAWS.

The party of the first part hereby irrevocably waives the benefit of all stay, exemption, extension, valuation and appraisement laws now or hereafter existing which might prevent, postpone, hinder or delay the exercise of the right of the Trustee to enter upon, operate or sell the mortgaged premises or any nort thereof

ises or any part thereof, etc.

TRUSTEES MAY BE APPOINTED BY A MAJORITY INTEREST

OF THE BONDHOLDERS.

OF THE BONDHOLDERS.

In case at any time hereafter the Trustee shall resign or be removed by a court of competent jurisdiction or otherwise, or shall become unfit to act in the said trust, the successor or successors to the said Trustee shall be appointed by the holders of a majority in interest of the bonds secured hereby and outstanding, by concurrent instruments signed by said bondholders or their attorneys. But in case it shall at any time prove impracticable, after reasonable exertion, to appoint in the manner hereinbefore iprovided a successor in the event of a vacancy in said trust, the new Trustee may be appointed upon application to any court of competent jurisdiction in which any part of the mortgaged property may be situated, upon application of the holders of one-eighth in interest of the amount of said bonds then outstanding.

THE BALITMORE & OHIO RR. CO. COVENANTS TO PAY INTER-

THE BALTIMORE & OHIO RR. CO. COVENANTS TO PAY INTER-EST, TO KEEP THE PROPERTY IN REPAIR, ETC.

EST, TO KEEP THE PROPERTY IN REPAIR, ETC.

The said Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, having by a perpetual and irrevocable contract with the said Baltimore Belt Railroad Company, of date January 6, 1890, agreed to use the railroad of the said Baltimore Belt Railroad Company upon the terms and conditions therein mentioned, doth hereby covenant for the benefit of the holders of any of said bonds, that the revenue arising therefrom shall be equal to the interest upon the bonds provided to be issued under this mortgage, and shall be devoted to the payment of said interest semi-annually on the first days of May and November in each year. Further, that the terms and conditions of said contract shall not be altered and the rates of charges for the use of said railroad of the party of the first part mentioned in said contract shall not be reduced at any time during the continuance of this mortgage, or of any extension thereof, so as to make of this mortgage, or of any extension thereof, so as to make the said sum so to be paid by the said Baltimore & Ohio Rail-road Company less than the annual interest of said bonds, as herein mentioned. And that it, the said Baltimore & Ohio

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Railroad Company, will, in pursuance of the said contract, at its own proper cost and expense, pay the actual cost of maintaining, repairing, renewing and keeping in good and sufficient order and repair the tracks, stations, tunnels and approaches thereto, and all other appurtenances of said Baltimore Belt Railroad Company, as well as all taxes lawfully assessed on said property. This covenant shall apply to any extension of this mortgage after the maturity thereof.

COUPONS WHEN PAID OR PURCHASED TO BE NO LONGER

SECURED HEREBY.

It is agreed, however, that no interest coupons annexed to It is agreed, however, that no interest coupons annexed to the bonds secured hereby, after maturity and after payment or purchase by the Baltimore Belt Railroad Company, or by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, or by any person or corporation making such payment or purchase with funds furnished directly or indirectly by either of said railroad companies, shall, after such payment or purchase be considered as secured by this mortgage as against the holders of bonds or coupons secured hereunder.

THE NEW YORK & PERRY COAL & IRON COMPANY.

APPLICATION TO THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

New York, January 22, 1891.
The property of the company is located at Shawnee, Perry County, Ohio. It consists of 600 acres of coal lands, owned in fee; 40.62% acres of ore lands, owned in fee; 430 acres of coal lands, leased (royalty of ten cents per ton on all coal mined); 5 coal mines, with a capacity of 600,000 tons per annum; 2 blast furnaces, with a capacity of 45,000 tons per annum.

An income is also derived from the following sources: 1 store, with a business of \$50,000 per annum, and at present containing goods appraised at \$6,000; 38 dwellings, rented at

containing goods appraised at \$6,000; 38 dwellings, rented at \$3,300 per annum.

Officers.—Frank L. Froment, President; George A. Blood, Vice-President: James F. Tweedy. Secretary and Treasurer.

TRUSTEES.—Frank L. Froment, George A. Blood, James F. Tweedy, Frank P. Perkins, Hildreth K. Bloodgood, Charles T. Galloway, Samuel M. Stevenson.

Principal office of the company, No. 2 Wall Street, New York

Principal office of the company, No. 2 Wall Street, New York.

The authorized bonded indebtedness of the company is \$600,000 First Mortgage Gold Bonds, covering all property owned at present or to be acquired in the future. The date of issue was April 25, 1890. All the bonds will mature May 1, 1920; the par value of each bond is \$1,000; the numbers of the bonds are from 1 to 600, both inclusive; the rate of interest is six (6) per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, May 1 and November 1 in each year, at the company's office or agency in New York City. Bonds may be registered at the company's office in New York. Trustee of the mortgage, the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company.

The company has sold \$465,000 First Mortgage Six per Cent Bonds, and has deposit in bank to pay the coupons due on same, May 1, 1891; and has materials and goods and cash assets on hand and paid for having cash value more than sufficient to pay the coupons due November, 1891, and all floating liabilities of the company.

The balance of the machinery necessary to work the washery and crusher has been received from Europe, and the plant will be in full operation February 15, twenty-eight ovens, with a capacity of 68 tons of coke per day, being now completed.

The company is also at present mining and selling coal and

pleted.

The company is also at present mining and selling coal, and has in active operation the store on its property and has all of its dwelling houses rented.

We submit a statement of the company's condition after the sale of \$465,000 First Mortgage Bonds.

FINANCIAL CONDITION JANUARY 22, 1891.

Assets.	
Real estate, leases and mineral rights, furnaces, machinery buildings, store buildings, dwelling houses, engines, boilers, reservoirs, coke ovens, washery and crusher, &c., railroad tracks, coal mine tracks, steam cable, &c	3,600,000 00
Merchandise in store, ore, cinder, lime-	18.623 25
stone and iron, at cost	14,450 00
Bills receivable	1,250 00
Capital stock in treasury (225 shares)	22,500 00
First mortgage bonds unsold	135,000 00
Liabilities.	40,102,020
Capital stock\$	3,000,000 00

Capital stock	.\$3,000,000 00	
First mortgage bonds	600,000 00	
Bills payable and accounts due	63,542 93	
Interest due on bonds	6,525 00	
		3,670,067 93

Surplus...... \$121,755 32 Application is hereby made to have listed on your Exchange \$465,000 of the First Mortgage Bonds of this company, numbered from 1 to 465, inclusive.

JAS. F. TWEEDY, Secretary.

The Committee recommended that the above-described \$465,000 First Mortgage Six per Cent Gold Bonds, Nos. 1 to 465 inclusive, be admitted to the list.

Adopted, January 28, 1891.

The Commercial Times.

COMMERCIAL EPITOME.

FRIDAY NIGHT, Jan. 30, 1891.

A storm occurred on the night of Saturday last which, though not in itself very severe, worked more damage to telethough not in itself very severe, worked more damage to telegraph, telephone and electric-light wires than they have suffered on any similar occasion their history. Communication with other parts of the country almost wholly ceased and has not been yet fully restored. A heavy snow-fall at the West obstructed railroads, but benefits other interests. The partisan contest which has obstructed the action of Congress for some weeks came to an end on Tuesday, and better progress has been made with public affairs. It seems highly probable that none we have regarding silver coinage will be passed at the present session of Congress. General trade has improved and speculation has at times moved with a more confident tone. An advance in wheat and a decline in cotton are the most conspicuous phases of the markets. The sudden death last night spicuous phases of the markets. The sudden death last night of William Windom, Secretary of the Federal Treasury,

of William Windom, Secretary of the Federal Treasury, is a public calamity.

Lard on the spot has been moderately active throughout the week until to-day, when it became quieter and barely steady at 5-60c. for prime city and 6-07½c for prime Western, with refined for the Continent quoted at 6-05æ6-45c. The speculation in lard for future delivery was slightly depressed early in the week by free selling for account of packers, owing to the arrival of large numbers of swine at Western points, but values slightly improved in sympathy with the grain markets. To-day, however, there was some irrecularity. To-day, however, there was some irregularity.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF LARD FUTURES

		Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thur.	Fri.
	February deliveryc.	6.02	6.05	6.01	6.01	6.05	6.06
	March deliverye.	6.12	6.16	6.12	6.13	6.15	6.14
	April deliveryc.	6.26	6 29	6.23	6.23	6.25	6.24
ı	May deliveryc.	6.33	6.36	6.32	6.32	6.34	6.33
ı	June deliveryc.		6.46	6.44	6.42	6.45	6.44

dull at 20@28c. for creamery. Cheese is firm at 8½@10½c. for State factory, full cream.

Coffee on the spot has been fairly active at about steady prices, with Rio No. 7 selling at 17½c. Mild grades met with a moderate demand. Yesterday and to-day, however, trade was rather slow. The speculation in Rio options has been rather quiet. To-day a firmer opening on favorable foreign advices was soon changed to a feeling of depression under freer selling orders, partly from Europe, closing barely steady, with sellers as follows:

 February
 16·70e.
 May
 15·85e.
 August
 15·05e.

 March
 16·40e.
 June
 15·55e.
 September
 14·65e.

 April
 16·10e.
 July
 15·40e.
 December
 13·60e.
 showing an advance for the week of 10@20 points, except

—showing an advance for the week of 10@20 points, except the distant months are lower. Raw sugars show some decline, closing somewhat unsettled; quoted at 434@4.36c. for fair refining Muscovado and $5\frac{1}{2}@5\frac{5}{8}$ c. for centrifugal of 96 deg. test. Refined sugars also lower, with more doing at the reduction; standard crushed quoted at 67-16c. and granulated at 61-16c. The tea sale went off at steady prices, but at the close the business at private sale is less active.

less active.

Kentucky tobacco has been quiet, the sales being limited to 200 hhds., mostly for export. Seed leaf continues in good demand, and sales for the week are 2,565 cases, as follows: 900 cases 1889 crop, Pennsylvania seed, 10c. to 13c.; 350 cases 1889 crop, Pennsylvania Havana, 13½c. to 30c.; 440 cases 1889 crop, Wisconsin Havana, 9½c. to 12½c.; 175 cases 1889 crop, New England Havana, p. t.; 200 cases 1889 crop, State Havana, 14c. to 22c.; 200 cases 1889 crop, Zimmer's Spanish, 13½c. to 16c., and 250 cases sundries, 7c. to 35c.; also 800 bales Havana, 72½c. to \$115.

On the Metal Exchange Straits tin has been active, but today was quieter, though the sales were 35 tons at 20·10c. for April and 20·15c. for May; quoted at 20·05c. on the spot. Copper is easier and quoted at 14·35c. for Lake. Domestic lead was decidedly higher and closed strong a· 4·47½c. The interior iron markets report more inquiry, but at low prices. Some sales of pig iron warrants have been made at \$15·12½. Steel rails at the mills steadily held at \$30. but sales very slow. Petroleum is quoted at 7·45c. in bbls. and 9·45c. in cases; naphtha, 7c.; crude, in bbls., 7·10c., and in bulk, 4,55c. Crude certificates close at 7:55½c. per bbl. Spirits turpentine is dearer, closing firm at 41/a/41½c. Rosins are also firmer, with a fair demand at \$142½/a/8147½ for strained. Wool is more active, and low grades bring rather more money. Hops continue depressed. Kentucky tobacco has been quiet, the sales being limited to

COTTON.

FRIDAY, P. M., January 30, 1891.

THE MOVEMENT OF THE CROP, as indicated by our telegrams from the South to-right, is given below. For the week ending this evening the total receipts have reached 195,103 bales, against 178,943 bales last week and 174,855 bales the previous week, making the total receipts since the 1st of Sept., 1890, 5,261,659 bales, against 4,962,425 bales for the same period of 1889-90, showing an increase since Sept.1, 1890, of 299,234 bales.

Receipts at-	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.	Total.
Galveston	2,115	3,937	4,505	3,082	1,438	3,574	18,651
EPPaso, &c						1,838	1,838
New Orleans	12,917	10,098	13,802	13,870	9,280	7,667	67,634
Mobile	1,080	2,879	2,644	443	1,466	845	9,357
Florida						484	484
Bayannah	4,767	7,683	2,383	4,420	3,262	3,946	26,461
Brunsw'k, &c.						3,185	3,185
Charleston	1,817	3,634	2,257	1,327	1,870	1,562	12,467
Port Royal, &c						29	29
Wilmington	656	610	987	573	569	500	3,895
Wash'gton,&c						182	182
Norfolk	2,144	4.641	7,832	6,230	1,361	2,278	24,486
West Point	1,330	2,322	2,887	1,497	1,498	1,252	10,786
N'wp't N's,&c.	1,000	2,022	2,00.	2,20	2,200	2,483	2,483
New York	1,166	1,090	690	500	1.085		6,237
Boston	316	221	179	210	239	429	1,594
Baltimore	310		110	210	200	3,894	3,894
Philadelph'a,&c	97	74	85	49	72	1,063	1,440
Totals this week	28.405	37.189	38.251	32.201	22.140	36 917	195 103

For comparison we give the following table showing the week's total receipts, the total since September 1, 1890, and the stock to-night, compared with last year.

Receipts to	189	0-91.	188	89-90.	Stock.	
Jan. 30.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1890.	This Week.	Since Sep. 1, 1889.	1891.	1890.
Galveston	18,651	837,602	18,265	758,085	81,442	50,995
El Paso, &c.	1,838	18,096	2,047	14,244		
New Orleans.	67,634	1,555,040	61,323	1,660,414	347,292	289,688
Mobile	9,357	237,636	6,355	219,584	45,047	22,535
Florida	484	33,782	839	21,634		
Bavannah	26,461	876,320	17,692	836,483	94,700	61,016
Bruns., &c.	3,185	154,361	4,187	142,937	13,146	11,037
Charleston	12,467	374,294	4,523	296,038	60,869	31,842
P. Royal, &c	29	625	40	1,768		
Wilmington .	3,895	165,480	4,112	125,262	27,602	16,554
Wash'tn,&c	182	3,463	173	3,669		
Norfolk	24,486	496,124	10.054	346,910	60,562	47,679
West Point.	10,786	263,916	9,839	279,271	18,636	
NwptN.,&c	2,483	55,735	1,326	41,315	24,156	4,868
New York	6,237	56,157	4,579	70,472	119,712	132,062
Boston	1,594	59,193	2,625	46,479	18,00	10,560
Baltimore	3,894	42,726	7,384	54,056	17,323	6,125
Phil'del'a, &c	1,440	31,119	3,902		6,990	10,666
Totals	195,103	5,261,659	159,265	4,962,425	935,477	695,567

In order that comparison may be made with other years, we give below the totals at leading ports for six seasons.

Receipts at—	1891.	1890.	1889.	1888.	1887.	1886
Galv'ston,&c	20,489	20,312	12,312	7,217	12,260	11,481
New Orleans	67,634	61,323	45,344	34,493	48,714	50,879
Mobile	9,357	6,355	9,582	5,036	3,114	6,289
Bavannan	26,461	17,692	15,626	14,347	13,293	14,715
Charl'st'n,&c	12,496	4,563	8,851	8,026	7,107	7,654
Wilm'gt'n,&c	4,077	4,285	1,758	2,364	1,278	2,380
Norfolk	24,486	10,054	12,689	6,470	13,265	14,376
W't Point, &c	13,269	11,165	20,911	8,722	14,417	4,652
All others	16,834	23,516	28,281	11,993	17,305	9,952
Tot.this week	195,103	159,265	155,354	98,668	130,753	122,418
Since Sept. 1	5261,659	4962,425	4474,367	4583,627	4486,382	4235.664

The exports for the week ending this evening reach a total of 163,213 bales, of which 109,462 were to Great Britain, 14,895 to France and 33,856 to the rest of the Continent. Below are the exports for the week, and since September 1, 1890.

Exports	We	ek Endi Export	ng Jan. ed to—	30.	From Sept. 1, 1890, to Jan. 30, 1891 Exported to-			
from-	Great Brit'n.	France	Conti- nent.	Total Week.	Great Britain.	France	Conti- nent.	Total
Galveston	21,021		2,359	23,380	4(9,587	24,953	87,855	522,375
New Orleans	26,408	13,647	13,647	53 702	532,942	301,022	370,463	1,204,427
Mob. & Penc'la	13,108			13,108	71,058			71,058
Savannah			16,668	16,668	104,971	32,928	322,617	460,516
Brunswick					84,624		14,459	99,083
Charleston	4,036		1,504	5,540	98,993	16,330	152,411	265,734
Wilmington					74,228	1,647	52,110	127,985
Norfolk	20,179			20,179	197,640	11,549	31,181	240,370
West Point	6,610			6,610	97,446		19,551	116,997
N'port Nws, &c					17,919			17,919
New York	9,445	1,248	3,912	14,605	244,305	20,630	112,681	377,618
Boston	7.428		508	7,936	100,148		2,908	
Baltimore	200		258	459	42,192	9,241	35,682	87,115
Philadelp'a,&c	1,027			1,027	13,381		1,655	15,038
Total	109,462	14,895	38,856	163,213	2,087,434	418,280	1,203,573	3,709,287
Total, 1889-90.	53,750	5.518	32.148	91 416	2,033,718	421.881	1.137.935	3 593 534

In addition to above exports, our telegrams to-night also give us the following amounts of cotton on shipboard, not cleared, at the ports named. We add similar figures for New York, which are prepared for our special use by Messrs. Carey, Yale & Lambert. 24 Beaver Street.

	O					
Jan. 30 at-	Great Britain.	France.	Olher Foreign	Coast- wise.	Total.	Leaving Stock.
New Orleans	18,769	11,512	23,088	2,055	55,424	291,868
	2,000	None.	None.	2,000	4,000	41,047
Charleston	9,500	None.	16,500	1,200	27,200	33,669
	7,500	500	5,700	3,000	16,700	78,000
Galveston	22,346	None.	2,074	3,453	27,873	53,569
Norfolk	30,000		5,000	2,000	37,000	23,562
New York	4,200	1,100	4,800	None.	10,100	109,612
Other ports	35,000	None.	25,000		60,000	65,853
Total 1891	129,315	13,112	82,162	13,708	238,297	697,180
Total 1890	83,017	4,169	60,177	22,937	170,300	525,267
Total 1889	93,970	11,810	39,645	28,514	173,939	765,355

The speculation in cotton for future delivery at this market was dull on Saturday last, but prices showed little decline. On Monday we were left pretty much to ourselves, a violent snow storm having cut off telegraph and telephone communication in all directions, and a small demand to cover was sufficient to cause a slight advance. On Tuesday the increased movement of the crop began to be revealed by the receipt of delayed Southern telegrams. A heavy selling movement and a sharp decline in prices were the result. Wednesday was the first day for notices for delivery on February contracts. They did not come out very freely, and were stopped early in the day. Consequently an early decline under weak in the day. Consequently an early decline under weak Liverpool advices was recovered in the later dealings, and on Thursday—after an early decline—some advance took place, favored by stronger figures from Liverpool. There was, however, no great activity to the demand. To-day there was an early advance, which was ascribed to Ellison's figures, which had been received by cable, but as both Liverpool and New Orleans seemed to be unaffected by them, and the crop movement for the week promised to be relatively large, the market soon weakened. Later on a demand to cover contracts caused an advance, and the close was at about the best figures of the day. Cotton on the spot was dull, and quotations were on Wednesday reduced 1-16c. To-day the market was quiet at 95-16c. for middling uplands.

The total sales for forward delivery for the week are 510,100 bales. For immediate delivery the total sales foot up this week 868 bales, including — for export, 868 for consumption, — for speculation, and — in transit. Of the above — bales were to arrive. The following are the official quotations for each day of the past week—January 24 to January 30.

UPLANDS.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Ordinary % 1	b. 634	634	634	61116	61116	61118
Strict Ordinary	7316	7316	7316	718	718	718
Good Ordinary	8118	8118	8118	8	8	8
Strict Good Ordinary	8718	8714	8710	838	838	838
Low Middling	8 314	81316	81316	834	83	834
Strict Low Middling	93:6	9316	9314	918	918	918
Middling	938	938	936	9516	9516	9516
Good Middling		978	978	91316	91316	91318
Strict Good Middling	104	1014	104	10316	10316	10316
Middling Fair	11	11	11	101516	101518	101016
Fair	1112	1112	1112	11716	11716	11716
GULF.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Prı.
Ordinary	b. 7418	7316	7316	718	718	718
Strict Ordinary	758	758	758	7016	79:8	7918
Good Ordinary		810	810	8716	8716	8718
Strict Good Ordinary		878	878	81316	81316	81310
Low Middling		914	914	9116	9316	9318
Strict Low Middling		950	950	9916	9916	9916
Middling	91316	9131	9131€	931	934	984
Good Middling	10516	10516	10516	104	104	1014
Strict Good Middling	101110	101110	1011	1058	1058	1058
Middling Fair	117.0	11716	11716	1138	1138	1138
Fair.	111516	11151	11151,	1178	1178	1178
STAINED.	Sat.	Mon	Tues	Wed	Th.	Fri.
Good Ordinary 19 1	b. 612	619	619	6716	6716	6716
Strict Good Ordinary		718	718	7116	7116	7118
Low Middling	8	8	8	71516	71516	71518

MARKET AND SALES.

The total sales of cotton on the spot and for future delivery each day during the week are indicated in the following statement. For the convenience of the reader we also add a column which shows at a glance how the market closed on

		SALE	S OF SE	OT AN	D TRA	NSIT.	Market and
	CLOSED.	Ex- port.	Con-		Tran-	Total.	Sales of Futures.
	Dull		66			66	45,700
	Quiet		135			135	55,000
Tuesday	Dull and easy		135			135	119,000
Wed'day .	Quiet at 116 dec.		83			85	112,800
Thursday	Quiet		256			256	101,500
Friday	Quiet	••••	191			191	76,100
Total			868			868	510,100

THE SALES AND PRICES OF FUTURES are shown by the following comprehensive table:

OO 1 OO*	Totalsales this week.	Friday, Jan. 30— Sales, total Prices paid (range) Closing	Thursday, Jan. 29— Sales, total Prices paid (range)	Wednesd'y, Jan. 28— Sales, total	Tuesday, Jan. 27— Bales, total Prices paid (range) Closing	Monday, Jan. 26— Sales, total Prices paid (range) Closing	Saturday, Jan. 24- Sales, total Prices paid (range) Closing	Market, Prices and Sales of FUTURES.
11 329 300	ek. 510,100	Variable. 76.100 1ge) 9.03 a 9.48 Firmer.	9- Variable. 101,500 197# 9:46 Firmer.	Yariable. 112,800 1953 9.45 Steady.	Lower. 119,000 198 9 9.51 Steady.	Firmer. 55,000 ge) 9.03# 9.59 Dull.	Easier. 45,700 9:02 # 9:55 Steady.	Range and Total Sales.
2.260.800	2,700 9.03	Aver	Aver: 8.99 1,000 8.98 # 9.01 9.02 — 9.03	Aver 9.00 8.992 9.00 8.992 9.00	Aver 9.02 300 9.002 9.05 9.00—	Aver 9.1 - 2 9.1 9.09- 9.1	Aver 9.04 700 9.02 @ 9.04 9.03 — 9.04	January.
1.554.700	43,300 9 03	9.03 p 9.09 9.03 p 9.10 9.03 p 9.09	Aver 8-99 Aver 9-00 Aver 9-06 1-1000 8-98 # 9-01 8-97 # 9-04 9-02 # 9-09 9-02 # 9-03 9-03 9-04 9-08 # 9-08	Aver. 8-97 Aver. 9-04 Aver. 9-15 Aver. 9-25 Aver. 9-35 Aver. 9-43 11.100 15.400 15.400 9-18 9-28 9-28 9-28 9-37 9-42 9-45 9-45 9-36 9-37 9-42 9-45 9-36 9-37 9-44 9-45 9-36 9-37 9-44 9-45 9-36 9-37 9-44 9-45 9-36 9-36 9-37 9-44 9-45 9-36 9-36 9-37 9-44 9-45 9-36 9-36 9-37 9-44 9-45 9-36 9-36 9-37 9-44 9-45 9-36 9-36 9-37 9-44 9-45 9-36 9-36 9-36 9-37 9-44 9-45 9-36 9-36 9-36 9-36 9-36 9-36 9-36 9-36	Aver 9.02 Aver 9.01 Aver 9.09 / 18.00 19.700 9.00 9.05 8.98 9.04 9.05 9.05 9.05 9.05 9.07 9.05 9.05	Aver 9.07 3,700 9.03# 9.10 9.09 — 9.10	9.0 9.0 194A	February.
2,202,100	91,700 9·10	Aver. 9-10 Aver. 9-19 13,900 9-07 w 9-13 9-12 - 9-13 9-12 - 9-13 9-21 - 9-22	Aver 9.00 Aver 9.06 4,900 8.97	Aver: 9.04 15,400 9.02 a 9.07 9.06 — 9.07	Aver 9.09 19,700 9.05 <i>a</i> 9.13 9.07— 9.08	99.7	9.04 Aver. 9.13 Aver. 9.25 10,400 20,600 9.120 9.120 9.120 9.120 9.250 9.260	March.
1,048,300	89,700 9-21	Aver 9.19 15,700 9.17 • 9.22 9.21 - 9.22	6 Aver. 9-16 Aver. 9-26 Aver. 9-34 Aver. 9-42 12-10-0 9-12-6-9-20 9-22-6-9-20 9-36-9-38-9-46-9-46 9-18-9-19 9-28-9-29 9-37-9-38-9-45-9-45-	Aver 9·15 19,800 9·13æ 9·18 9·17— 9·18	99 Aver 9·20 Aver 9 17,900 21,90 3 9·16	Aver 9.28 8,100 9.25 a 9.30 9.25 - 9.29	Aver 9.25 7,700 9.24 a 9.26 9.25 — 9.26	April.
963,000	89.800 9.31	Aver 9:30 16,300 9:27@ 9:32 9:31— 9:32	Aver 9.26 19,200 9.22 a 9.29 9.28 - 9.29	Aver 9.25 15,600 9.23	9.26 a 9.32 9.28 - 9.29	9.35 ø 9.38 –	Aver : 9:35 7,800 9:34 # 9:36 9:36 — 9:37	Мау.
615,600	74.100 9.40	9.36 a 9.41 9.40 - 9.41	9.30æ 9.38 9.37— 9.38	Aver : 9.35 15,400 9.32@ 9.37 9.36— 9.37	Aver 9.39 20,700 9.35@ 9.42 9.37— 9.38	Aver 9.48 8,700 9.45@ 9.50 9.47— 9.48	Aver : 9.45 6,600 9.44@ 9.46 9.45— 9.46	May. June. July.
284,700	9.48	9.44 æ 9.48 9.48 — 9.49	Aver 9.42 12,100 9.38 # 9.46 9.45 — 9.46	Aver 9.43 11,100 9.42# 9.45 9.44- 9.45	9-30 Aver 9-39 Aver 9-45 Aver 9-45 900 20,700 5,700 9-32 9-35@ 9-42 9-42@ 9-51 9-44@ 9-51 9-29 9-37— 9-38 9-45— 9-46 9-45— 9-46	8 Aver 9.48 Aver 9.50 8.700 1 9.45 @ 9.50 9.53 @ 9.59 9.47 — 9.48 9.57 — 9.58	Aver 9.45 Aver 9.34 6.600 9.44@ 9.46 9.54@ 9.55 9.45— 9.46 9.54— 9.55	July.
411,300	9.48	9.44 o 9.48 9.48 - 9.49	Aver 9 11,20 9:38	Aver 9.4 14,900 9.41@ 9.4 9.44— 9.4	17,300 9.44@ 9.5 9.45— 9.4	9.56 - 9.57 9.40-	9.53 a 9.54 9.53 a 9.54	August.
57.200	9.33	9.3	9.25% 9.31 9.31— 9.3	Aver 9.2. 3,900 9.26@ 9.3 9.29— 9.3	9.29 a 9.35 9.30 — 9.31	9.38% 9.41 9.40— 9.41	9:38 ø 9: 9:38 – 9:	Septembe
17,800	9.25	9.27 - 9.29	7er :: 9:23 3,600 -20 ø 9:24 -21 – 9:25	500 500 20 9 9 21 20 - 9 21	25 9	9·26 a 9·30 9·29 — 9·30	9·26a 9·30 9·26 - 9·27	tober.
2,800	9:24	1000	9.20 a - 9.22 - 9.24	9·19- 9·20	9.18- 9.19	700 9.26 # 9.28 9.26 - 9.28	100 - 9 9.26 9.24 - 9.26	ember.
3,400	9.25	9 9	9.23 % — 9.22 — 9.24	9·19-	9·24æ 9·25 9·18- 9·19	9.26	9.24	December.

ber-October, for October, 349,300; September, November, for November, 382,700; September-December, for December, 947,300.

The following exchanges have been made during the week:

	_
51 pd. to exch. 500 Feb. for July.	06 pd. to exch. 1,000 Feb. for Mch. 11 pd. to exch. 500 Mch. for Apr.
	of and to exch. 500 Men. for Tuno.
'09 pd. to exch. 400 Feb. for Mch.	06 pd. to exch. 500 Sept. for June
21 pd. te exch. 1,100 Mch. for May	10 pd. to exen. 3,000 Men. for Apr.
08 pd. to exch. 200 Feb. for Mch.	20 pa. to exen. 500 Men. for May.
20 pd. to exch. 200 Jan. for April.	'04 pd. to exen. 100 Feb. for Men.
23 pd. to exch. 200 Feb. for May.	·10 pd. to exch. 100 Mch. for Apr.
07 pd. to exch. 900 Feb. for Mch.	27 pd. to exch. 300 Mch for June.

THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by cable THE VISIBLE SUPPLY OF COTTON to-night, as made up by caste and telegraph, is as follows. The Continental stocks, as well as those for Great Britain and the afloat are this week's returns, and consequently all the European figures are brought down to Thursday evening. But to make the totals the complete figures for to-night (Jan. 30), we add the item of exports from the United States, including in it the exports of Friday only.

Start at View and holes	1891 956,000	1890. 992,000	1889. 685.000	1888. 758.000
Stock at Liverpoolbales Stock at London	20,000		6,000	28,000
Total Great Britain stock.	976,000	1,007,000	691,000	786,000
Stock at Hamburg	3,300		2,800	4,500
Stock at Bremen	165,000	142,000	14,000	43,300
Stock at Amsterdam	18,000	6,000	22,000	23,000
Stock at Rotterdam	400	300	300	300
Stock at Antwerp	7,000	6,000	500	900
Stock at Havre	203,000		98,000	184,000
Stock at Marseilles	3,000		3,000	2,000
Stock at Barcelona	90,000	90,000	29,000	46,000
Stock at Genoa	6,000		5,000	4,000
Stock at Trieste	10,000			
Total Continental stocks	505,700	435,600	181,600	312,000
Total European stocks	1.481,700	1,442,600	872,600	1,098,000
India cotton affoat for Europe.				80,000
Amer. cott'n afloat for Europe.		470,000	391,000	460,000
Egypt, Brazil, &c., aflt for E'r'pe		24,000	52,000	41,000
Stock in United States ports		695,567	939,294	942,712
Stock in U. S. interior towns			338,739	343,525
United States exports to-day.				5,192
Total visible supply	3,458,136	3,023,219	2,745,996	2,970,429

Of the above, the totals of American and other descriptions are as follows:
 American—
 bales
 668,000
 787,000
 554,000
 573,000

 Continental stocks
 396,000
 339,000
 135,000
 185,000

 American afloat for Europe
 500,000
 470,000
 391,000
 460,000

 United States stock
 935,477
 695,667
 937,294
 492,712

 United States interior stocks
 384,304
 263,374
 388,739
 343,525

 United States exports to-day
 23,655
 14,678
 6,363
 5,192

Total East India, &c..... 550/700 433,600 381,600 461,000 Fotal American 2,907,436 2,589,619 2,364,396 2,509,429

The imports into Continental ports this week have been 108,000 bales.

The above figures indicate an *increase* in the cotton in sight to-night of 434,917 bales as compared with the same date of 1890, an *increase* of 712,170 bales as compared with the corresponding date of 1889 and an *increase* of 487,707 bales as compared with 1888.

At the Interior Towns the movement—that is the receipts for the week, and since September 1, the shipments for the week and the stocks to-night, and the same items for the corresponding period of 1889-90—is set out in detail in the following statement.

070-----

	Moven	Movement to January 30,	uary 30,	1881	Magor	Bootement to January 31, 1000.	tro finn	2000
TOWNS.	This week.	Receipts. Since Sept.1,'90.	Shipm'ts This week.	Stock Jan. 30.	This week.	Since Sept.1,'89.	Shipm'ts This week.	Slock Jan. 31.
Augusta, Ga	6,107	218,671	4,776	43,887	5,042	178,559 72,984	2,686 7,475	22,481 7.264
Macon Ga	1,500	67.882	1.826	10,500	500	56,489	900	800
Montgomery, Ala	1,671	125,630	2,050	17,080	1,388	129,861	1,803	4,881
Selma, Ala	1,400	83,304	2,362	13,038	653	76,597	1.302	99.760
Memphis, Tenn	19,953	592,142	24,409	088,611	11,844	207,352	20,387	3.802
Nashville, Tenn	764	32,436	640	1,265	2.000	30.842	2,100	1,000
Sherman, Texar		17,512	350	200	120	13,573	253	1 555
Shreveport, La		73,319	2,911	17,612	2,825	69.165	3,539 4	13.764
Columbus, Miss		35,825	1,783	2,700	565	27,007	669	660
Eufaula, Ala		27,929	636	7,383	997	29,3/8	1,379 758	1.873
Atlanta, Ga.	2,431	121,471	2,102	11,727	4,564	142,546	7,839	5,917
Rome, Ga	2,041	75,617	1,630	4,342	1,392	60,819	1,331	2,145
St. Louis, Mo	21.872	199,206	25,186	86,969	15,621	444,237	22,665	76,724
Cincinnati, Ohio.	9,138	224,353	10,005	3,334	14,190	223,809	15,069	8,733
Total, old towns.	79,669	2,426,865	85,989	384,304	68,210	2,203,789	104,713	263,374
Newberry, S. C:		15,833			287	16,017	. 287	1067
Raleigh, N. C		10.186		104	214	5.236	214	1,000
Louisville, Ky.*		8,676		1,345	467	10,212	552	667
Little Rock, Ark.	1,860	54,098		2,973	2,020	24.724	2,676	2.925
Houston, Texas.	16,802	776,765	17,559	13,119	13,108	696,926	13,389	7,958
Total, new towns	20,750	922,106	21,172	25,806	16,950	829,736	17,642	24,510
Total, all	100,420	3,348,971	107,161	410,110	85,160	3,033,525	122,355	287,884

^{*} Louisville figures "net" in both years.
† Last year's figures are for Griffin.
† This year's figures estimated.

The above totals show that the old interior stocks have decreased during the week 6,320 bales, and are to-night 120,930 bales more than at the same period last year. The receipts at the same towns have been 11,459 bales more than the same week last year, and since Sept. 1 the receipts at all the towns are 315,446 bales more than for the same time in 1889-90.

QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON AT OTHER MARKETS.—Below we give closing quotations of middling cotton at Southern and other principal cotton markets for each day of the week:

Week ending	CLOSING QUOTATIONS FOR MIDDLING COTTON ON-									
Jan. 30.	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Fri.				
Galveston	9916	912	9716	938	938	938				
New Orleans	93 6	9316	9316	9116	9116	9116				
Mobile	918	918	918	918	9118	9				
Bavannah	81316	834	858	8416	8914	858				
Charleston	958	912	912	912	912	910				
Wilmington.	9	9	9	9	878	878				
Norfolk	918	918	918	918	918	918				
Boston	938	938	938	938	9518	9516				
Baltimore	9718	9'16	9716	9716	9716	9716				
Philadelphia	978	978	978	978	934	934				
Augusta	914	914	914	918	918	918				
Memphis	9316	9 16	93,6	918	918	918				
St. Louis	9316	9316	9316	918	918	918				
Cincinnati	914	914	914	914	914	914				
Louiswille	030	030	030	030	030	030				

The closing quotations to-day (Friday) at other important Southern markets were as follows:

Atlanta	918	Little Rock	83	Raleigh	83
Columbus, Ga. Columbus, Miss	812	Montgomery Nashville	9	Rome	834
Eufaula	858	Natchez	878	Shreveport	858

RECEIPTS FROM THE PLANTATIONS.—The following table Indicates the actual movement each week from the plantations. The figures do not include overland receipts nor Southern consumption; they are simply a statement of the weekly movement from the plantations of that part of the crop which finally reaches the market through the outports.

	Veek	Receip	ts at the	Ports.	St'k at	Interior	Towns.	Rec'pts	from P	lant'ns.
En	ding-	1888-89	1889-90	1890-91	1888-89	1889-90	1890-91	1888-89	1889-90	1890-91
Dec.	26	240,042	248,408	270,782	460,029	405,332	496,960	272,719	288,648	314,261
Jan.	2	202,924	218,640	246,989	448,660	417,560	488,883	191,560	230,868	238,912
**	9	159,119	139,826	217,177	435,568	395,470	486,590	146,027	117,736	194,884
64	16	149,178	158,888	174,855	407,093	359,020	447,508	120,703	122,418	155,773
88	23	177,821	146,892	178,943	389,643	825,079	416,851	160,371	112,951	148,286
9.5	30,	155,354	159,265	195,103	361,239	287,884	410,110	126,950	122,070	188,362

The above statement shows: 1.—That the total receipts from the plantations since September 1, 1890, are 5,658,156 bales; in 1889-90 were 5,237,865 bales; in 1888-89 were 4,820,231 bales. 2.—That, although the receipts at the outports the past week were 195,103 bales, the actual movement from plantations was only 188,362 bales, the balance being taken from the stocks at the interior towns. Last year the receipts from the plantations for the same week were 122,070 bales and for 1889 they were

OVERLAND MOVEMENT FOR THE WEEK AND SINCE SEPT. 1 .-Overland Movement for the Week and since Sept. 1.—
We give below a statement showing the overland movement
for the week and since September 1. As the returns reach us
by telegraph late Friday night it is impossible to enter so
largely into detail as in our regular monthly report, but all
the principal matters of interest are given. This weekly
publication is of course supplementary to the more extended
monthly statements. The results for the week ending Jan. 30
and since Sept. 1 in the last two years are as follows:

	189	0-91.	188	9-90.
January 30.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
Shipped-	02.400	440.044		
Via St. Louis	25,186	412,811	22,563	
Via Cairo	10,863	208,605	10,962	257,285
Via Hannibal	1,626	77,232	1,945	51,080
Via Evansville	1,076	18,934	273	15,739
Via Louisville	4,586	141,452	6,409	91.883
Via Cincinnati	5,910	130,875	10,155	153,035
Via other routes, &c	1,867	116,216	10,748	123,590
Total gross overland Deduct shipments—	51,114	1,106,125	63,055	1,060,373
Overland to N. Y., Boston, &c	13,165	189,195	18,490	214.811
Between interior towns	1,879	76,576	1,533	
Inland, &c., from South	2,924	54,160	4,045	77,924
Total to be deducted	17,968	319,931	24,068	342,348
Leaving total net overland*	33,146	786,194	38,987	718,025

The foregoing shows that the week's net overland movement this year has been 33,146 bales, against 38,987 bales for the same week in 1890, and that for the season to date the aggregate net overland exhibits an excess over a year ago of 68,169 bales.

In Sight and Spinners'	189	00-91.	188	9-90.
Takings.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.	Week.	Since Sept. 1.
Receipts at ports to Jan. 30 Net overland to Jan. 30 Southern consumption to Jan. 30	33,146		38,987	4,962,425 718,025 270,000
Total marketed	239.249 *6,741	6,333,853 396,497	208,252 * 37,195	5,950,450 275,440
Came into sight during week. Total in sight Jan. 30	232,508	6,730,350	171,057	6,225,890
North'n spinners tak'gs to Jan. 30		1,422,230		1,404,456

It will be seen by the above that there has come into sight during the week 232,508 bales, against 171,057 bales for the same week of 1890, and that the increase in amount in sight to-night, as compared with last year, is 504,460 bales.

WEATHER REPORTS BY TELEGRAPH.-Reports to us by telegraph from the South to-night are generally of a fairly favorable character. Rain has fallen in about all districts, but as a rule the precipitation has been light. The marketing of cot-

rule the precipitation has been light. The marketing of cotton has made good progress.

Galveston, Texas.—We have had rain on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and sixty-five hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 39 to 65, averaging 52.

Palestine, Texas.—It has rained on three days of the week, the precipitation reaching fifty-two hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 51, highest 69, lowest 32.

Huntsville, Texas.—It has rained on three days of the week, the precipitation being ninety hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 51, the highest being 69 and the lowest 32. lowest 32

Dallas, Texas.--It has rained on two days of the week, the

Dallas, Texas.—It has rained on two days of the week, the precipitation reaching thirty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 50, ranging from 31 to 68.

San Antonio, Texas.—There has been rain on two days of the week, to the extent of one inch and fifteen hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 35 to 68, averaging 52.

Luling, Texas.—It has rained hard on one day of the week, the precipitation reaching one inch and ten hundredths. Average thermometer 52, highest 73, lowest 31.

Average thermometer 52, highest 73, lowest 31. Columbia, Texas.—Telegram not received. Cuero, Texas.—We have had rain on two days of the week, the precipitation reaching one inch and forty-five hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 47, ranging from 31 to 63. Brenham, Texas.—We have had hard rain on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching one inch and seventy-two hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 36 to 74, averaging 55. hundredths. The averaging 55. Belton, Texas.—

-Telegram not received.

Weatherford, Texas.—There has been one shower during the week, the rainfall reaching forty hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 56, the highest being 64 and the lowest 49.

New Orleans, Louisiana. - We have had rain on four days

of the week, the rainfall reaching two inches and twelve hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 55.

Shreveport, Louisiana.—It has rained on five days of the week, the precipitation reaching sixty- eight hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has ranged from 32 to 64, averaging

48.

Columbus, Mississippi.—Rain has fallen on four days of the week to the extent of one inch and twenty-five hundredths. Average thermometer 51, highest 70, lowest 26.

Leland, Mississippi.—The week's precipitation has been ninety-five hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 50·7, highest 80, lowest 28.

Little Rock, Arkansas.—It has rained on two days of the week, the rainfall reaching thirty-nine hundredths of an inch. It is now raining. Average thermometer 46, highest 63, lowest 28.

est 28.

Helena, Arkansas — There has been rain on three days of the week to the extent of eighty-eight hundredths of an inch. Cotton has been coming in freely of late. The thermometer has averaged 47, the highest being 64 and the lowest 30.

Memphis. Tennessee.—We have had rain on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching sixty-seven hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 48, ranging from 33

Nashville, Tennessee.—There has been rain on two days of the week, the precipitation reaching one inch and forty-hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 25 to 66, aver-

aging 46.

Mobile, Alabama.—It has rained on four days of the week, the precipitation reaching three inches and thirty-five hundredths. Average thermometer 49, highest 66 and lowest 32.

Montgomery, Alabama.—We have had rain on three days of the week, the rainfall reaching ninety-two hundredths of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 50, the highest being 72 and the lowest 31.

an inch. The thermometer has averaged 50, the highest scales 72 and the lowest 31.

Selma, Alabama.—Telegram not received.

Auburn, Alabama.—The week's precipitation has been one inch and twenty-eight hundredths. The thermometer has ranged from 31 to 60, averaging 46·6.

Madison, Florida.—Telegram not received.

Columbus, Georgia.—It has rained on two days of the week, the precipitation being one inch and sixty-two hundredths. The thermometer has averaged 48, the highest being 59 and the lowest 30. the lowest 30.

the lowest 30.

Savannah, Georgia.—There has been rain on two days during the week, to the extent of one hundredth of an inch. The thermometer has averaged 53, ranging from 36 to 77.

Augusta, Georgia.—There has been rain on three days, to the extent of sixty-five hundredths of an inch, and the remainder of the week has been clear and pleasant. The thermometer has ranged from 30 to 65, averaging 48.

Charleston, South Carolina.—Rain has fallen on two days of the week to the extent of six hundredths of an inch. Average thermometer 52, highest 72, lowest 38.

Stateburg, South Carolina.—The week's precipitation has been one inch and seven hundredths, it having rained on two days. The thermometer has averaged 47.4, the highest being 62.5 and the lowest 35.

62.5 and the lowest 35.

Wilson, North Carolina.—Telegram not received.
The following statement we have also received by telegraph, showing the height of the rivers at the points named at 3 o'clock January 29, 1891 and January 30, 1890.

	Jan. 29, '91.	Jan. 30, '90
	Feet.	Feet.
New OrleansAbove low-water mark.		13.0
MemphisAbove low-water mark.		34·4 17·6
NashvilleAbove low-water mark. ShreveportAbove low-water mark.		19.7
Vicksburg Above low-water mark.	30.0	41.0

Note.—Reports are new made in feet and tenths

INDIA COTTON MOVEMENT FROM ALL PORTS.—The receipts and shipments of cotton at Bombay have been as follows for the week and year, bringing the figures down to Jan. 29.

BOMBAY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS FOR FOUR YEARS.

	Shipm	ents thi	s week.	Shipme	ents since	Receipts.		
Year	Great Brit'n.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain	Conti- nent.	Total.	This Week.	Since Jan. 1.
1891 1890 1889 1888	3,000	34,000	13,000 3,000 55,000 19,000	14,000 39,000	49,000 91,000 99,000 61,000	105,000 138,000		223,000 253,000 263,000 153,000

According to the foregoing, Bombay appears to show a decrease compared with last year in the week's receipts of 12,000 bales and an increase in shipments of 10,000 bales, and the shipments since January 1 show a decrease of 50,000 bales. The movement at Calcutta, Madras, and other India ports for the last reported week and since the 1st of January, for two years, has been as follows. "Other ports" cover Ceylon, Tuticorin, Kurrachee and Coconada.

	Shipme	nts for th	e week.	Shipments since January 1.				
	Great Britain.	Conti- nent.	Total.	Great Britain.	Continent.	Total.		
Calcutta-								
1891		5,000	5,000	4,000	12,000	16,000		
1890	2,000	3,000	5,000	4,000	10,000	14,000		
Madras-	,	,	.,			,		
1891	1,000		1.000	2,000		2,000		
1890				1,000		1,000		
All others-						-,		
1891	2,000		2,000	4,000	4,000	8,000		
1890				3,000	2,000	5,000		
						0,000		
Total all-								
1891	3,000	5,000	8,000	10,000	16,000	26,000		
1890	2,000	3,000	5,000	8,000	12,000	20,000		

EXPORTS TO EUROPE FROM ALL INDIA.

Shipments	18	91.	18	90.	1889.		
to all Europe from—	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1.	This week.	Since Jan. 1	
Bombay All other ports.	13,000 8,000	55,000 26,000	3,000 5,000	105,000 20,000	55,000 8,000	138,000	
Total	21,000	81,000	8,000	125,000	63,000	168,000	

ALEXANDRIA RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.—Through arrangements we have made with Messrs. Davies, Benachi & Co., of Liverpool and Alexandria, we now receive a weekly cable of the movements of cotton at Alexandria, Egypt. The following are the receipts and shipments for the past week and for the corresponding week of the previous two years.

Alexandria, Egypt, January 29.	189	00-91.	188	9-90.	1888-89.		
Receipts (cantars*) This week Since Sept. 1.	3,0	00,000 77,000	2,7	85,000 08,000	2,3	85,000 08,000	
	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	This week.	Since Sept. 1.	
Exports (bales)— To Liverpool To Continent	13,000 3,000	208,000 105,000	3,000 2,000	200,000 94,000	12,000 2,000	177,000 86,000	
Total Europe	16,000	313,000	5,000	294,000	14,000	263,000	

A cantar is 98 pounds. This statement shows that the receipts for the week ending Jan. 29 were 100,000 cantars and the shipments to all Europe

MANCHESTER MARKET.—Our report received by cable to-night from Manchester states that the market continues easy for both yarns and shirtings. The demand for both India and China is poor. We give the prices for to-day below, and leave those for previous weeks of this and last year for comparison:

		1890-91.		1899-90.						
	32s Cop. Twist.	84 lbs. Shirtings.	Cott'n Mid. Uplds	32s Cop. Twist.	814 lbs. Shirtings.	Cott'n Mid. Uplds				
Dec26		8. d. 8. d.	d.	d. d.	s. d. s. d.	d.				
Jan. 2	8516 @ 858	6 41907 3	******	818 2858 818 2858	6 1 97 3	558				
9	8518 2858	6 419 97 3	5516	84 984	6 3 27 3	53				
" 16	84 2810	6 41907 3	5516	84 284	6 3 27 3	51816				
" 23	8316 28716	6 4 07 3	5316	812 2878	6 4 07 4	618				
" 30	8314 787	6 4 27 3	5110	810 2870	R 4 27 4	61				

COTTON SUPPLY AND CONSUMPTION IN EUROPE.-By cable we have received the substance of Mr. Ellison's first of January cotton review, and in our editorial columns give the results and some suggestions respecting them.

JUTE BUTTS, BAGGING, &c.—Although there is but little doing in jute bagging, prices are quite steadily maintained, the close to-night being at 5c. for 1½ lbs., 5½c. for 1¾ lbs., 6c. for 2 lbs. and 6¾c. for standard grades. Only light trading in jute butts is reported, and quotations are 1·15@1·20c. for paper grades and 1¾c. for bagging quality.

EAST INDIA CROP.-Messrs. Gaddum, Bythell & Co.'s report, dated Bombay, December 27, says:

Our crop is still in good condition, but fears of further rain are still entertained. In some districts cloudy weather still prevails, and the temperature is too high for this time of the year. Picking in the Comra districts is now practically over. In the Bhownugger and Dhollera districts picking is now going on, and some parcels come into the market daily. The Broach crop continues satisfactory, and the cotton pods are commencing to burst.

SHIPPING NEWS.—The exports of cotton from the United States the past week, as per *latest mail* returns, have reached 167,892 bales. So far as the Southern ports are concerned, these 167,892 bales. So far as the Southern ports are contented, where the same exports reported by telegraph and published in the CHRONICLE last Friday. With regard to New York we include the manifests of all vessels cleared up to Thursday.

	Total bales.
NEW YORK-To Liverpool, per steamers City of Berlin, 2,3	47
Gallia, 922Germanic, 1,520Lake Ontario, 3,0	122
Nevada, 1,159	
To Hull, per steamer Buffalo, 475	
To Hun, per steamer Bunaio, 475	1.248
To Havre, per steamer La Bourgogne, 1,248	
To Bremen, per steamers Fulda, 1,541Spree, 250	
To Hamburg, per steamer Rhaetia, 700	700
To Antwerp, per steamer Conemaugh, 220	220
To Genoa, per steamer Birmannia, 999	999
To Naples, per steamer Birmannia, 200	200
To St. Thomas, W. I., schooner Ella M. Watts, 2	
NEW ORLEANS—To Liverpool, per steamers Alava, 4,455.	
Discourse 4 200 Eliter 4 201 (College E 220.	•••
Discoverer, 4,800Editor, 4,301Gallego, 5,630.	27,086
Grecian, Prince, 1,300Texan, 6,600	
To Havre, per steamers Dupuy de Lome, 6,811Winch	.68-
t r, 5,460	12,271
t r, 5,460	4,320
To Bremen, per steamer Gerona, 9,150	9,150
To Antwerp, per steamer Dupuy de Lome, 214	
To Genoa, per steamer Iniziativa, 3,764	
GALVESTON—To Liverpool, per steamers Darlington, 6,824.	
Glenfield, 5,890Isleworth, 6,966Mortlake, 6,9	25
Glenneld, 5,890Isleworth, 6,900Mortiake, 6,6	35,993
Orbo, 4,709 Queen, 4,669	
BAVANNA 1-To Liverpool, per steamers Lochmore, 8,028]	Der 10 FIE
bark Valona, 2,489	10,517
bark Valona, 2,489	4,329
BRUNSW.CK-To Liverpool, per steamer Navigation, 3,642	3,642
CHARLE TON-To Liverpool, per steamers Asiatic Prince, 5,2	93
Co one 4.312	9,605
Co ona, 4,312	rig
Alfredo 1 050	5,260
Alfredo, 1,050	00
MORFOL -10 Liverpool, per steamer Clarissa Kadelli, 1,0	13,923
E (genie, 6,323	
WEST POINT—To Bremen, per steamer Inflexible, 3,840	3,940
BOSTON—To Liverpool, per steamers Georgian, 2,274 Iov	VB.
1.274Samaria, 695	4,243
To Yarmouth, per steamer Boston, 211	211
BALTIMORE-To Liverpool, per steamers Rossmore, 1,738.	
Wakefield, 1,770	3,508
PHILADELPHIA—To Liverpool, per steamers Lord Clive, 802.	
Ohio, 609	1,411
UIII0, 003	1,211

The particulars of these shipments, arranged in our usual form, are as follows:

	Liver-	Hull	& Dun-	Bremen & Ham- burg.		and	W. I. d Yar- mouth	. Total.
New York.	8.970	475	1.248	2.491	220	1.199	2	14,605
N. Orleans.			16,591	9,150	214	3,764		56,805
Galveston.	35,993							35,993
Savannah .	10,517		4,329				*****	14,846
Brunswick.	3,642	*****					*****	3,642
Charleston.	9,605					5,260		14,865
Norfolk	13,923			*****			*****	13,923
West Point			*****				*****	3,840
Boston	4,243						211	4,454
Baltimore.	3,508							3,508
Philadelp'a	1,411					*****	*****	1,411
Total1	22,733	475	22,169	11.641	434	0.223	213	167,892

Below we add the clearances this week of vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, bringing our data down to the latest dates:

ootton from United States ports, bringing our data down to the latest dates:

Galveston—To Liverpool—Jan. 22—Steamer Tripoli, 6,441...Jan. 26—Steamer Mercedes. 5,612.

To Hamburg—Jan. 28—Steamer Edenmore, 559.

New Orleans—To Liverpool—Jan. 23—Steamer American, 2,932....
Jan. 24—Steamer City of Lincoln, 6,706...Jan. 26—Steamer Caribbean, 2,400...Jan. 27—Steamers Murciano, —; Niceto, —; Serra.

To Havre—Jan. 24—Steamer Ardanbahn, 2,850...Jan. 29—Steamer Moonstone, 4,420.

To Bremen—Jan. 26—Steamer Viola, 4,611.

To Hamburg—Jan. 27—Steamer Galicia, 2,491.

Mobile—To Liverpool—Jan. 24—Steamer Palentino, 6,415...Jan. 28—Steamer Aureita, 6,693.

Savannah—To Bremen—Jan. 24—Steamer Bedruth, 6,906.

To Barcelona—Jan. 28—Steamer Gardenia, 5,352.

Charleston—To Liverpool—Jan. 23—Steamer Ameriey, 3,662; Picqua, 1,500...Jan. 28—Steamer Bretwalda, 8,700...Jan. 29—Steamer Amy, 4,717.

West Point—To Liverpool—Jan. 23—Steamer Aceiba, 3,612.

Boston—To Liverpool—Jan. 23—Steamer Columbian, 3,435...Jan. 21—Steamer Ottomaa, 2,330.....Jan. 26—Steamer Michigan, — To Yarmouth—Jan. 27—Steamer Boston, 409.

To Hamburg—Jan. 27—Steamer Boston, 409.

To Hamburg—Jan. 17—Steamer Boston, 409.

To Hamburg—Jan. 17—Steamer Proceeded.

Parkmore, — ...Jan. 22—Steamer Bede.

To Hamburg—Jan. 17—Steamer Proceeded.

Philadelphia—To Liverpool—Jan. 22—Steamer Bede.

Philadelphia—To Liverpool—Jan. 27—Steamer Boston, 409.

Parkmore, — ...Jan. 22—Steamer Bede.

Philadelphia—To Liverpool—Jan. 27—Steamer Bede.

Philadelphia—To Liverpool—Jan. 27—Steamer British Princess, — ...

Below we give all news received to date of disasters to-vessels carrying cotton from United States ports, &c.

ELSTOW, steamer (Br.), from Norfolk for Bremen, before reported stranded near Nieuwe Diep, has sixteen feet of water in her hold. Forty bales of cotton and eight casks of tobacco have been landed undamaged. The high sea running hinders the work of salvage. LEBO, steamer (Br.), from Baltimore, Jan. 7, for Rotterdsm, went aground off Massalius, Jan. 25, and is expected to become a total loss. A part of her cargo will probably be saved. OSWALD, steamer (Br.), from New Orleans, while entering Belot Basin, at Havre, collided with and damaged above the water line, steamers Alford and Springfield, from New Orleans.

Octton freights the past week have been as follows:

	Satur.	Mon.	Tues.	Wednes.	Thurs.	Pri.
Liverpool, steam d.	1164	1164	1124	1184	1164	1164
Do late deliv'y.d.	****	****	****	****		
Havre, steam c.	1132 @ 38	11327038	11327038	1132@38	1122 7 38	1135 @ 38
Do sailc.						
Bremen, steam c.	1132	1132	1132	1132	1132	1132
Do indirect.c.		****	****	****		****
Hamburg, steam.c.	38	38	38	38	38	38
Do via indirect.c.						
Amst'd'm, steam.c.	40*	40*	40*	40*	40*	40*
Do indirect d.						
Reval, steamd.	1564-1764	1564-1764	1564-1764	1564-1764	1364-1764	1584 1784
Do sail d.	****					
Barcelona, steam d.	516	516	516	518	616	516
Genoa, steamd.	316	316	316	316	316	316
Trieste, steam d.	14	14	14	14	14	14
Antwerp, steam d.	18	18	18	18	18	18

LIVERPOOL.—By cable from Liverpool we have the following statement of the week's sales, stocks, &c., at that port.

11803 E - 1 P - 1	Jan. 9.	Jan. 16.	Jan. 23.	Jan. 30.
Bales of the weekbales	78,000	90,000	46,000	43,000
Of which exporters took	3,000	3,000	3,000	2,000
Of which speculators took	7.000			5,000
Bales American	60,000			35,000
Actual export	14,000	11,000		4,000
Forwarded	99,000	95,000		86,000
Total stock—Estimated	942,000	938,000	910,000	956,000
Of which American—Estim'd	653,000		646,000	668,000
Total import of the week	147,000		106,000	106,000
Of which American	126,000	84.000	79,000	95,000
Amount afloat	210,000		255,000	285,000
Of which American	200,000		245,000	275,000

The tone of the Liverpool market for spots and futures each day of the week ending Jan. 23, and the daily closing prices of spot cotton. have been as follows:

Spot.	Saturday	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes.	Thursd'y.	Friday.
Market, }	Quiet.	Dull and irregular.	Flat and irregular.	Pressed for sale.	Moderate demand.	Dull.
Mil.Upl'ds.	518	518	518	5118	5118	5116
Bales Spec. & exp.	5,000 500	8,000 1,000	6,000 500	10,000	8,000 500	8,000 1,000
Futures. Market, 1:45 P. M.	Quiet at 1-84 de- cline.	Steady.	Easy at partially 1-64 dec.	Easy at 2-64 de- cline.	Steady at partially 1-64 adv.	Firm at 1-64@2-64 advance.
Market,	Barely	Very steady.	Steady.	Weak.	Firm.	Quiet.

The opening, highest, lowest and closing prices of futures at Liverpool for each day are given below. Prices are on the basis of Uplands, Low Middling clause, unless otherwise stated: The prices are given in pence and 64th. Thus: 463 means 463-64d., and 501 means 51-64d.

	Sa	Sat., Jan. 24.				on., .	lan.	26.	Tues., Jan. 27.			
1	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	ā.
January	5 04	5 05	5 04	5 05	5 03	5 04	5 03	5 04	5 02	5 03	5 02	5 03
JanFeb	5 04	5 05	5 04	5 05	5 03	5 04	5 03	5 04	5 02	5 03	5 02	5 03
FebMarch.	5 05	5 05	5 05	5 05	5 04	5 05	5 04	5 05	5 03	5 03	5 03	5 03
Mch April	5 08	5 09	5 08	5 09	5 07	5 08	5 07	5 08	5 06	5 07	5 06	5 07
April-May	5 11	5 12	5 11	5 12	5 10	5 12	5 10	5 12	5 10	5 10	5 10	5 10
May-June	5 14	5 15	5 14	5 15	5 13	5 15	5 13	5 15	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 13
June-July	5 16	5 17	5 16	5 17	5 15	5 17	5 15	5 17	5 15	5 15	5 15	5 15
July-Aug	5 18	5 18	5 18	5 18	5 17	5 18	5 17	5 18	5 16	5 17	5 16	5 16
August	5 19	5 19	5 19	5 19	5 18	5 19	5 18	5 19	5 17	5 18	5 17	5 18
AugSept		5 17	5 16	5 17	5 15	5 17	5 15	5 17	5 15	5 16	5 15	5 16
SeptOct			5 13	5 13	5 12	5 13	5 12	5 13	5 12	5 13	5 12	5 13
OctNov		5 10	1	5 10	5 09	5 10	5 09	5 10	5 10	5 10	5 10	510

	W	ed., J	an.	28.	Thu	Thurs., Jan. 29.				Fri., Jan. 30.			
	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	Open	High	Low.	Clos.	
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	
January	4 62	4 63	4 62	4 62	4 63	5 01	4 63	5 01	5 01	5 01	5 00	5 01	
JanFeb	4 62	4 63	4 62	4 62	4 63	5 01	4 68	5 01	5 01	5 01	5 00	5 01	
FebMarch.	4 63	4 63	4 62	4 63	5 00	5 01	5 00	5 01	5 01	5 02	5 00	5 01	
Mch April	5 02	5 03	5 02	5 02	5 03	5 05	5 03	5 05	5 04	5 05	5 04	5 04	
April-May	5 06	5 06	5 05	5 06	5 08	5 08	5 03	5 08	5 08	5 08	5 07	5 08	
May-June	5 09	5 09	5 08	5 09	5 09	5 11	5 09	5 11	5 11	5 11	5 10	5 11	
June-July	5 11	5 11	5 10	5 11	5 11	5 13	5 11	5 13	5 13	5 13	5 12	5 13	
July-Aug	5 13	5 13	5 12	5 12	5 18	5 14	5 13	5 14	5 14	5 15	5 14	5 14	
Angust		5 14	5 13	5 13	5 14	5 16	5 14	5 16	5 15	5 16	5 15	5 15	
AugSept		5 12	5 11	5 11	5 12	5 13	5 12	5 13	5 13	5 14	5 13	5 13	
SeptOct		5 09	5 09	5 09	5 09	5 10	5 09	5 10	5 10	5 11	5 10	5 11	
OctNov		5 08	5 07	5 08	5 08	5 09	5 08	5 09	5 09	5 10	5 09	5 00	

BREADSTUFFS.

FRIDAY, January 30, 1891.

The market for wheat flour was somewhat depressed early in the week, especially in the better grades. These did not appear to be wanted and showed weakness in values, although relatively cheaper than low grades, which have been sustained by a moderate export demand. Latterly, however, the

whole market has improved in the volume of business, and prices have gained in strength and steadiness, in sympathy with the advance in wheat. To-day the m-rket relapsed into duloess, and in the end our quotations show little change.

The wheat market reflects a sharp advance in values, and at times reflected great speculative activity in futures. The impression has been gaining ground that the quantity of wheat of the last crop available to meet prospective demands has been somewhat over-estimated, or that at least the current consumption has been under-estimated, as it usually is when the coarser grains rule high. At any rate, between this idea and better foreign advices, with some export demand, prices made a smart advance, on large buying from the shorts to cover contracts. At first the improvement was limited to the winter and spring months, but gradually the next crop began to move upward. To-day foreign advices did not keep pace with our advance, and under selling to realize part of the late advance was lost.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF MO. 2 RED WINTER WHEAT.

DAILY CLOSING PRICE	CES	OF NO. 2	RED Tues.		WHEAT.	Pri.
February delivery 103	5	1063	106%	10758	1094	10918
March deliveryc. 104	434	10634	1063	1075	1094	10918
May delivery	234	10458	10438	104%	1061	10618
June delivery		10238	10238	10234	104	10378
July delivery 9'	7	9834	985	9878	1004	9958
	119	9618	9578	955	97	9619
	63	9838	9818	98	9919	9878

Indian corn has been in light supply at all points, and a very moderate demand has been sufficient to force up prices to the highest figures of the season. To-day the market was dull, and part of yesterday's advance was lost. New No. 2 mixed sold at 6234@6314c. in elevator.

DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF NO. 2 MIXED CORN.

	Sat.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thurs.	Fri.
February delivery c.	6019	6113	61 4	6178	6218	6112
March delivery	594	6058		6058	614	6019
May delivery	5858	5958	59	5938	3978	5914
July delivery		****	5918	5938	5934	5914
				-		

Oats, though only moderately active, advanced in price, partly from scarcity and partly from sympathy with the improvement in wheat and corn. To-day the market was dull and prices reacted towards lower figures.

 DAILY CLOSING PRICES OF RO. 2 MIXED OAT

 Sat.
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 Wed.

 February delivery.
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 5 Thurs. 5214 52

Rye has been dull and our figures are wholly nominal. Barley has been dull and drooping; our figures are somewhat reduced. Buckwheat is scarce and again dearer.

The following are closing quotations for wheat flour in barrels. (Corresponding grades in sacks sell slightly below these figures):

Fine 18 bbl.	\$29	0 28	3 25	Patent, winter	34	9078	85 20
Superfine	33	50	3 60	City shipping, extras.	5	100	5 20
Extra. No. 2	36	50	3 75	Rye flour, superfine			4 40
Extra. No. 1	38	00	4 25	Fine	3	250	350
Clears				Corn meal-			
Straights	45	00	4 85	Western, &c	2	750	3 00
Patent, spring	5 0	00	5 50	Brandy wine	-	-0	3 25
Buckwheat flour, per	100	lbs.,	2 40	@2 50.			
			GI	RAIN.			
Wheat-	C.		C.	Corn, per bush.—		_	

			G	HAIN.			
Wheat-	C.		C.	Corn, per bush			
Spring, per bush	92	21	15	West'n mixed new.	61	0	6419
Red winter No. 2 1	09	21	10	W'n mix. No.2. new	623	10	64
Red winter	85	01	12	West'n yellow new.	61	0	6419
White 1	00	01	10	Western white new.	61	0	644
Rye-							
Western, per bush.,	73	0	78	Oats-Mixed 18 bu.	51	0	534
	75	0	80	White	52	0	60
Barley, Western	76	0	82	No. 2 mixed	52	0	53
	85	0	94	No. 2 white	534	17	54
	80	40	90	Buckwheat, per bush	66	à	68

The movement of breadstuffs to market is indicated in the The movement of oreastums to market is indicated in the statement below, prepared by us from the figures of the New York Produce Exchange. We first give the receipts at Western lake and river ports, arranged so as to present the comparative movement for the week ending Jan. 24, 1891, and since August 1, for each of the last three years:

Receipts at-	Flour.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Barley.	Rpe.
	Bbls.198lbs	Bush.60 lbs	Bush.56 lbs	Bush.32 lbs	Bush.48 to	Bu. 56 lbs
Chicago	78,132	143 315	539,134	897,669	809,519	51 877
Milwaukee	69,384	47,781	23,580	102,000	215,600	48,408
Duluth		64,260				
Minneapolis.		911,590			*****	
Poledo	909	15,546	36 935	526	1,100	988
Detroit	2,394	24,034	27,467	17,837	17,203	
Cleveland	11,926	71,900	33,139	57,600	39	1,400
3t. Louis	22,979	70,947	216,785	148.205	57,850	2,200
Peoria	3,750	18,000	249,800	241,000	31,2 ×	2,200
Tot.wk. '91.	189,474	1,400,376	1,153,630	1,464.836	632,505	102,053
3ame wk.'90.	221,515	1,072,687	3,115,951	1,173,722	559,418	100,453
3ame wk.'89.	128,039	739,132			619,655	45,897
Since Aug. 1.						40 3
1890-91	5,751,687	69,923 369	47,133,808	50,531,088	22,687,643	2,669,953
1989-90	6,270,132	83,610,707	80,739,839	45,389,707	16,959,320	8,975,498
1888-99	5,041,398	63,253,898	61,704,638	46,789,393	18,729,781	3,786,783

Below are the rail shipments of flour and grain from

	Western lake and river				
	Wee.	k	1890. Week	1889. Week	1888. Week
	Flour bbls. 353,2		Jan. 25. 319,717	Jan. 26. 259,264	Jan. 27. 284,686
	Wheat bush. 671,6 Corn 1,007.8		372,782 3,896,647	493,352 764,091	451,364 671,892
	Oats	93	1,331,804 347,896	666,295 350,658	718,638 245,013
	Rye 96,4	51	82,034	52,594	43,281
,	Total 3 177.6	08	6.031.213	2.326.990	2.130.1 88

A

The receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the receipts of flour and grain at the seaboard ports for the

At-	Flour,	Wheat,	Corn,	Oals,	Barley,	Rye,
New York	125,740	127,200	135,200	282,000	123,900	170
Boston	33,220	4,625	130,815	59,850	9,760	1,500
Montreal	5,111	76,857	******	42,575	22,177	
Philadelphia	11,699	15,357	36,875	40,315		
Baltimore	64,469	8,710	76,272	18,000		13,511
Richmond		6,800	9,904	8,111	*****	538
New Orleans	11,890	4,000	109,997	17,085	******	•••••
Makel mark	050 000	040 540	400 000	407 020	155 007	15.710

Total week. 258,929 243,549 499,063 467,936 155,837 15,719 Cor. week '90. 273,454 280,095 3,965,064 1,026,332 122,160 57,775 The exports from the several seaboard ports for the week ending Jan. 24, 1891, are shown in the annexed statement:

from-	Wheat.	Corn.	Flour.	Oats.	Rye.	Peas.
	Bush.	Bush.	Bbls.	Bush.	Bush.	Bush.
New York	126,654	186,086	74,689	3.479		6,605
Boston		500	26,874	1,585		-,
Portland.	13,810		******			6,185
Montreal.						
Philadel .			3,571			
Baltim're	126,031	82,929	38,682			500
N. Orl'ns.	48,654		705	18		
N. News	8,000		4,900			
Richm'd .						******
Tot.week.	323,139	300,100	149,421	5,082		13,290
8'me time 1890	195.264	1.601.076	175,104	540,697	1.128	86.697

The visible supply of grain, comprising the stocks in granary at the principal points of accumulation at lake and seaboard ports, and in transit by water, Jan. 24, 1891:

In store at-	Wheat,	Corn,	Oats,	Rye,	Barley,
New York	1,503,336		1,456,017	18,500	243,641
Do afloat	48,000	8,300	12,000	8,000	61,300
Albany		65,600	97,300	18,500	45,400
Buffalo	1,399,459	178.647	217,323		1,001,525
Do afloat	142,000				
Chicago	6,540,563	284,917	415,389	150,401	263,293
Do afloat	104,855	204,017	50,573	100,101	
Milwaukee	711,381		5,764	62,469	451,624
Duluth	3,602,610	171	938	02,100	3,573
Toledo	845,486	174,133	23,590	21,248	0,010
Detroit	240,462	27,472	10,331	3,207	290,494
Oswego*	55,000	80,000		3,207	380,000
St. Louis	1,529,527	696,090	259,656		119,114
Cincinnati	10,000	2,000	64,000		188.000
Boston	22,034	105,658	148,867	15,534	45.545
Toronto	106,198	100,000	145,007	10,004	96,937
Montreal	276,680	12,224	176,158	25,555	
Philadelphia	159,229	41,592	145,262	20,000	35,625
Peoria	28,351	159,281	150.431	35,773	40 500
Indiananalia				33,773	46,583
Indianapolis	162,330	109,959	12,000		******
Kansas City	230,399	26,919	89,213	957	••••••
Baltimore	452,469	164,454	110,068	22,186	******
Minneapolis	6,040,364	2,810	*******	*******	619
On Mississippi	44,700	165	*******	******	
On canal & river.	7,800	24,900	30,200		108,200
Tot Ion 94 '01	04 962 922	9 675 495	9 478 000	410 100	991 479

^{*} Oswego-Last week's stocks, this week's not received.

THE DRY GOODS TRADE.

13,227,609 8,120,300 7,134,733 5,510,335

NEW YORK, Friday P. M., January 30, 1891.

Business in the wholesale branches of the dry goods trade was spasmodic and irregular the past week, fairly active days having been followed by others of comparative quiet. Operations by package buyers on the spot were conducted with a good deal of conservatism, and re-orders from the interior were barely up to expectations, considering the favorable trade outlook reported by distributers in the West and Southwest. Accounts from some sections of the South were rather depressing-holders of cotton being reluctant sellers of the staple at present prices having caused a monetary stringency which has led to more difficult collections, and a quiet condition of trade in some markets. More encouraging reports in regard to the situation at such points as New Orleans, reports in regard to the situation at such points as new Orleans, Galveston and Mobile have, however, been received within the last few days, and it now seems apparent that a fair average spring trade will be done by commission merchants and jobbers in this city, though no boom is expected or desired by the most experienced merchants.

Domestic Woolen Goods.—Although wholesale clothiers were somewhat cautious in their purchases, there was a considerable business in heavy woolens for men's wear the past week. The character of the demand has not materially changed and prices remain steady. Low-grade cassimeres were relatively more active than the finer grades, but the latter were by no means neglected. Heavy piece-dyed worsted suitings continued in fair request and firm in price. Kerseys were in good demand, as were cotton-warp and all-wool beavers, and there was a fair business in rough-faced overcoatings for prompt and future delivery. Staple cloakings were in fair request, and stockinets continued quiet and steady. Soft wool and worsted dress goods (for ladies' wear) were fairly active in movement and demand, and prices ruled firm all along the line. Carpets were in pretty good demand, and there was a light business in satinets, doeskin jeans, flannels and blankets at unchanged prices. DOMESTIC WOOLEN GOODS.—Although wholesale clothiers

DOMESTIC COTTON GOODS.—The exports of cotton goods from this port for the week ending Jan. 27 were 2,922 packages, valued at \$157,954, their destination being to the points specified in the table below:

		1891.		1890.
NEW YORK TO JAN. 27.	Week.	Since Jan. 1.	Week.	Since Jan. 1
Great BritainOther European	38	363 76	102 24	379 78
China	300	8,696 1,793 670	111 226 405	2,482 1,212 805
Africa	359	134	272	18
Mexico	21 82 719	141 660 2.642	68 241 934	143 461 2,127
Other countries	46	112	177	268
* China, via Vancouver	2,922 5,900	16,801 5,900	2,530	9,244 1,200
Total	8,822	22,701	2,560	10,444

^{*} From New England mill points direct.

The value of the New York exports since January 1 have been \$921,691 in 1891, against \$510,708 in 1890.

The demand for staple plain and colored cottons at first hands was chiefly of a hand-to-mouth character, but transactions were numerous and reached a fair aggregate amount. The jobbing trade was only moderate, but a fair package business was done by a few of the large jobbers. Prices ruled steady all along the line, and some makes of brown cottons adapted for conversion purposes have advanced from \$24 to 5. steady all along the line, and some makes of brown cottons adapted for conversion purposes have advanced from 2½ to 5 per cent. Bleached cottons were rather less active, because buyers of leading makes are pretty well supplied for the present, and there was an irregular demand for colored cottons. Woolen "wash" dress fabrics were in good demand by jobbers and retailers, and there was a moderate business in prints and other printed dress fabrics. Print cloths continued in fair demand and firm on the basis of 3c, for 64x64 "spots" and "near futures" and 2 9-16c. for 56x60s.

	1891.	1890.	1889.
	Jan. 24.	Jan. 25.	Jan. 26.
feld by Providence manufers	321,000	294,000	None.
Fall River manufacturers	466,000	15,000	None.
Providence speculators	None.	None.	None.
Outside speculators (est)	None.	3,000	None.
Total stock (pleces)	787.000	312.600	None.

FOREIGN DRY GOODS were mostly quiet in the hands of importers and jobbers, but there was a fair demand for a few specialties, such as fancy and staple dress fabrics, which were distributed with considerable freedom. The public offerings of imported goods were of no special importance, and values are practically unchanged.

Importations of Dry Goods.

The importations of dry goods at this port for the week ending Jan. 29, 1891, and since Jan. 1, and the same facts for the corresponding periods of last year are as follows:

Jan. 30, 1890. Since	Jan.	Week Ending Jan. 30, 1890.		Since Jan. 1, 1890. Week Ending	Jan. 29,		Since Jan. 1	Since Jan. 1, 1891.
	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.	Pkgs.	Value.
Manufactures of-		- 4		30		-		99
W001			8,155	3,107,439	1,425		5,407	2,228,676
Silk	2.755	1 356 985	9.809	4.779.741	1,000		7,102	3,101,180
Flax	_		7.901	1,442,863	1.514		8.452	1.398.584
	17,840		25,006	1,120,155	3,281	292,612	70,850	1,452,006
Total	24,536	24,536 2,761,588	61.228	13,031,525	8,951	2,146,419	99,599	10,778,161
A	VITHDRA	WITHDRAWN FROM	WAREHOUSE	E AND THROWN INTO	WN INTO	THE MARKET	BT.	8
Wanufactures of—	_		4 300	1 790 808	n n	577 041	4 690	1 091 404
Cotton		107,061	2,465	659,803			3,473	1.043.169
Bilk	_		1,912	700,986		196,256	1,811	879,952
Miscellaneous	1,757	46,231	19,914	245,003	2,512		3,478	158,811
Total	3,707	702,552	30,932	3,759,451	6,171	1,207,672	16,132	4,463,870
Pura tor consumbe	24,000	2,101,000	01,228	13,031,525	8,951	2,146,419	ago'ag	10,778,161
Total on market	28,243	3,464,140	92,160	16,790,976	15,122	3,354,091	115,731	15,242,031
	-	SNTERED FO	B WAREH	ENTERED FOR WAREHOUSE DURING SAME	SAME F	PERIOD.		H
Manufactures of-	920	200 512	4 002	1 540 070		160 000	211	000 500
Cotton	371	86,873	2,421	628,390		157,464	3,363	898,067
Bilk	309	171,934	1,592	759,188		108,6-2	1,642	1,004,241
Miscellaneous	13	137,182	18,018	297,289	139	32,520	936	164,686
Total	15.358	732.012	27.630	3 535 280	1 698	504 441	10.851	3 471 344
Ent'd for consumpt	24.536	2,761,588	61,228	13,031,525	8,951	2,146,419	99,599	10,778,161
	,					-	110 450	14 040 505

(READY FEBRUARY 10.)

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